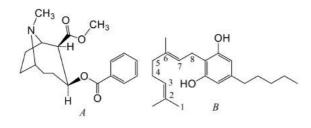
HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE

1.	Cannabis sativa is the sou	irce of		
	a) Opium	b) LSD	c) Marijuana	d) cocaine
2.	Which of the following is	a pair of bacterial diseases	?	
	a) Typhoid and Pneumor	nia	b) Malaria and AIDS	
	c) Ringworm and AIDS		d) Cold and Malaria	
3.	Which of the following is	a protozoan disease?		
	a) Malaria	b) Amoebiasis	c) Sleeping sickness	d) All of these
4.	Antibody is connected wi	th		
	a) Skeletal system	b) Circulatory system	c) Immune system	d) Respiratory system
5.	Which of the following va	ccines are injected to babie	es at age of $1\frac{1}{2}$, $2\frac{1}{2}$ and $3\frac{1}{2}$	months?
	a) DPT-Hib and polio		b) Polio and BCG	
	c) BCG and DPT-Hib		d) BCG and hepatitis-B	
6.	Interferons protect healt	hy cells in human from		
	a) Viral infection	b) Bacterial infection	c) Fungal infection	d) Protozoan infection
7.	During an allergic reaction	n, the binding of antigens t	o IgE antibodies initiates a	response, in which
	chemicals cause the dilat	ion of blood vessels and a h	ost of other physiological o	changes. Such chemicals are
	a) Interferons	b) Hormones	c) Histamines	d) acetylamine
8.	Colostrum provides the i	nfant with		
	a) Autoimmunity	b) Passive immunity	c) Active immunity	d) Innate immunity
9.	Which class of antibodies	is abundant in body secret	ion	
	a) IgM	b) IgA	c) IgG	d) IgE
10.	Which of the following ce	lls are related with inflamn	natory reactions and imme	diate hypersensitivity?
	a) Mast cells	b) Plasma cells	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) All of these
11.	ELISA is used to detect v	iruses, where the key reage	ent is	
	a) DNA probe		b) RNA Aase	
	c) Alkaline phosphatase		d) Catalase	
12.		ealth disorder includes sym	ptoms of fever, chills, coug	h, headache, gray or bluish
	lips and finger's nails?			
	a) Filariasis	b) Typhoid	c) Pneumonia	d) Malaria
13.		id organ where all blood ce	4 P. P. M. A. M.	
	a) Bone marrow	b) Tonsils	c) Liver	d) Spleen
14.		to manifest a characteristi	의 발표하는 이 경기에 있는 기계에 가득하는 것이다. 이 전에 의료를 보면 되었다면 하면 보면 되었다. 그런 보다 보다 보다 보다 보다 되었다. 	al syndrome on abrupt
		r dose of drugs/alcohol is c		
	a) Depression	b) Dependence	c) Abnormalty	d) All of these
15.		consider the following state		
		ole for common cold which	infects the nasal epitheliun	n and respiratory passage
	but not the lungs	and the second of the Parking State (1921). State (1921) and the Space (Constitution of the African Special Constitution of the Constituti	
		non cold included nasal co	ngestion and discharge, sor	e throat, gruffiness, cough,
	headache and tiredness	go go go go		
		iven above is/are correct?	4 - 4 -	X X 9
	a) Only I	b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these

16.	Mast cells have	e importar	nt role in the development	of	
	a) Allergens	•	b) Allergy	c) Inflammation	d) Both (b) and (c)
17.		ollowing is	related to humoral immu		, , , , , ,
	a) T-lymphocy		b) B- lymphocyte	c) I- lymphocyte	d) P- lymphocyte
18.	Note the follow		10 (15): A (15):	, , , ,	, , , ,
	I. Skin	II. Phago			
	III.B-cells	IV. Inflan	T		
	V. Antibodies				
	VII. Fever		imicrobial proteins		
	IX. NK-cells	X. Secret			
	Identify the fac	ctors invol	lved in second line of defer	ice.	
	a) II, IV, VII an		b) II, III, V and IX	c) IV, VI, VIII and X	d) III, V, VII and VIII
19.	BCG vaccine is		5 X0 W		
	a) TB		b) Leprosy	c) Food poisoning	d) None of these
20.	Allergens are		, , ,	, 1 0	
	_	nd increas	sed secretion of IgE	b) Non-infectious and in	creased secretion of IgE
			sed secretion of IgG		creased secretion of IgM
21.				reduceB delivery to the	
	Here A and B r		•	·	
	a) A-carbon di	oxide; B-c	arbon monoxide	b) A-carbon dioxide; B-c	oxygen
	c) A-carbon m			d) A-oxygen; B-carbon n	
22.	8		nphocytes is mammals?	150 5.53 R	
	a) They scaver	nge damag	ged cells and cellular debris	5	
	b) These are p	roduced in	n thyroid		
	c) There are th	ree main	types-cyctotoxic T-cells, he	elper T-cells and suppresso	or T-cells
	d) These origin	nate in lyn	nphoid tissues	2 22	
23.	The thymus is	a lobed or	gan located near theA	and beneath theB The	e most appropriate
	combination fo	or A and B	is		
	a) A-heart; B-b	reast bon	e	b) A-liver; B-ribs	
	c) A-heart; B-r	ibs		d) A-intestine; B-ribs	
24.	Exotoxins are	related wi	th		
	a) Tetanus		b) Diphtheria	c) Cancer	d) Both (a) and (b)
25.	Bacterium, wh	ich is cond	cerned with pertussis is		
	a) <i>Bordetella</i> p	pertussis		b) Bacillus	
	c) Diplococcus	5		d) Mycobacterium tubel	rculum
26.	Entamoeba hi	stolytica	is causes		
	a) Malaria		b) Amoebiasis	c) Typhoid	d) Filariasis
27.	Consider the fo	ollowing s	tatements		
	I. Neural system	m and end	locrine system influences o	our immune system	
	II. Immune sys	tem main	tains our health		
	Which of the st	tatement ((s) given above is/are corr		
	a) Only I		b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these
28.	Electrocardiog		**************************************		
	a) Hans Berger	r	b) Willem Kolff	c) Willen Einthoven	d) Wilhelm Roentgen
29.			nclude lymphatic organs?		
	a) Thymus, lyn	(T)		b) Liver, spleen and thy	
	c) Tonsils, Pey		es and liver	d) Thymus, liver and tor	nsils
30.	Secondary met	tabolite is			
	a) Sugar		b) Glucose	c) Antibiotics	d) All of these
21	Identify the me	alaculae A	and P given below and col	act the right option giving	thair use and source



M	olecule	Use	Source	e
a)	A- Morphii e	Seda ve ar pain killer	d pop	
b)	B- Cannabi oid	Prod in -t mari -ana	bell	opa ladon
c)	C-Heroi	n Prod -es hallu - natio	sati ci	nabis iva
d)	D- Cocaine	Acce rates the trans -ort of dopa -ine	-ylu coc sp	

32. By recombinant DNA technology, vaccines have been produced on large scale, *e. g.*, hepatitis-B vaccine is produced from yeast

The above paragraph is

a) True

- b) False
- c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b)
- d) Neither (a) nor (b)
- 33. What is injected into the patient's body the determining the cause of allergy?
 - a) Pure allergen to which the patient is allergic
 - b) IgG
 - c) IgE
 - d) Steroids
- 34. 'Tunnel vision' is associated with.
 - a) Alcoholism
- b) Smoking
- c) Drug addiction
- d) epilepsy
- 35. Which of the following is not a part of secondary lymphatic system?
 - a) Spleen
- b) Lymph nodes
- c) Tonsils
- d) Thymus
- 36. Which of the following toxic substances is responsible for the high malarial fever?
 - a) Haemoglobin
- b) Haemocyanin
- c) Haemozoin
- d) Haemoriden

- 37. Bambykol or gyplure is a
 - a) Drug
- b) Harmone
- c) Antibiotic
- d) pheromone
- 38. A chemical substance produce produced by a microorganism for inhibiting the growth of another is





	a) Antibody	b) Antibiotic	c) Aflatoxin		d) Antiallergic
39.	Carcinoma refers to				
	a) Malignant tumour of the	he colon			
	b) Benign tumour of the				
	c) Malignant tumour of the	he connective tissue			
	d) Malignant tumour of the	he skin or mucous membra	ane		
40.	Who among the following	g is recognized as the fathe	r of immunology?		
	a) Robert Koch	b) Ferdinand Kohn	c) Edward Jenn	er	d) Louis Pasteur
41.	Heroin is a				
	 a) Diacetyl morphine 	b) Morphine	c) Hemp		d) Stimulant
42.	Monoclonal antibodies ar	re used for			
		or kidney transplantation			
	b) Growth induction				
	c) Suppression of sympto				
	d) Treatment of breast ca				
43.		e that exists prior to the ex			
	a) Acquired immunity	b) Passive immunity	c) Innate immu	nity	d) Active immunity
44.	Cancer of the internal org	gans is detected by			
	a) Radiography		b) Computed to		/
	c) Magnetic resonance in	naging	d) All of the abo	ve	
45.	Full form PMNL is	: KINDON KANDAN			
	a) Poly Morpho-nuclear I				
	b) Para Morpho-nuclear				
	c) Penta Morpho-nuclear	- Darling to the Control of the Cont			
	d) Poly Morpho-nuclear I				
46.		t to include yellow fruits, o	arrots and butter	in his diet	. What deficiency disease
	do you think the patient i	s suffering from?			
	a) Night blindness		b) Colour blinds		
47	c) Kwashiorkor diseases		d) Marasmus di	sease	
47.	Which one of the following	ig is correctly matched?	L) II	V-11 f	
	a) Body louse - Typhoid		b) House fly -		/er
10	c) Anopheles - MalariaTo which type of barriers	under innete immunitu?	d) Aedes -	Plague	
40.	- Anna Caraca and Cara	a v a an an an a	nge?		
	a) Cytokine barriers	he tears from the eyes belo	b) Cellular barri	ore	
	c) Physiological barriers		d) physical barr		
4.9		person walks clumsily beca			
т).	a) Cerebellum	person walks clumsily beca	b) Cerebrum	nects ms	
	c) Medulla oblongata		d) Spinal cord		
50	- [인터 - BC ~ BC BC BC BC BC - BC	or proliferation of cells wi		tiation is	called
50.	a) Cancer	b) AIDS	c) Filariasis	dadon is	d) None of these
51	AIDS virus is also known		c) Tharlasis		a) None of these
51.	a) HIV	b) HTL V-III	c) LAV		d) All of these
52	- 315 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	nich bind to specific opioid		in our	a) fill of these
02.	a) Central nervous system		b) Gastrointesti		
	c) Both (a) and (b)	550	d) Urinogenital		
53.		n pairs is not correctly mat		2,500111	
	a) Streptomyces - Antib		b) <i>Serratia</i>	- Drug A	ddiction
	5	cell protein	d) <i>Rhizobium</i>	- Biofer	
54.	Cocaine is obtained from				

	a) Erythroxylum coca	b) Cannabis sativa	c) <i>Datura</i>	d) Opium plant	
55.	How many variable segm	ents are present in the bas	ic structure of an	tibody molecules?	
	a) One	b) Two	c) Three	d) Four	
56.	The incubation period for	r hepatitis-B virus is			
	a) 15-20 days	b) 30-180 days	c) 42-56 days	d) One weak	
57.	Main barrier which preve	ents the entry of disease's c	ausing organism	in our body is	
	a) Skin	b) Saliva	c) Lymphocyte	s d) Interferons	
58.	The primary host of Plas.	<i>modium</i> is			
	a) Man	b) Male <i>Culex</i>	c) sheep	d) Female Anophe	les
59.	An example of gene thera	apy is			
	a) Production of injectab	le hepatitis-B vaccine			
	b) Production of vaccines	s in food crops like potatoes	s which can be ea	ten	
	The contract of the contract o			g from Severe Combined Immu	ino
	Deficiency(SCID)				
		e babies by artificial insemi	nation and impla	intation of fertilized eggs	
60.		hich do not appear in MRI 1		95	
	a) Molar teeth and eye le	20 miles - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	b) Scapula and	canines	
	c) Ligaments and ribs		d) Tendons and		
61.		sider the following statem	ents	00 • H977049-03, No. 200, 0370-0370	
				us, bacterium, fungus that caus	ses
	disease in its host				
	II. These pathogens mult	iply in our body and interfe	ere with the norm	al vital activities, resulting in	
	morphological and functi			ent sense i trimonet e se contra de tre e encotar sont derete a esta sont de la centra data treva en encotar s	
		atement (s) is/are correct?)		
	a) Only I	b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these	
62.	Which one the following	statements is false?			
	a) Psychoactive drugs ha	ve the ability to alter the	b) Adolescence	is marked by accelerated phys	sical
	activity of the nervous	system	growth, dev	elopment of reproductive orga	ns and
			changes in f	unctioning of the neuroendocr	ine
			system		
	 c) Hallucinogen can alter and perceptions 	a person's thoughts, feelin	g d) Mescaline is	a stimulant	
63.	Active immunity develop	ment is related to			
	a) Natural killer cells	b) Memory cells	c) Helper T-cel	ls d) Suppressor T-ce	ells
64.	Housefly is a vector of		-JP	.,,	
	a) Amoebiasis	b) Swine flu	c) Filariasis	d) Dengue	
65.	7-12-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	re considered as cellular ba			
	a) Lymphocytes	b) Neutrophils	c) Macrophage		
66.		was given for confirming t		950	
	a) Nephritis	b) Rhinitis	c) Bronchitis	d) Peptic ulcer	
67.	15 (7)	n allergy is due to the relea	se of from th		
	a) Antigen	b) Antibody	c) Histamine	d) None of these	
68.	Consider the following st	atements. Health is a comb	ination of	:5%	
	I. complete physical healt				
	II. mental health				
	III. social health				
	Which of the statements	given above are correct?			
	a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III	
69.	Yersinia pestis is respons	f .			
	a) Syphilis		c) Plague	d) Leprosy	

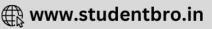
70.	Modern lifestyle is respon	sible for		
	a) Lowering of immunity		b) More sensitivity of alle	ergens
	c) Both (a) and (b)		d) None of the above	
71.	Products from plants like	Datura sp. are		
	a) Hallucinogen	b) Stimulants	c) Sedatives	d) Pain killers
72.	The 'Christmas disease' pa			
	a) Homogentisic acid oxid		b) Factor-VIII	
	c) Factor-XI	use	d) Factor-IX	
73	Acquired immunity is due	to	u) ractor-ix	
73.	a) Physiological and infla		h) Lymphocytes	
	c) Erythrocytes	illiatory barriers	b) Lymphocytesd) NK-cells	
74	The human immune syste	m consists of	u) NK-cells	
/4.			a) Antibadias	d) All of those
75	a) Lymphoid organs	b) Immune cells	c) Antibodies	d) All of these
75.	AIDS day is	13.4 D	N.1.T	D 1 I
5	a) 1 May	b) 1 December	c) 1 June	d) 1 January
76.	IgA, IgM, IgE and IgG are t		211 11:	D. I
	a) Antigen	b) Antibody	c) Haemoglobin	d) Lymphocytes
77.	A new born baby who rec	ammania (1995) (1997) (s milk develops	
	a) Naturally acquired acti			
	b) Artificially acquired act	40 mm - 1		
	c) Naturally acquired pas	1.50		
	d) Artificially acquired pa		5 WARE 500	
78.		151 15	ndrome (AIDS) parasitizes	
	a) B-cells	b) Cytotoxic cells	c) Helper T-cells	d) Lymph nodes
79.	Antigen binding site in an	antibody is found between	1	
	a) Two light chains			
	b) Two heavy chains			
	c) One heavy and one ligh	t chain		
	d) Either between two lig	ht chains or between one h	eavy and one light chain de	epending upon the nature
	of antigen			
80.	The flower tops, leaves an	d the resin of Cannabis so	<i>itiva</i> are used to produce	
	a) Marijuana	b) Hashish	c) Charas	d) All of these
81.	Chagas disease is caused l	ру		
	a) Trypanosoma gambiei	nse	b) Plasmodium sp.	
	c) Trypanosome cruzi		d) Treponema pallidum	
82.	Dipsomania is			
	a) A type of depression		b) Insanity due to psycho	sis
	c) Severe addiction to alco	ohol	d) Tendency to take much	n water
83.	Cells obtained from cance	rous tumours are known a	as	
	a) Hybridomas	b) Myelomas	c) Lymphocytes	d) Monoclonal cells
84.	Consider the following sta	itements		
	I. Opioids are the drugs, w	hich bind to opioid recept	ors in the central nervous s	system and gastrointestinal
	tract			
	II. Heroin is a white, odou	rless, bitter, crystalline cor	npound	
	III. Heroin is commonly ca		20	
	Which of the statements g			
	a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
85.		0.004-40-0040-0040-0040-0040	ntain structure of immuno	
	a) P	b) Fe	c) S	d) Ca
86.	In the cell mediated immu	ino response, T-lymphocyt	es divide and secrete	

	a) antigens	b) Plasmogens	c) Collagens	d) cytokines
87.	The smallest known age	nts of infectious diseases a	re	
	a) Viruses	b) Mycoplasma	c) Viroids	d) Actinomycetes
88.	The group of disease car	ried by insects is		
	a) Typhoid, jaundice, dy	sentery	b) Mumps, measles, small	lpox
	c) Scrabies, ringworm, s	carlet fever	d) Malaria, filaria, yellow	fever
89.	The study of body's defe	ence mechanism against pat	hogens and toxic molecules	s is known as
	a) Immunity	b) Immunology	c) Defence	d) Prevention
90.	Which one of the follow	ing is useful in identifying tl	he different strains of a cau	sal microbe of an infectiou
	disease?			
	a) Colchicines		b) Agrobacterium	
	c) Complementary DNA		d) Crystal violet	
91.		ing correctly matches a Sexi		STD) with its pathogen?
	a) AIDS Bacillus		b) Syphilis Trep	
	c) Urethritis En		d) Gonorrhoea Leis	
92.	3	r stung by bee followed by	1 S	
		b) Anaphylactic shock	c) Autoimmunity	d) Sedation
93.	Passive immunity can be		,	,
	a) Antigen	b) Vaccines	c) Antibiotics	d) Antibodies
94.		ing statements is correct?		
0.28829		dergone surgery are given c	cannabinoids to relieve pair	1
		v the property of metastasi		
	c) Heroin accelerates bo		7.	
	d) Malignant tumours m	1558		
95.		tatements best describes th	ne role of reverse transcript	ase?
, ,	a) Synthesis of RNA from		b) Synthesis of DNA from	
	c) Synthesis of DNA from		d) Synthesis of mRNA fro	
96.		has been possible due to th		8 · · · · · · · ·
, ,	a) Use of highly effective		b) Immunization program	ns
	c) Elimination of animal		d) International coopera	
97.			u) momuniona coopera	NAME OF THE PARTY
	a) ELISA	b) Australian antigen	c) HIV test	d) None of these
98	Just as <i>Xenopsylla</i> is to 1		c) test	u) Hone of these
,,,,,	a) Glossina palpalis to V		b) Culex to Plasmodium	falcinarum
	c) Homo sapiens to Tae.		d) <i>Phlebotomus to Leish</i>	
99.	AIDS was first reported		a) i medetemas te Belon	
	a) 1981	b) 1980	c) 1982	d) 1983
100		n defends against viruses a		u) 1700
100	a) Blood	b) Lymph	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
101	. 19.5 (Paggarang Paga	ised due to groundwater co	. [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	a) None of these
101	a) Nitrate	b) Fluoride	c) Arsenic	d) Sulphur
102		nent from the set given belo	18.1 4 (19.70 kHz) 48 (19.70)	u) bulphul
102		ople are taking LSD and oth		and amphetamines
		and seed having hallucinoge	and Frank range — we recombine the billion of the contract of	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
	(27)	given above is/are correct		sed in folk-medicine
	a) Only I	b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these
103	2.77 (* 1789)	known to stimulate the sec		
103	component causing this		renon of autenanne and no	n adicitatine, The
	a) Nicotine	b) Tannic acid	c) Curaimin	d) Heamozoin
104	a) Nicoune - Alcoholism may leads to		cj curallilli	uj Heamozom
1 1 1 1 1	community in the second in			



c) Viral disease a) Skin cancer b) Liver cirrhosis d) Eye infections 105. Triple antigen vaccine is not used for a) Typhoid b) Tetanus c) Diphtheria d) pertussis 106. SCID is caused by defective gene coding for the enzyme called a) Adenosine transaminase b) Guanosine transaminase c) Adenosine deaminase d) Guanosine deaminase 107. Charas and ganja generally taken by a) Inhalation b) Oral ingestion c) Both (a) and (b) d) Injection 108. Rat, carries rat fleas, which are the causal organism of b) Tick fever c) Bubonic plague a) Typhus fever d) Yellow fever 109. Amoebiasis is prevented by b) Eating washed fruits a) Eating balanced food d) Drinking boiled water c) Using mosquito coil 110. Morphine is a) A very effective sedative and pain-killer b) Very useful in patients who have undergone surgery c) both (a) and (b) d) Stimulant 111. The effect of hydrogen sulphide on man leads to which of the following diseases? a) Paralysis b) Blindness c) Sterility d) None of these 112. Vaccination protects a person from disease because it a) Helps in RBC production b) Produces antibodies c) Helps in digestion d) Correct body function 113. Addiction to alcohol causes a) Cirrhosis d) psychosis b) Epilepsy c) Neurosis 114. HIV/AIDS is a contagious disease which is caused by d) Protozoa a) Virus b) Bacteria c) Fungal 115. Antibody molecule has a) Four polypeptide chains b) Five polypeptide chains c) Six polypeptide chains d) Seven polypeptide chains 116. Identify the pictures A, B and C a) A-Opium poppy, B-Cannabis sativa, C-Datura b) A-Cannabis sativa, B-Opium poppy, C-Datura c) A-Datura, B-Opium poppy, C-Cannabis sativa d) A-Opium poppy, B-Datura, C-Cannabis sativa 117. Morphine, obtained from opium, is b) Pome a) Latex c) Alkaloid d) tannin 118. The chemical used in 'National Malaria Eradication Programme' is a) 2, 4-D b) BHC c) DDT d) Pyrethroid 119. Benign tumours I. remain confined to their original location and do not spread to other parts II. cause little damage Which of the statements given above is/are correct? d) None of the above a) Only I b) Only II c) I and II 120. Entamoeba histolytica is a parasite of





a) Large intestine b) Liver c) Lungs d) Kidney 121. Common examples of allergens are a) Dust b) Pollen grains c) Animal dander d) All of these 122. Smack is chemically a ...A... which is white and odourless and crystalline in nature. This is obtained by ...B... . Here A and B refers to a) A-diacetyl morphine; B-acetylation of morphine b) A-morphine; B-acetylation of hashish d) A-hallucinogen; B-acetylation of hashish c) A-stimulant; B-acetylation of morphine 123. The pathogen *Mircosporum* responsible for ringworm disease in humans belongs to a) Virus b) Bacteria c) Fungi d) Protozoa 124. The genes concerned with the production of cancer are called a) Cancer genes b) Carcinogenes c) Carcinomas d) Oncogenes 125. The given below figures show a) A-Cannabinoid; B-Morphine b) A-Morphine; B-Cannabinoid c) A-Morphine; B-Quinine d) A-Quinine; B-Cannabinoid 126. Who stated that human population grows gemoretrically? b) Darwin a) Malthus c) Cannon d) Lamarck 127. Cyclosporin and endosporins are the drugs that are used as a) Anti retroviral drugs b) Immuno-suppressants c) Immuno-modulators d) Immuno-vaccines 128. Emphysema is a a) Cardio vascular disease b) Pulmonary disease c) Neural disease d) renal disease 129. Alpha-interferons a) Activate the immune system b) Help in destroying the tumour c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above 130. Which technique uses the body's water molecules as the bases for its images? a) Sonography b) MRI c) Radioactive traces d) Thermography 131. Antigen binding site of immunoglobulin is b) Variable region of light chain a) Variable region of heavy chain d) Variable region of both heavy and light chain c) Constant region of light chain 132. Amoebiasis infection occurs by ingesting cysts with food and drinks a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 133. The synthetic drugs structually similar to adrenaline are a) Amphetamines b) Barbituratess d) Nicotinic derivatives c) Halluncinogens 134. Antibody production is controlled by a) B-lymphocytes b) T-lymphocytes c) Both (a) and (b) d) Interferon 135. Cannabinoids is obtained from a) Inflorescence of the plant Cannabis sativa b) Fruits of the plant Papaver somniferum

	nt <i>Cannabis sativa</i>		
	somniferum inflorescence		
	ause an allergic reaction is		
a) Allergen	b) Pollen	c) Foreign substance	d) Dander
	hains present in gamma im		13.0
a) 2	b) 4	c) 6	d) 8
138. Kala-azar is cause			
a) <i>Trypanosoma</i> c		b) <i>Leishmania donovai</i>	
c) Trypanosoma l		d) Trypanosoma gambi	
	an and the second	s fails due to the rejection of such	organs by the patient. Which
	esponse is responsible for s		
a) Cell-mediated i	127.1	b) Humoral immune re	
c) Both (a) and (b		d) Innate immune resp	onse
	wing is used in diagnosis o		. 1 (DGA)
a) X-ray radiograp	ony	b) Digital Subtraction A	
c) Sonography	. 1	d) Positron Emission T	omography(PET)
141. The disease 'Orien) P	D. F.
a) Bacteria	b) Virus	c) Protozoa	d) Fungus
142. ELISA test is used		2 4100	IN All Col
a) Antibodies	b) Viral disease	c) AIDS	d) All of these
₹ 7		so helps to prevent the entry of t	the microorganisms are
	f the epithelium lining the	respiratory	
II. gastrointestinal			
III. urogenital trac			
Choose the correc	3.70	-2 H 1 HI	17.1 H 1 HI
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
144. Cocaine is commo	5	2 P d (2 - 1/2)	D.C 1
a) Coke	b) Crack	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Smack
	8 and	e causing organisms is called	13.1
a) Vulnerability	b) Susceptibility	c) Irritability	d) Immunity
		g alphabets is the correct repres	entation of the respective
activity of human		b) S atout of avotals	
a) R-repolarizatio		b) S-start of systole	ha autia
c) T-end of diasto		d) P-depolarization of t	ne artia
147. Damage to thymus			
a) Loss of cell-med	the haemoglobin content ir	hland	
	the amount of plasma prote		
	y-mediated immunity	ems	
148. Purpose of tubecto	[2]		
a) Fertilization	only is to prevent	b) Coitus	
c) Egg formation		d) Embryonic developn	nont
149. Antibodies in our	hody are compley	d) Ellibryollic developi	nent
a) Lipoproteins	b) Steroids	c) Prostaglandins	d) Glycoproteins
5 F 5	of complex formed at the t		u) diyeoprotems
a) HLA	or complex for med at the t	b) STD antigen complex	v
c) HLA antigen co	mnley	d) MHC antigen comple	
	mplex ncer cells is not limited be		
a) Differing surface		b) Differing cholesterol	level
c) Deficiency of st	0. 10 ± 0.00 0 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	d) Aberrant chromosor	
C. Delicicity of St	~. ~	a, modification of the original of the origina	compicitions

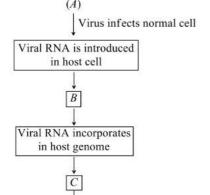
152. Smack is generally taken by		
a) Snorting b) Injection	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
153. Which of the following is a matching pair of a drug a		
a) Amphetamines - Stimulant	b) Lysergic acid diethly a	amide - Narcotic
c) Heroin - Psychotropice	d) Benzodiazepine - Pai	
154. The drugs, which are commonly abused are	STORM DELICION OF ET ALTHUR DE MONTE DONA PICTOR AND EMPLOYMENT DURING THE FOREST	
a) Opioids b) Cannabinoids	c) Coca alkaloids	d) All of these
155. Consider the following statements		
I. Secondary lymphoid organs includes lymph node	s, spleen and small masses	of lymph tissue such as
Peyer's patches, appendix and tonsils		
II. The secondary lymphoid organs all the site of lyn	nphocyte maturation and t	hev efficiently trap antigen
for exposure to T and B-cells		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Which of the statements given above is/are correct	?	
a) Only I b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these
156. Who among the following is recognized as the Father		
a) Robert Koch b) Hippocrates	c) Louis Pasteur	d) Edward Jenner
157. Which of the following organs is not involved in the	맛있어졌다고 얼굴하면 하다하다가 맛있다면 하다 하다.	
a) Brain b) Lymph nodes	c) Spleen	d) Thymus
158. The term 'Vaccine' was introduced by	- <i>J</i> -F	,,
a) Jenner	b) Koch	
c) Pasteur	d) Jointly by Koch and Pa	asteur
159. Tuberculosis is caused by		
a) <i>Mycobacterium</i> sp. b) <i>Aspergillus</i> sp.	c) Clostridium sp.	d) Vibrio sp.
160. Main source of amoebic dysentery is	4	,
a) Contaminated food and water		
b) Water and food contaminated by the faecal matte	er	
c) Water and food contaminated by urine		
d) Water and food contaminated by polluted air		
161. Mycobacterium leprae causes		
a) Tuberculosis b) Leprosy	c) AIDS	d) Tetanus
162. Excessive doses of drugs may lead to coma and dea		,
a) Respiratory failure b) Heart failure	c) Cerebral hemorrhage	d) All of these
163. All stages of the <i>Plasmodium</i> get digested in stomac		
a) Sporozoite b) Gametocyte	c) Erythrocyte	d) None of these
164. Hodgkins disease is	and a second and an arrange of a second	
a) Cancer of the lymphoid tissue	b) Cancer of the mamma	ry gland
c) cancer of the WBC	d) Cancer of the liver	
165. The interferons are		
a) Antibacterial drug	b) Antiviral drugs	
c) Antibiotic drugs	d) Immunosuppressive of	drugs
166. Food poisoning is caused by	1 1	
a) Nitrosomonas b) Lactobacillus	c) Escherichia coil	d) None of these
167. Choose the true statements		
I. Innate immunity is accomplished by providing dif	fferent types of barriers	
II. Acquired immunity is present from the birth and	10 NO.	
III. Sweat, tears, acid in the stomach and saliva prev		
Codes		
I II III		
a) True False True	b) True True False	P
c) False False True	d) False True False	
of raise raise ride	will also I true I falso	·

168. Immunoglobulins are made up of		
a) Two polypeptide chains	b) Four polypeptide chai	ins
c) Three amino acids only	d) Five nucleotides	
169. AIDS is not diagnosed by		
a) Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbant Assay test		
b) WIDAL test		
c) RIA		
d) Both (b) and (c)		
170. The protein $\alpha-1$ antitrypsin is used to treat which	of the following disease?	
a) Cancer	b) Rheumatoid arthritis	
c) Alzheimer's disease	d) Emphysema	
171. The immune system is made of		
a) Humoral system	b) Humoral and cell med	8
c) Humoral and fibrous system	d) Antigen induced antib	oodies
172. An autoimmune disease is		
a) AIDS b) Haemophilia	c) Allergy	d) Myasthenia gravis
173. AIDS is the condition where		
a) The patients immune system is completely destr		
b) The patient succumbs to various infect, has wast	ing and develops symptom	s such as fever, diarrhoea
and weight loss		
c) Both (a) and (b)		
d) Virus multiply in T-cytotoxic cells		
174. Which of the following is correct for immuno-modu		1167
a) They always suppress immune system	b) They never suppress	
c) They always stimulate immune system	d) Specific immuno-mod	
	And the control of th	mmune system, whereas
475 ml. 1:	some other immuno-r	nodulators inhibit it
175. The disease filarial is transmitted by	a) Cla	d) 4
a) Tse-tse fly b) Sand fly The immune gustom place a major role in	c) Culex	d) <i>Anopheles</i>
176. The immune system plays a major role in a) Allergic reactions	b) Auto-immune disease	e.
c) Organ transplantation	d) All of these	5
177. What is HLA?	u) All of these	
a) Group of proteins	b) Group of chromosome	ae
c) Group of genes	d) Group of polypeptides	
178. <i>Aloe vera</i> cures cough and cold by	a) droup or porypeptide.	
a) Leaf juice with opium	b) Leaf juice mixed with	oil
c) Juice of roasted leaves taken with honey	d) Salad of leaves	<u> </u>
179. Active immunity may be produced by		
a) Contacting a disease	b) Readymade antibodie	S
c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Receiving gamma glul	
180. If the person shows the production of interferons in	n his body, chances are that	he is suffering from
a) Anthrax b) Malaria	c) Measles	d) Tetanus
181. Which of these is based on magnetic resonance?	ned Turbus and outside that all the Antonio	4. A Section Control C
a) EEG b) CT scanning	c) NMR scanning	d) PET scanning
182. With regard to the transmission of the Human Imr	nunodeficiency Virus (HIV)), Which one of the following
statements is not correct?		
a) The chances of transmission from female to male	e are twice as likely as from	male to female
b) The chances of transmission are more if a person	n suffers from other sexuall	y transmitted infections



- c) An infected mother can transmit the infection to her baby during pregnancy at child birth and by breast feeding
- d) The risk of contracting infection from transfusion of infected blood is much higher than an exposure to contaminate needle
- 183. Amniocentesis is used for determining
 - a) Heart disease

- b) brain disease
- c) Hereditary disease of the embryo
- d) All of the above
- 184. In the given flow chart, the replication of retrovirus in a host cell is shown. Observe it carefully and fill up the blank *A*, *B* and *C*



- a) A-Retrovirus, B-Viral DNA is produced, C-New viral RNA is produced
- b) A-Transcriptase, B-Bacterial RNA is produced, C-New viral DNA is produced by the infected cell
- c) A-Reverse transcriptase, B-Viral DNA is produced, C-New viral RNA is produced by the infected cell
- d) A-Reverse transcriptase, B-Viral DNA is produced, C-New viral DNA is produced by the infected cell
- 185. Most important component of oral contraceptive is
 - a) LH

b) GH

- c) Thyroxine
- d) progesterone
- 186. Which of the following normally confined to their original location and do not spread to other parts of the body?
- a) Malignant tumour
- b) Metastasis
- c) Benign tumour
- d) cancer

187. Protein deficiency leads to

New viruses are produced

- a) Kwashiorkor
- b) Marasmus
- c) Cretinism
- d) Both (a) and (b)

- 188. In AIDS, the system which show failure is
 - a) Digestive system
- b) Respiratory system
- c) Defence system
- d) Sensory system
- 189. Cannabinoid are the group of chemicals, which interact with cannabinoid receptors present principally in
 - a) Brain
- b) Neuron
- c) Nephron
- d) Dendron
- 190. Histamines or other, inflammation producing substances are formed by
 - a) Macrophages
- b) Interferons
- c) Mast cells
- d) Collagen tissue
- 191. Which group of three of the following five statements (I-V) contains is correct regarding beri beri?
 - I. A crippling disease prevalent among the native population of sub-Sahara Africa.
 - II. A deficiency disease caused by lack of thiamine (vitamin-B₁).
 - III. A nutritional disorder in infants and young children when the diet is persistantly deficient in essential protein.
 - IV. Occurs in those countries where the staple diet is polished rice.
 - V. The symptoms are pain from neuritis, paralysis, muscle wasting, progressive oedema, mental deterioration and finally heart failure.
 - a) I, II and IV
- b) II, III and V
- c) I,III and V
- d) II, IV and V
- 192. Which of the following diseases is caused due to allergic reaction?
 - a) Leprosy
- b) Typhoid
- c) Asthma
- d) Tetanus

193. Which of the following is a pair of viral diseases?



) D1		11.0	
	a) Ringworm, AIDS	0.38	b) Common cold, AIDS	
	c) Dysentery, common c		d) Typhoid, tuberculosis	
19	4. 'Lock jaw' is another nar			
	a) Malaria	b) Kala-azar	c) Tetanus	d) Diphtheria
19	5. Choose the wrong stater	nent regarding AIDS.		
	 a) AIDS is an immunode 	ficiency disease		
	b) It is caused by the ret	rovirus HIV		
	c) HIV selectively infects	and kills B-lymphocytes		
	d) Retroviruses have RN	A genomes that replicate v	<i>ia</i> DNA intermediate	
19	6. Osteomalacia is a deficie	ncy disease of		
	a) Infants due to protein	energy malnutrition	b) adults due to protein e	energy malnutrition
	c) Adults due to vitamin	-D deficiency	d) Infants due to vitamin	-K deficiency
19	7. Study the following sent	ences.		
	I. The cells of malignant	tumours divide erratically.		
	II. They are malignant tu	mours of epithelial cells.		
	III. They are malignant to	umours of organs that origi	nate from mesoderm.	
	[1] : [1] :	und in organs such as splee		
	Which of the above are t	rue for angiosarcoma?		
	a) I and II	b) II and IV	c) I and III	d) II and III
19	8. Spleen is a storage site fo	or	©	(\$3)
	a) Erythrocytes	b) Basophils	c) Platelets	d) Neutrophils
19	9. Tobacco contains		153	151 S
	a) Nicotine	b) Amphitamins	c) Carbon monoxide	d) Both (a) and (c)
20	0. The best HLA(Human Le			
	a) Parent>sibling>twin		b) Sibling> twin> Paren	
	c) twin> unrelated done		d) Twin> sibling> Paren	
20	1. Quinine is obtained from			
	a) Bark of <i>Cinchona</i>	b) Root if Cinchona	c) Wood of Cinchona	d) Leaves of Cinchona
20	2. Antigen binds to antibod	The state of the s	100 Pr - 0.00 2000 2000 1000 11 22 20 20 400 00 10 20 20 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	erio 🥦 no participa de la transpolación de la compositión del compositión de la com
	a) Electrostatic interacti	(7)	b) Covalent bonds	
	c) Disulphide bridges		d) Amide formation	
20	3. The process of introduct	ion of weakened inactivate	d pathogen into human boo	dy is called
	a) Immunization	b) Vaccination	c) Attenuation	d) None of these
20	4. Female infanticide is co	mmonly reported from	550)	(4)
	a) Usalampatti	b) Madurai	c) Kanyakumari	d) Rajasthan
20	5. Which of the following d	isease is caused by the men	nber of retrovirus group?	.e. 0
	a) Cancer	b) AIDS	c) Dengue	d) Common cold
20	6. The term 'antibiotic' was	s coined by		
	a) Selman Waksman	b) Alexander Fleming	c) Edward Jenner	d) Louis Pasteur
20	7. All of the following are e	xamples of mucosa associa	ted lymphoid tissue except	
	a) Appendix	b) Peyer's patches	c) Tonsils	d) Liver
20	8. Give the name of two hel			tively
	a) Ascaris and Wucheren		b) Wuchereria and Ascar	(5)
	c) Roundworm and Flat		d) Plasmodium and Wuc	
20	9. Sir Godfery Hounsfield d			
	a) CT scanning	b) MRI	c) Endoscopy	d) Bronchoscopy
21	0. Hypersensitivity to an al		,	,
10075	a) Aberrant function of i		b) Food habits	
	c) Increase in humidity	×	d) Increase in temperatu	re
24		acutain diasassa thair as		



Diseases	Causative Organism s	Symptoms
I. Filariasis	A	Inflammation
II. Typhoid	В	High fever stomach pain
III. C	Rhinoviru ses	Nasal congestion and discharge
IV. Ascariasis	Ascaris	D

The correct option regarding A, B, C and D is

a)	A-Wuchereria, 1	B- <i>Salmonella</i>	typhi,	C-Common cold,	D-Internal	bleeding,	fever,	anaemia
----	-----------------	----------------------	--------	----------------	-------------------	-----------	--------	---------

- b) A-Salmonella typhi, B-Ascaris, C-Typhoid, D-Stomach pain headache
- c) A-Ascaris, B-Entamoeba histolytica, C-Pneumonia, D-Constipation, fever
- d) A-Entamoeba histolytica, B- Salmonella typhi, C- Common cold, D-Nasal discharge, high fever

212.	vvnicn	part o	t the t	orain	is and	ectea	nrst	ın a	arunk	person?

- a) Cerbrum
- b) Olfactory lobe
- c) Cerebellum
- d) Medulla oblongata

- 213. African sleeping sickness is caused by
 - a) Trypanosoma
- b) *Leishmania*
- c) Latimeria
- d) Plasmodium

- 214. Cocaine, an alkaloid is obtained from the leaves of
 - a) Erythroxylon coca

b) Ephedra sp.

c) Digitalis purpurea

- d) Papaver somniferum
- $215. \ Fungi \ belonging \ to \ genera \ \textit{Mircoporum, Trichophyton} \ and \ \textit{Epidermophyton} \ are \ responsible \ for \ and \ \textit{Epidermophyton} \ are \ responsible \ for \ and \ \textit{Epidermophyton} \ are \ responsible \ for \ \textit{Epidermophyton} \ are \ \textit{Epidermophyto$
 - a) Ringworm
- b) Skin allergy
- c) Amoebiasis
- d) Measles
- 216. A localized inflammatory response appears at the site of infection causes redness, swelling, pain and heat due to certain chemicals, they are
 - a) Histamine and prostaglandins
- b) Cerumen and mucus

c) Histamine and cerumen

- d) Prostaglandins and cerumen
- 217. A drug called morphine is obtained from
 - a) Rauwolffia serpentina

b) Cannabis sativa

c) Cajanus cajan

- d) Papaver somniferum
- 218. Scientists were able to pinpoint the location of colour processing centers in the visual cortex of the brain by means of
 - a) PET
- b) NMR
- c) CT-scan
- d) X-ray

- 219. Interferon β is also termed as
 - a) Immune interferon

b) Fibroblast interferon

c) Leucocyte interferon

- d) Anti-immune interferon
- 220. The disease caused by virus, which is 42 nm in size and contains double stranded DNA is
 - a) Hepatitis-A
- b) AIDS
- c) Hepatitis-B
- d) Leprosy

- 221. Smoking causes
 - a) Heart disease
- b) Gastric ulcer
- c) Bronchitis
- d) All of these
- 222. A person is suffering from frequent episodes of nasal discharge, nasal congestion, reddening of eyes and watery eyes. These are the symptoms of
 - a) Cyanosis

b) Bronchitis

c) Rhinitis

- d) Bronchial carcinoma
- 223. Which of the following is a viral disease?
 - a) Typhoid
- b) Polio
- c) TB

- d) Leprosy
- 224. Immunodeficiency makes a person highly susceptible to infection. It is caused by
 - a) Lack of B-cells
- b) Lack of T-cells
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of the above





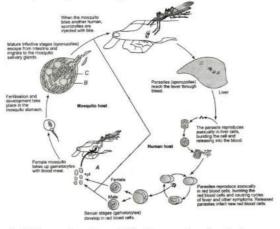


- 225. The causative agent of filaria is
 - a) Wuchereria bancrofti
 - b) Leishmania donovani
 - c) Plasmodium vivax
 - d) Trypanosoma gambiens
- 226. Chemical carcinogens present in smoke have been identified as a major cause of
 - a) Lung cancer
- b) Liver cancer
- c) Oral cancer
- d) None of these

- 227. The cancer of the epithelial cells is called
 - a) Leukaemia
- b) Lipoma
- c) Sarcoma
- d) Carcinoma

- 228. Cell-mediated immunity is responsible for
 - a) Graft rejection
- b) Passive immunity
- c) Organ surgery
- d) Innate immunity
- 229. Physiological barrier which prevents entry of microorganism in our body is/are
 - a) Acid in the stomach
- b) Saliva in the mouth
- c) Tears from eyes
- d) All of these
- 230. Antiviral substances, produced by many vertebrates in response to viral infections for resisting the multiplication of viruses as known as
 - a) Viroid
- b) Interferon
- c) Antivirin
- d) Antigen

231. Study the given diagram and name the labelled A, B and C



- a) A-Gametocytes, B-Salivary glands, C-Sporozoites
- b) A-Sporozoites, B-Salivary glands, C-Gametocytes
- c) A-Salivary glands, B-Sporozoites, C-Gametocytes
- d) A-Salivary glands, B-Gametocytes, C-Sporozoites
- 232. Who developed vaccine against smallpox?
 - a) Lousi Pasteur

b) Selman Waksman

c) Edward jenner

- d) Alexander Flemming
- 233. The main reason, why antibiotics could not solve all the problems of bacterial disease, is
 - a) Inactivation of antibiotics by bacterial enzyme
 - b) Decreased efficiency of the immune system
 - c) The development of mutant strains resistant to antibiotics
 - d) Insensitivity of the individual following long exposure to antibisotics
- 234. ELISA assay
 - a) Use complement mediated cells lysis
 - b) User a radiobelled second antibody
 - c) Involves addition of substrate which is converted into coloured end product
 - d) Requires red blood cells
- 235. Cross sectional image of internal body structure can be obtained by using which medical technique?
 - a) ECG Electro Cardio Graph

- b) EEG Electro Encephalo Graph
- c) CAT Computerized Axial Tomography
- d) PET Positron Emission Tomography

236. Communicable disease means

	smitted from man to man	b) The disease caused by	
c) Both (a) and (b)	NAME AND THE OWN OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER.	d) Present from birth or	
	(after entering into human blo		rate to the
a) Erythrocytes of h		b) Liver cells of human	
c) Stomach of mosq		d) Salivary gland of mosc	quito
238. Entamoeba histoly			
a) Viral parasite	b) Bacterial parasite	c) Protozoan parasite	d) Fungal parasite
239. Virus-infected cells			
a) Enzyme	b) Interferon	c) Hormone	d) Antibody
1977 July 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	ization has started a number o	f programmes to prevent spi	reading of HIV infection
Few such steps incl			
and the same of th	sposable needles and syringes		
II. free distribution			
III. advocating safe s			
IV. controlling drug			
	given above are correct?		
a) I and II	b) III and IV	c) II, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV
241. Colostrum			
	ed by the new born baby		
	e of antibodies that secreted fr	om the breast for the first fe	w days after birth
c) Contain primarily			
	ved in stimulating lactation		
	phoid tissue in respiratory, dige		470
a) MALT	b) Peyer's patches	c) Mucosa lymph nodes	d) α -globulins
243. Select the true state	ment		
	prevention is the best option		
(47)	tion, the person suffers from fe	4) 477	ea
III. HIV is a retrovir	us, which means its genetic ma	terial is DNA	
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) None of these
244. Diacetyl morphine i			
a) Morphine	b) <i>Cannabis</i>	c) heroin	d) cocaine
245. Reasons for alcohol	abuse in adolescents are		
I. social pressure			
II. curiosity and nee	d for adventure, excitement an	d experiment	
	tress, depression and frustration	on	
IV. to overcome har			
	ents given above are correct?		
a) I, II and III	b) I, III and IV	c) II, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV
	easily transmit from one pers		
 a) Non-infectious di 	sease	b) Infectious disease	
c) Viral disease		d) Bacterial disease	
1,73	fallon is related with the disea	se	
a) Typhoid	b) Pneumonia	c) Dengue	d) AIDS
248. The organ related w			
a) Liver	b) Parathyroid	c) Thymus	d) Pineal
879	iple sclerosis on brain and spir	F	
a) Magnetic resonai		b) Position emission tom	
c) X-rays radiograp	S	d) Digital subtraction ang	giography
	ınd in Human Immunodeficien		
 a) Double stranded 	RNA	b) Single stranded RNA	

c) Double stranded DNA	d) Single stranded DNA				
251. A major benefit of breast feeding for the new born infant is					
a) Low lactose content	b) The high casein conte	ent			
c) Passive immunity	d) <i>E. coli</i> factor				
252. The uncontrolled proliferation of cancerous cells p	roduces masses of cells, cal	led			
a) Tumour b) Multiplication	c) Protooncomass	d) None of the above			
253. Characters of acquired immunity are					
a) Specificity	b) Difference between s	elf and non- self			
c) Retains memory	d) All of the above				
254. A damaging immune response by the body to a sub	ostance is called				
a) Immunity b) Allergy	c) Passive immunity	d) None of these			
255. T-lymphocyte is produced in					
a) Bone marrow b) Spleen	c) Pancreas	d) Thymus			
256. Ginseng is an important drug of					
a) America b) Egypt	c) India	d) Chain			
257. An antibody is a					
a) White corpuscle, which attacks invading bacteri	a				
b) Molecule that specifically inactivate an antigen					
c) Component of the blood					
d) Secretion of mammalian erythrocyte					
258. Blood circulation was discovered by					
a) William Harvey b) Hippocrates	c) Karl Landsteiner	d) Paul Ehrlich			
259. Cancerous cells spread through		7 40 420 534 60 60 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50			
a) Lymph	b) Blood				
c) Secondary growths of malignant tumour	d) All of the above				
260. Consider the following statements					
I. People should get vaccination to avoid infection					
II. Vaccination is available against polio, cholera, ty	phoid, tuberculosis and ma	ny other disease			
III. Eradication of vectors are necessary in diseases	s like malaria and filariasis				
IV. Dengue and chikengunya, both are spread by C	ulex mosquitoes				
Which of the statements given above are correct?					
a) I, II and III b) I, II and IV	c) I, III and IV	d) III and IV			
261. Vaccines, when introduced into the body, stimulate	es the production of				
a) Antigen b) Antibody	c) Natural killer cells	d) Macrophage			
262. Benign tumour is the one, which		160			
a) Shows metastasis	b) Is differentiated and	capsulated			
c) Is undifferentiated and noncapsulated	d) Is differentiated and	5			
263. Antibodies are					
a) Lipids b) Carbohydrates	c) Immunoglobulins	d) Antiviral particles			
264. Cancer causing viruses are called	· ·				
a) Oncogenic viruses b) Retroviruses	c) Adenoviruses	d) Poxviruses			
265. Drugs that cause malformations in embryo during	[18] (18] (18] (18] (18] (18] (18] (18] (
a) Tranquilizer b) Teratogens	c) Alcoholic beverages	d) Nicotine			
266. Consider the statements given below regarding co					
I. Medical Termination of Pregnancy (MTP) during	:07/				
II. Generally, chances of conception are nil until mo					
III. Intrauterine devices like copper-T are effective		- Pro the Journ			
IV.Contraception pills may be taken upto one week		ception.			
Which two of the above statements are correct?	contab to prevent con	Puom			
a) II, III b) III, IV	c) I, III	d) I, II			
	-, -,				

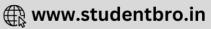
267. Use of anti-histamines a	nd steroids give a quick rel	ief form	
a) Allergy	b) Nausea	c) Cough	d) Headache
268. In recent years, which d	isease of digestive system i	n Indian has received great	attention and against that
active vaccination is bei	ng done even in schools?		
a) Poliomyelistis	b) hepatitis	c) Jaundice	d) Enterocolitis
269. A condition that occurs	when the immune system r	nistakenly attacks and dest	roys healthy body tissue is
called	*	A50	
a) Auto-immunity	b) Immunization	c) Allergy	d) Immunodeficiency
270. The primary function of			
a) Circulatory of nutrier	nts		
b) Transport of hormon			
c) Production, maintena	ance and distribution of lyn	nphocytes	
	ance and distribution of pla	- T-	
271. Cell division or mitosis i	s normal process in a living	g cell, but sudden and abnor	rmal mitosis in an organ will
frequently result in	•		
a) Zygote	b) Cancer	c) New organ	d) Gastrula
272. Surgical removal of thyr	nus of a new born shall res	ult in the failure to produce	
a) Basophils	b) Neutrophils	c) B-lymphocyte	d) T-lymphocyte
273. Broad spectrum antibio	tic	Contract of the Contract of th	
a) Acts on all bacteria a	nd virus	b) Is effective in very sm	all amount
c) Acts on both pathoge	n and host	d) Acts on a variety of pa	athogenic microorganisms
274. If a person shows produ	iction of interferons in his b	oody, the chances are that h	e got an infection of
a) Malaria	b) Measles	c) Typhoid	d) Tetanus
275. The organism, which car	uses pneumonia in human	beings is	
a) Atrichous	b) Monotrichous	c) Amphitrichous	d) peritrichous
276. If you suspect major def	iciency of antibodies in a p	erson, to which of the follow	wing would you look for
confirmatory evidence?			
a) Serum albumins		b) Serum globulins	
c) Fibrinogen in the plas	sma	d) Haemocytes	
277. The immunoglobulin ab	undant in colostrums is		
a) IgG	b) IgM	c) IgD	d) IgA
278. Cocaine is the native to			
a) North America	b) South America	c) India	d) China
279. Globulins contained in h		imarily involved in	
 a) Defence mechanisms 	and and Proces	b) Osmotic balance of bo	ody fluids
c) Oxygen transport in t		d) Clotting of blood	
280. The person showing unp		sts of emotions, quarrelsom	e behaviour and conflicts
with others is suffering	from		
a) Schizophrenia		 b) Borderline personalit 	y disorder(BPD)
c) Mood disorders		d) Addictive disorders	
281. Identify the wrong state		W 9	
	natopoietic cells is called le		
: 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	kunggaran -	ternal organs and glands is	referred as melanoma.
	cancer where bone and car		
and the control of th	s are called as true cancer	~~~	400 900 9
a) I and II only	b) II and III only	c) II and IV only	d) I and III only
282. Harmful effect of cigaret		3.1	D. N
a) Baldness	b) Yellowing of eyes	c) Lung cancer	d) None of these
283. Cell mediated immunity			D. I
a) B-cells	b) T-cells	c) Macrophages	d) Interferons

284. W	hich of the following dis	seases is caused due to helr	ninth infection?	
a)	Ascariasis	b) Wuchereriasis	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
285. In	fective stage of <i>Plasmod</i>	dium for men is		
a)	Merozoites	b) Ookinetes	c) Sporozoites	d) None of these
286. In	fection of pneumonia oc	ccurs due to		
a)	Droplets released from	an infected person	b) Released droplets inha	led by healthy persoi
c)	Sharing contaminated of	objects such as glasses and	d) All of the above	
	utensils with an infecte	d person		
287. Tl	hose who take drugs inti	ravenously develop a risk o	of	
	AIDS	b) Hepatitis-B	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Malaria
288. Di	isease caused by deficier	ncy of vitamin-C is		
a)	beri beri	b) Scurvy	c) Pellagra	d) Night blindness
289. H	umoral immunity is med	liated by		
	B-cells	b) T-cells	c) Macrophages	d) Monocytes
		ed due to presence ofin	water.	
an - 1915	Cadmium	b) Lead	c) Arsenic	d) Mercury
		nd Huntington's chorea are		
	Bacteria-related diseas		b) Congenital disorders	
	Pollutant-induced disor	rders	d) Virus-related diseases	
	abies is caused by			
7	Virus	b) Bacteria	c) Protozoa	d) All of these
		itted through contaminate	d articles. The method is ca	illed
100	Vehicle transmission		b) Vector transmission	
	Air borne method		d) Fomite borne method	
	isease associated with se		Partition of their di	Last to a Newton Prest
	Tetanus	b) Tuberculosis	c) Food poisoning	d) AIDS
	he spleen			
	is a large bean-shaped o			
	mainly contains lympho			
		ood by trapping blood-bor	ne microorganisms	
	hich of the statements g			10.000 1000
	I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
	ecessary steps for achiev			
	awareness about disease	e		
	. vaccination	9		
	I. proper disposal of was			
		ic food and water resource	S	
	Water resources			
		naving necessary steps is	\	D
- 5	I, II and III	b) II, III and IV	c) I, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV
			haveB Here A and B	refers to
	A-oncogenic bacteria; E	,		
2.75	A-oncogenic viruses, B-			
	574 (78)	; B-protozoan oncogenes		
	None of the above	d C		
0.5	ybridomas are the fusion	- A		
	Normal antibody produ	with the second of the second		
	10 # G	ducing cell with myeloma		
	Sex cells with myeloma			
	I BODE COILS WITH MUNION	19		

299. W	hich on	e of the foll	owing is a stir	nulant?		
	LSD		b) Coca)pium	d) Heroin
		e against p	athogens is du		F	-,
	Antibo		b) RBCs		Iaemoglobin	d) None of these
				he following are		,
		narrow	b) Thyn		oth (a) and (b)	d) Thyroid of thymus
			the diagnosis		(-) (-)	-,,,
	Malari		b) Pneu		'uberculosis	d) Typhoid
						alarm chemicals such as
		nine and do			listamine and kinins	
100		erons and o	7/2	U.335	nterferons and histo	
			metabolism n			
	Albinis		b) Porp	. AT 10	Vilson's disease	d) Phenylketonuria
				transmitted through		
	Urine		b) Wate	nen nammanan da kaban naman en alam j apan.	llood	d) Hormone
306. Th	ne Phila	delphia chr	omosome is f	ound in the patients su	fering from	
a)	Albinis	sm	b) Hepa	titis c) I	nsomnia	d) Leukaemia
307. W	hich of	the following	ng disorders c	an be regrded as madn	ess?	
a)	Psycho	osis	b) Epile	psy c) I	nsomnia	d) Parkinsonism
308. Ni	cotine	intake stim	ulates theA.	to releaseB and	.C into blood circu	lation. This lead to increase
in	D a	nd an incre	aseE			
Не	ere A ar	nd E refers t	0			
a)	A-adre	enal gland, E	3-adrenaline, (C-nor-adrenaline, D-blo	od pressure, E-hear	t rate
b)	A-thyr	oid gland, E	8-thyroxine, C-	parathyroxine, D-blood	l pressure, E-heart r	ate
c)	A-adre	enal gland, E	3-thyroxine, C	nor-adrenaline, D-bloc	d pressure, E-heart	rate
d)	A-gona	ads, B-adrei	naline, C-nor-a	drenaline, D-blood pre	ssure, E-heart rate	
309. Al		ivolves				
	IgE		b) IgG	c) I		d) IgM
			750 J.	ns is responsible for all	2757	
	Lymph		b) Imm		irculatory	d) All of these
			1.70	1000 - 10	tissues or organs lik	e heart, eye, liver, kidney
			om a donar is			
-		olantation	920	1. Table 1.	lepair and replacem	ent
		ement ther			'ransformation	
			ng is the corre	ct matching of a diseas	e with its causative of	organism and mode of
	fection					
100	Diseas	Causativ-	Modes of			
-	es	е .	Infection			
		Organis-				
	В	ms		1		
a)	Pneu	-	-			
	moni	1	infection			
		pneum	0			
1-3	m 1	nia	XAZ' e I			
b)		1000000 0000				
	-id	-lla typi				
-3	14.1	.: n/	air			
c)	Mala					
	-a	-ium	infected			
		vivax	male			

	20	i					
			Anophel-				
			es				
			mosquit				
			0-0				
d)	Eleph-	Wuchere	With				
	antiasi	-ria	contami-				
	S	bancrofti	nated				
			food and				
		,	water				
313. Se	condary l	ymphoid or	gans include	•			
-	Spleen		b) Tonsi		c) E	Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
314. In	which of	the followin	ng, optical fib	res are used?			
a)	Sonograp	ohy	b) Endos	сору	c) N	MRI	d) CT-scan
315. El	ectron bea	am therapy	is a kind of r	adiation therapy	y to tr	eat	
a)	Enlarged	prostate gla	and		b) (Gall bladder stones by	breaking them
c)	Certain ty	ypes of cano	er		d) ŀ	Kidney stones	
316. Ar	ntivenom	is used for t	he treatmen	t of snake bite. T	he tre	eatment of snake bite l	by antivenom is an example
of							
a)	Passive in	mmunisatio	n		b) A	Active immunization	
c)	Autoimm	unization			d) I	nnate immunization	
317. Rh	ninovirus	causes					
a)	Common	cold	b) Malar	ia	c) A	AIDS	d) Pneumonia
318. W	hich of th	e following	protozoans a	attack gums in m	ian?		
a)	Entamoe	ba gingivali	s b) Triche	omonas	c) (Giardia	d) All of these
319. He	eroin is als	so known by	y the name o	of			
a)	Hemp		b) Smack	ζ	c) (Coke	d) Bhang
320. Fe	male Ano	pheles mos	quito is a ve	ctor of			
a)	Filaria		b) Malar	ia	c) T	Гуphoid	d) AIDS
321. W	<i>uchereria</i>	<i>bancrofti</i> is	3				
a)	A Platyhe	elminthes			b) (Only host in man	
c)	Causing l	olockage of	lymphatic ve	essel	d) N	None of the above	
322. Th	ne confirm	natory test u	ised to diagn	ose AIDS is			
a)	ELISA		b) Schick	•	c) V	WIDAL	d) None of these
323. He	epatitis-B	is also calle	d				
	_	: jaundice		ı jaundice	c) (Catarrhal jaundice	d) None of these
		1,775	nic properti	es are			
-	Atropa b		b) <i>Datur</i>	a	c) E	Both (a) and (b)	d) <i>Papaver</i>
		nalaria is ca					
- 57		ium falcipar	rum		b) <i>I</i>	Plasmodium ovale	
c)	Plasmod.	ium vivax			d) <i>I</i>	Plasmodium malariae	
326. In	ultrasono	ography					
a)	Antigen-	antibody int	teraction occ	cur	b) I	High frequency sound	waves are used
- 70	1999	waves are			d) N	None of the above	
		r is caused b	by				
- 5	Tabacco:		b) X-rays			JR rays	d) Vehicle smoke
				diseases are vira		vell as transmitted by	
a)	Elephant	iasis and de	ngue			Malaria and yellow fev	
c)	Ringwor	m and deng	ue		d) Y	Tellow fever and dengu	ıe
	ngworm i						
(۵	Air horne	dicasca			b) I	nfactions disease	

b) Infectious disease



a) Air borne disease

c) Non-infectious dise	ase	d) None of these	
330. Which of these may ca	ause hypothermia in humans	?	
a) Smoking	b) LSD	c) Dopamine	d) Alcohol consumption
	mal cell cancerous cell is ind		
a) Carcinogens	b) UV-rays	c) Neoplastic cells	d) Mutagens
	lly used as medicines to help		
a) Barbiturates	b) Amphetamines	c) Lysergic acid diethyl amides	
333. The foetus receives im	munoglobulin from their mo	ther, through	
a) Placenta	b) Skin	c) Mouth	d) None of these
334. Measures for personal	hygiene include		
I. Intake of clean drink	ing water		
II. Keeping the body cl	ean		
III. Disinfection of wat	er resources		
Which of the statemen	ts given above are correct?		
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
335. Which of the following	g cells are involved in defence	e mechanism of the body?	
a) Macrophages	b) Neutrophils	c) Lymphocytes	d) All of these
17.	uspected to be suffering fron	n typhoid. Which diagnosti	c technique will you
recommend for its det	ection?		
a) ELISA	b) WIDAL	c) MRI	d) CT scan
	statements about biomedica		
	ırgery, blood is circulated in		
	y arteries is removed by ang	All the second s	
3072	l Tomography (CAT) shows		
	r and detailed images of orga	ans like prostate glands an	d lungs.
	re statements are correct?		
a) II and IV	b) III and IV	c) I and III	d) I and II
	of the parasite that causes T		
a) <i>Glossina palpalis</i>		b) <i>Phlebotomus argenti</i>	ipes
c) Phlebotomus papat		d) <i>Triatoma infestans</i>	
339. The major phagocytic			
a) Antibody	b) Antigen	c) Lymphocytes	d) Macrophages
340. Stomach clear out path			
a) Secreting HCl	b) Secreting hormone	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
341. Full form MALT is		1337	
a) Mucosal Associated		b) Memory Associated I	#17시간 : : : :
c) Memory Associated		d) Mucosa Associated L	ymphocyte Tissue
342. Ishihara chart is used		3 0 1 11 1	B 1/2
a) TB	b) Eye sight	c) Colour blindness	d) diabetes
			ory responses such asB
		100	dD Here A to D refers to
histamine, D-seroto		cerumen	lergic reactions, C-mucous, D-
c) A-thymus, B-allergi	c reactions, C-histamine, D-	d) A-immune system, B	
cerumen	NAMES -	cerumen, D-serotoni	
	neans it has genes composed		and the second s
	retrovirus because it uses an	enzymes,C, to convert	D intoE Here A to E
refers to			
a) A notrovinua D DNA	C-roverce transcriptace D-	DNA C DNA	

	b) A-retroviral, B-DNA, C-	reverse transcriptase, D-Dl	NA, E-RNA			
	c) A-rhinovirus, B-DNA, C-reverse transcriptase, D-DNA, E-RNA					
	d) A-adenovirus, B-RNA,	C-reverse transcriptase, D-I	RNA, E-DNA			
3	45. The specific parts of the a	ntibody molecule that bind	s the antigen are called			
	a) Heavy chain					
	b) Small chain					
	c) Antigen binding site					
	d) Antibody bindings side					
3	46. Candom(nirodh) is forme	ed by				
	a) Hindustan Liver Ltd	b) Hindustan Latex Ltd	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these		
3	47. Interferon is a type of pro	tein, which is used to cure				
	a) Homeostatic disorder		b) Hepatitis caused by vir	us		
	c) Common cold caused b	y virus	d) Both (b) and (c)			
3	48. Chancroid is a sexually tra	ansmitted disease caused b	y			
	a) <i>Treponema</i>	b) Haemphilus	c) Neisseria	d) Chlamydia		
3	49. Antiviral substances are					
	a) Antibiotics	b) Antibodies	c) Interferons	d) Vaccines		
3	50. Which one of the followin	g statements is correct with	h respect to AIDS?			
	a) The HIV can be transm	itted through eating food to	ogether with an infected pe	erson		
	b) Drug addicts are least	susceptible to HIV infection	ı			
	c) AIDS patients are being	g fully cured cent per cent v	vith proper care and nutrit	ion		
	d) The causative HIV retr	ovirus enters helper T-lym	phocytes thus, reducing th	eir numbers		
3	51. An autoimmune disease v	vhere the body's own antib	odies attack the cells of the	thyroid is called		
	a) Hyperthyroidism		b) Hashimoto's disease			
	c) Grave's disease		d) Turner's syndrome			
3	52. A sexually transmitted dis	sease, symptomized by the	development of ulcers on t	he genitals, is caused by the		
	infection of					
	a) <i>Treponema pallidum</i>		b) Neisseria gonorrhoeae	!		
	c) Human Immunodeficie	ency Virus	d) Hepatitis-B virus			
3	53. Smoking addiction is har	nful because it produces po				
	 a) Reduction in oxygen tr 	ansport	b) Increase in blood press	sure		
	c) Cancer		d) Retardation of growth	of foetus		
3	54. The process, in which ant	ibody comes in contact wit	h antigen and convert then	n in harmless insoluble		
	matter, is called					
	a) Activation	b) Agglutination	c) Neutralization	d) Opsonization		
3	55. Which one of the followin		ıs?			
	a) Cholera	b) Diphtheria	c) Measles	d) Whooping cough		
3	56. In India, there is decline i	n female population as com	pared to males, this is beca	ause of		
	 a) Less female reach repr 	oductive age				
	child	dren are born less as there	is more chance of prenatal	death in case of female		
	c) Female infanticide					
	d) All of the above					
3	57. Hepatitis is a					
	a) Viral diseases	b) Bacterial diseases	c) Fungal diseases	d) Protozoan diseases		
3	58. Nicotine is					
	a) An alkaloid	b) Steroid	c) Stimulant	d) Both (a) and (c)		
3	59. Physical carcinogen, e. g.,					
	a) DNA damage	b) RNA damage	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Protein damage		
3	60. Critical state of disease is	called				

a) Acme	b) Acromion	c) Acholin	d) None of these
361. Who among the followin	g established the scientific l	pasis of vaccination?	
 a) Edward Jenner 	b) George Kohler	c) Louis Pasteur	d) Von Behring
362. The first antibiotic was d	iscovered by		
a) A Fleming	b) W Flemming	c) R Koch	d) Louis Pasteur
363. Malaria is caused by			
a) <i>Plasmodium vivax</i>		b) Plasmodium malariae	
c) Plasmodium falciparu	m	d) All of these	
364. AIDS stands for		.5	
a) Acquired Immuno Def	iciency Syndrome	b) Acquired Immuno Defi	ciency Sign
c) Acquired Immuno Def		d) Acquired Immuno Defi	, and a second of the second o
365. Which of the following is			to the transfer of the second
a) Manipur	b) Rajasthan	c) Meghalaya	d) Arunachal Pradesh
366. In ECG, what does T-way		-,	•
a) Diastole of auricles		b) Diastole of ventricles	
c) Systole of ventricles		d) Diastole of auricles and	l ventricles
367. Marriageable age of girl	and hove is	a) Diastore of darreres and	· venericies
a) 21 and 24	b) 18 and 21	c) 15 and 18	d) 18 and 24
368. Which cell secretes antib		c) 15 una 16	u) 10 unu 21
a) Lymphocytes	b) Monocytes	c) Eosinophils	d) Neuterophils
369. Which one of the followi			
a) Ringworm	b) Skin allergy	c) Botulism	d) None of these
370. The invasion of cancerou			
a) Contact inhibition	b) Metastasis	c) Benign tumour	d) Tumour
371. Malignant tumours are	b) Metastasis	c) beingii tumoui	a) rumour
I. mass of neoplastic cells	,		
	pidly and damaging the sur	rounding normal ticquo	
III. cells that show the pr	'자근	Touliding normal dissue	
Which of the statements			
	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) All of those
a) I and II 372. An example of innate implemental impleme	The state of the s	c) ii aliu iii	d) All of these
	ilulity is	h) T. lymonhogytos	
a) PMNL- neutrophils		b) T- lymophocytes	
c) B-lymphocytes	J1	d) T _H - cells	
373. Lung tuberculosis is caus		L) M L L L L L L L	Test
a) <i>Pseudomonas aerugin</i>		b) <i>Mycobacterium tubero</i>	uiosis
c) Streptococcus pneum		d) <i>Escherichia coli</i>	
374. Which one of the following	. 1977 - Paris II Paris Angeles and Paris II. 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985 - 1985	(
a) <i>Glossina palpalis</i> - S			
	Filariasis		
,	Yellow fever		
d) Anopheles culifacies			
375. HIV virus affect In			
a) Cytotoxic T-cell	b) M-N cell	c) Suppressor cell	d) Helper T-cell
376. A person likely to develo	p tetanus is immunized by	V.73	
a) Dead germs		b) Performed antibodies	
c) Wide spectrum antibi		d) Weakened germs	
377. Your immune system he		ruses and bacteria that car	cause sickness. Which cells
are part of the immune s			
 a) White blood cells 	b) Red blood cells	c) Nerve cells	d) None of these
378. Consider the following st	tatements		

I. The property of metas	tasis is shown by malignant	tumours				
II. Carcinogens are the agents that causes cancer						
III. Benign tumour cause	III. Benign tumour causes little damage to body cells					
Which of the statements	given above are correct?					
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III			
379. Gonorrhea is caused by						
a) <i>Treponema pallidum</i>		b) Entamoeba gingivalis				
c) Mycobacterium lepra	ne	d) Neisseria gonorrhoea	e			
380. To obtain a standard EC	G, a patient is connected to	the machine with three ele	ctrodes			
 a) One to each wrist and 	l to left ankle	b) One to each ankle and	the left wrist			
c) One to each wrist and	l to the left chest region	d) One to each ankle and	to the left chest region			
381. Typhoid is caused by						
a) Bacteria	b) Virus	c) Protozoa	d) Fungus			
382. X-rays are used in						
a) ECG	b) EEG	c) CT-scan	d) Endoscopy			
383. Penicillin was used in						
a) First world war	b) second world war	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these			
384. Side effects of anabolic s	steroids in females include					
I. masculinization						
II. aggressiveness						
III. mood swings, depres	ssion					
IV. abnormal menstrual	cycle					
V. excessive facial and b	ody hair					
Choose the correct optic	on					
a) I, II and III	b) I, II, III and IV	c) II, III, IV and V	d) I, II, III, IV and V			
385. Amphetamines are the o	lrugs of					
a) Narcotics	b) Sedatives	c) Stimulants	d) hallucinogens			
386. Which of the following b	oirth control measure can be	e considered as the safest?				
a) The rhythm method		b) The use of physical ba	rriers			
c) Termination of unwa	nted pregnancy	d) Sterilization technique	es			
387. Aspirin is a/an						
a) Antibiotic	b) Antipyretic	c) Antiseptic	d) None of these			
388. Flemming, Chain and Flo	orey were awarded the Nob	el Prize in 1945 for the disc	covery of			
a) HIV	b) CT scan	c) Penicillin	d) Staphylococcus			
389. Heroin is obtained from	plant of family					
a) Papaveraceae	b) Leguminosae	c) Cruciferae	d) Liliaceae			
390. The combination of surg	gery, radiotheraphy and che	motheraphy can help to tre	eat			
a) Cancer	b) AIDS	c) both (a) and (b)	d) None of these			
391. Rejection of tissue or gra	aft transplants is brought ab	oout mainly by				
a) Cytotoxic T-cells	b) Suppressor T-cells	c) B-cells	d) Macrophages			
392. Each antibody hasA	polypeptide chains,B sr	nall chains calledC cha	ins andD longer chains			
calledE chains						
The antibody, therefore,	is represented asF					
Here A to F refers to						
a) A-four, B-two, C-light	, D-two, E-heavy, F- $\mathrm{H_2L_2}$					
b) A-six, B-three, C-light	, D-three, E-heavy, F-H ₃ L ₂					
c) A-two, B-one, C-light,	D-one, E-heavy, $F-H_1L_1$					
d) A-five, B-two, C-light,	D-three, E-heavy, $F-H_2L_2$					
393. Antibodies are produced	d by					
a) Leucocytes	b) Lymphocytes	c) Erythrocytes	d) None of these			

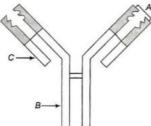
394. The test, which is misu	sed for identification of an i	inborn baby is	
a) Clotting test	b) Amniocentesis	c) Erythroblastosis	d) aniogram
395. Heroin		85-8 50	
a) Is a depressant		b) Slows down body fu	nctions
c) As commonly called	smack	d) All of the above	
396. Which of the following	is used in eye inflammation	and for curing night blind	lness?
a) Atropa belladonna		b) Cichorium intybus	
c) <i>Eclipta alba</i>		d) Emilia sonchifolia	
397. Transmission of HIV in	fection from infected mothe	er to her child occurs thro	ıgh
a) Liver	b) Placenta	c) Skin	d) None of these
398. Metastasis is associate	d with		
a) Malignant tumours	b) Benign tumours	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Crown gall tumour
399. Bone marrow is the sit	e for the development and i	naturation of	
a) B-lymphocyte	b) T-lymphocyte	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) T-helper cells
400. Smack is a drug obtain	ed from the		
a) Latex of <i>Papaver so.</i>	mniferum	b) Leaves of <i>Cannabis</i> .	
c) Flowers of <i>Datura</i>		d) Fruits of <i>Erythroxyl</i>	
401. Maurer's dots are obse			vith
a) <i>Plasmodium malari</i>		b) <i>Plasmodium vivax</i>	
c) <i>Plasmodium falcipa</i>		d) Plasmodium ovale	
402. The Ig that mediates al			
a) IgM	b) IgG	c) IgE	d) IgA
403. Antibodies are the glyo		A. I. SWOLTSON F. NO. 14	
State of the state	rotection in external secret	ions against bacteria and v	riruses
b) Involved in allergic			
 c) Helps in complement 	nt activation		
d) All of the above		E 744	
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite	e has longest incubation per		
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasito a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i>	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i>	c) <i>p. malariae</i>	d) <i>p. ovale</i>
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antib	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies?	
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antib cure	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy	d) <i>p. ovale</i> and light polypeptide chains
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antib	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies?	
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antib cure per antibody monomer	c) p. malariaeodies?b) Composed of heavyd) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antib cure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa	
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers?	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) <i>Plasmodium. vivax</i> 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the following a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers?	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for a sering (MRI) phy (CT)	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the Imaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite	c) <i>p. malariae</i> odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system,	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for elemanting (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barrie	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for elemanting (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barrie b) Cellular barriers	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for elemanting (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for elemanting (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers d) Cytokine barriers	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the elimaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above c) Saprophyte	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi d) None of these
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers d) Cytokine barriers 410. A transplant between in	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for the Imaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of rs	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray) d) All of the above c) Saprophyte	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi d) None of these C/HLA alleles is
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers d) Cytokine barriers 410. A transplant between if a) Autograft	e has longest incubation per b) <i>P.falciparum</i> is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the elimaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray d) All of the above c) Saprophyte	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi d) None of these
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers d) Cytokine barriers 410. A transplant between if a) Autograft 411. The function of IgE is	e has longest incubation per b) P.falciparum is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria wing techniques is used for the Imaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of rs ndividuals of the same special	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray) d) All of the above c) Saprophyte	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi d) None of these C/HLA alleles is
d) All of the above 404. Which malaria parasite a) Plasmodium. vivax 405. Which of the following a) Carbohydrate struct c) Three binding sites 406. AIDS is caused by a) Virus 407. Which one of the follow a) Magnetic Resonance c) Computed Tomogra 408. Plasmodium is a a) Symbiont 409. In the immune system, a) Physiological barries b) Cellular barriers c) Physical barriers d) Cytokine barriers 410. A transplant between if a) Autograft	e has longest incubation per b) P.falciparum is a characteristics of antiboure per antibody monomer b) Bacteria ving techniques is used for the Imaging (MRI) phy (CT) b) Parasite interferons are part of rs ndividuals of the same spectors b) Isograft esponse	c) p. malariae odies? b) Composed of heavy d) All of the above c) Protozoa the detection of cancers? b) Radiography (X-ray) d) All of the above c) Saprophyte	and light polypeptide chains d) Fungi d) None of these C/HLA alleles is

d) Stimulation of complement system	n nassive immunity of foe	nic			
d) Stimulation of complement system, passive immunity of foetus412. The primary and secondary immune responses are carried out with the help of					
a) Immunoglobulins b) T-lymp		a) and (b) d) Lysozy	mes		
413. Opium is extracted from	notytoo ty both (.) ana (e)			
\$100 man or 100 man or	er somniferum c) Vinca	rosea d) Azadir	achta indica		
414. Which of the following causes prosta					
a) Chromium b) Cadmiu		hloride d) Aflatox	kins		
415. Salmonella is related with					
a) Typhoid b) Polio	c) TB	d) Tetanu	ıs		
416. Diphtheria is caused by					
a) Poisons released by living bacteria	al cells into the host tissue	5			
b) Poisons released from dead bacte					
c) Poisons released by virus into hos	t tissues				
d) Excessive immune response by th	e host's body				
417. HIV can not be transmitted through	the following options exce	ot by			
a) Hugging	b) Sharin	g foods			
c) Using public toilet	d) Sharin	g razor blades			
418. Small proteins produced by vertebra	te cells naturally in respoi	se to viral infections and v	which inhibit		
multiplication of viruses are called					
a) Immunoglobulins b) Interfe	rons c) Antito	kins d) Lipopr	oteins		
419. In the metropolitan cities of India, m	any children are suffering	from allergy or asthma. Wh	nat are the main		
causes of this problem?					
I. Due to sensitivity to the environme	ent				
II. Because of the protected environment	nent provided early in life				
III. Modern-day life style					
III. Modelli-day ine style					
a) I and II b) I and II	I c) II and	III d) I, II and	d III		
R1 70		2.00			
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through percentages	rect statement regarding t eption and hallucinations	he particular psychotropic			
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system	rect statement regarding t eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations	he particular psychotropic			
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and of	rect statement regarding t eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations listurbed emotions	he particular psychotropic			
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and	rect statement regarding t eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations listurbed emotions temporary euphoria	he particular psychotropic	drug specified?		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve	rect statement regarding t eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs i	he particular psychotropic n the lungs) they fill the flu	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract o	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract o	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lun of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract o	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lun of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract o	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and d d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lun of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract con the most common sym	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lun of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b)	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract con the most common sym	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II b) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and c d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b)	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract con the most common sym	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cora) Hashish causes alter through perceptors b) Opium stimulates nervous systems c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria eoli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract confithe most common sym	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca ptoms of pneumonia	drug specified? id. When the uses the feeling		
a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cor a) Hashish causes alter through perc b) Opium stimulates nervous system c) Morphine leads to delusions and o d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alve alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used a) Western blotting b) Norther	rect statement regarding teption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria eoli (microscopic air sacs igs are less able to extract confithe most common sym	he particular psychotropic in the lungs) they fill the flu xygen from the air. This ca ptoms of pneumonia	drug specified? id. When the		
a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cora) Hashish causes alter through perceptors b) Opium stimulates nervous systems c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used a) Western blotting b) Norther 423. Which is not cancer?	rect statement regarding to eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria eoli (microscopic air sacs ings are less able to extract of the most common symmon blotting control of the control of the control of the most common symmon blotting control of the control	the particular psychotropic that the lungs) they fill the fluck exygen from the air. This can ptoms of pneumonia	drug specified? id. When the uses the feeling n blotting		
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a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cora) Hashish causes alter through perceptoby Opium stimulates nervous systems c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and d21. When the infection occurs in the alvealveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used a) Western blotting b) Northed 223. Which is not cancer? a) Leukaemia b) Trachod 424. DTP vaccine is given for	rect statement regarding to eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria coli (microscopic air sacs i gs are less able to extract confithe most common symmatria color colo	the particular psychotropic the lungs) they fill the flut exygen from the air. This ca ptoms of pneumonia ern blotting d) Easter	drug specified? id. When the uses the feeling n blotting		
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a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cora) Hashish causes alter through perceptors b) Opium stimulates nervous systems c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and 421. When the infection occurs in the alveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used a) Western blotting b) Norther 423. Which is not cancer? a) Leukaemia b) Trachor 424. DTP vaccine is given for a) Tetanus, polio, plague c) Diphtheria, pneumonia, tetanus 425. Sickle cell anaemia has not been elimal It is controlled by recessive genes	rect statement regarding to eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria eoli (microscopic air sacs ings are less able to extract of eof the most common symbol common	the particular psychotropic the lungs) they fill the fluckygen from the air. This captoms of pneumonia trn blotting d) Easter oma d) Sarcon eria, whooping cough and beria, whooping cough, teta opulation because t a fatal disease	id. When the uses the feeling n blotting		
a) I and II 420. Which one of the following is the cora) Hashish causes alter through perceptoby Opium stimulates nervous systems c) Morphine leads to delusions and d) Barbiturates cause relaxation and d21. When the infection occurs in the alvealveoli don't work efficiency, the lung of being short of breath, which is one The above paragraph is a) True b) False c) Sometimes (a) and sometimes (b) d) Neither (a) nor (b) 422. To confirm ELISA for AIDS, we used a) Western blotting b) Norther (a) Which is not cancer? a) Leukaemia b) Trachor (b) 424. DTP vaccine is given for a) Tetanus, polio, plague c) Diphtheria, pneumonia, tetanus 425. Sickle cell anaemia has not been elim	rect statement regarding to eption and hallucinations and causes hallucinations disturbed emotions temporary euphoria eoli (microscopic air sacs i gs are less able to extract of e of the most common symma c) Carcin b) Diphth d) Diphth dinated from the African politics not d) It is not aria d) It is not aria	the particular psychotropic that the lungs) they fill the flut exygen from the air. This captoms of pneumonia ern blotting d) Easter oma d) Sarcon eria, whooping cough and the eria, whooping cough, teta opulation because	id. When the uses the feeling n blotting		

a) T-lymphocyte	b) B-lymphocyte	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Antibodies
427. A person is injected with	globulin against hepatitis		
 a) Artificially acquired p 	assive immunity	b) Artificially acquired a	ctive immunity
c) Naturally acquired act	tive immunity	d) Naturally acquired pa	assive immunity
428. An alkaloid called 'Reser	pine' is extracted from		
 a) Leaves of ashwagandl 	na	b) Roots of sarpagandha	Ĭ.
c) Leaves of sarpagandh	a	d) Roots of ashwagandh	a
429. Human immunodeficiene	cy virus causes		
a) Acquired immuno def	iciency syndrome	b) Anthrax	
c) Tuberculosis		d) Polio	
430. In heavy smokers, the alv	veoil of the lungs are enlar	ged and damaged, which re	educes the surface area for
the exchange of respirate	ory gases. The condition is	called	
a) Asthma	b) Silicosis	c) Emphhysema	d) Insomnia
431. Entamoeba histolytica	feeds on		
a) Liver	b) Small intestine	c) Large intestine	d) WBCs
432. Identify the wrongly mat	tched pair.		
a) Typhoid - W	Vidal test		
b) Plague - V	iral disease		
c) Malignant malaria - Pa	lasmodium falciparum		
d) Common cold - R	Rhinovirus		
433. At which stage of HIV inf	ection does one usually sh	ows symptoms of AIDS?	
a) When viral DNA is pro	oduced by reverse transcr	iptase	
b) When HIV replicates r	apidly in helper T-lympho	cytes and damages large n	umber of these
c) With 15 days of sexua	l contact with an infected	person	
d) When the infecting re-		• Consenting to Consent	
434. Consider the following st			
I. Dead cells of the skin p			
II. Skin secretes oil that r			
III. Skin secretes sweat tl	hat makes surface acidic		
Which of the statement g	given above are correct?		
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
435. Symptoms of allergic rea	ction includes		350 33
a) Watery eyes		b) Running nose	
c) Respiratory complain	ts	d) All of these	
436. A person has developed	interferon in his body. He	seems to carry an infection	of
a) Typhoid	b) Filariasis	c) Malaria	d) Measles
437. Spread of AIDS is due to			
a) Infected needless and	syringes	b) Sexual contact with in	nfected person
c) Both (a) and (b)		d) Sharing public toilet	\$H
438. Human population grow	th is	•	
a) Lag	b) Stationary	c) Exponential	d) None of these
439. Malarial parasite is intro	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	전에 바다 아니아 마루 (C. 이 이 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아)	
a) Metacryptozoite	b) Schizont	c) Oocyte	d) Sporozoite
440. Expanded from of ELISA		, ,	
a) Enzyme Linked Immu		b) Enzyme Linked Ion Se	orbent Assav
c) Enzyme Linked Induc	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	d) None of the above	<u>-</u>
441. Elephantiasis causing or		,	
a) Aschelminthes	b) Platyhelminthes	c) Cnidaria	d) Porifera
442. Vaccination provides	~ j j neminitales	o) omaunu	a) 1 0111010
a) Natural immunity	h) Passive immunity	c) Roth (a) and (b)	d) Active immunity

443. Which of the following	is not hallucinogen?		
a) Heroin	b) LSD	c) Marijuana	d) Charas
444. Which one of the follow	ring acts as a physiological b	arrier to the entry of micro	oorganisms in human body?
a) Tears		b) Monocytes	
c) Skin		d) Epithelium of urogen	ital tract
445. The truck drivers usual	ly take		
a) Amphetamines	b) LSD	c) Caffeine	d) morphine
446. Short lived immunity a	equired from mother to foet	us across placenta or throu	ugh mother's milk to the
infant is categorized as			
a) Active immunity		b) Passive immunity	
c) Cellular immunity		d) Innate or non-specifi	c immunity
447. Cancer cells are more e	asily damaged by radiation	than normal cells because	they are
a) Starved of mutation		b) Undergoing rapid div	rision
 c) Different in structure 	9	d) Non-dividing	
448. Cattle fed with spoilt ha	y to sweet clover, which co	ntains dicumarol	
a) are healthier due to	good diet		
b) Catch infections easi	ly		
마스트	nin-K deficiency and prolon		
	-beri due to deficiency of vit		
449. Which of the following		oid arthritis? Choose the c	orrect option
I. Lymphocytes become			
II. Body attacks self cell			
III. More antibodies are	47		
	entiate pathogens or foreign		
a) I and II	b) II and IV	c) III and IV	d) I and III
450. In which of the following			
a) Hypochondria	b) Anxiety	c) Mood	d) Phobia
451. Warning signs of drug a			
I. Drop in academic per			
II. Absence from school			
III. Lack of interest in p	TOTAL COLUMN TO THE COLUMN TO	a alli aya haharrian	
a) I, II and III	n, fatigue, aggressive and rel b) I, III and IV	c) II, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV
452. How does antigen-dete		M. N	uj i, ii, iii anu iv
a) By its structure	b) By its location	c) By its function	d) All of these
453. Infective stage to man		150 B. B. C.	u) All of these
a) Miracidium	b) Redia	c) Microfilaria	d) Cercaria
454. Health is affected by	b) Redia	c) Micromana	u) derearia
I. genetic disorders			
II. infections			
III. life style			
	given above are correct?		
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
455. Normal cell have genes			A de-
<u> </u>	formed toC Here A, B ar		
	s, B-mutation, C-cancer caus		
	B-mutation, C-disease causii		
	-mutation, C-tomour causing		
d) None of the above	15%		
And the state of t	cillin of <i>Panicillium notatun</i>	was discovered by	

	a) Alexander Fleming	b) Howard Floxy	c) Robert Hooke	d) Carolus Linnaeus
457	. Amoebiasis is caused by			
	a) <i>Plasmodium</i>		b) Entamoeba histolytica	
80282	c) House files	2 20 2	d) Contaminated food and	
458		ugs can be used to reduce	allergic reaction due to una	voidable substances?
	I. Anti-histamine			
	II. Adrenaline			
	III. Steroids	52 87 C	14004001	- 2010 - 100 - 2000
	a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III
459		ne puberty but itB with	nage. Here A and B refers to	į
	a) A-large; B-reducing		b) A-small; B-increasing	
	c) A-large; B-disappear		d) A-not present; B-appea	ars
460	. Which one is not a sympto		25	
	a) Stools with excess muc	cous	b) Constipation	
	c) Abdominal pain		d) Nasal discharge	
461	. Choose the wrong statem			
	a) HIV has RNA as its gen			
	b) HIV replicates in T _H -ly			
		e partially effective for All		
	d) The time-lag between	the infection and appearar	nce of AIDS symptoms may v	vary from few hours to a
	week			
462	. Human health can be mai	ntained by		
	a) Balanced diet	b) Personal hygiene	c) Regular exercise	d) All of these
463	. Genetic counsellors can ic	dentify heterozygous indiv	riduals by	
	 a) Height of individuals 		b) Colour of individuals	
	c) Screening procedures		d) All of the above	
464	. Electric potential of the b	rain is recoreded by		
	a) CT scan		b) Sphygmomanometer	
	c) ECG		d) EEG	
465	. Jaundice is a disease of			
	a) Pancreas	b) Kidney	c) Liver	d) Duodenum
466	. T-lymphocytes differentia	ate and matured in		
	a) Bone marrow	b) Kidneys	c) Liver	d) Thymus gland
467	. Fever in malaria is due to			
	a) Release of merozoites	from RBCs	b) Entry of sporozoites in	to blood capillaries
	c) Entry of cryptomerozo	ites into RBCs	d) Entry of merozoites in	to liver cells
468	. The figure given below sh	ows an antibody molecule	e. Name the parts A , B and C	
	c —	A }		



- a) A-Antigen binding site, B-Heavy chain, C-Light chain
- b) A-Antibody binding site, B-Light chain, C-Heavy chain
- c) A-Antigen binding site, B-Short chain, C-Long chain
- d) A-Antibody binding site, B-Long chain, C-Short chain
- 469. A vaccine meant for protection against tuberculosis is





a) BCG	b) DPT	c) TT	d) BGC
470. Which one of the	following pairs is not correctly r		Star - Starten Starten
	Pernicious anaemia	b) Vitamin-B ₆	Loss of appetite
	Beri-beri	d) Vitamin-B ₂	
471. An example of lic			
a) Glioblastoma	◆ englished on the englished of the englished on the eng	b) Adenocarcinoma	
c) Chondrosarco	ma	d) Myelocytic leukaem	nia
	porin' used for organ transplant p		
a) Bacterium	b) Fungus	c) Virus	d) Plant
	a particular type of disease by its	POLICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	Fate 3 (40) 745 (80) (47)
a) proboscis	b) Mandible	c) Salivary gland	d) None of these
	owing disease caused internal blo		
intestinal passag			J
a) Ascariasis	b) Filariasis	c) Amoebiasis	d) Trypanosomiasis
	owing statement is not true abou		3
a) HIV is a contag	5	The contract of the contract o	
	l and destroy the immune systen	1	
75	ytotoxic cells of immune system		
d) AIDS was first	reported in 1981		
476. Ascariasis is caus	sed by an endoparasite of human	A commonly calledE	3 Here A and B refers to
a) A-Ascaris suu		b) A-Ascaris lumbrico	
c) A-Ascaris wor	m; B-flatworm	d) A-Ascaris secernen	<i>tea</i> ; B-liver worm
477. Aedes aegypati i	s a vector for		
a) Both dengue a	nd yellow fever	b) Dengue fever	
c) Yellow fever		d) Japanese encephali	tis
478. Mainly allergic re	eactions occur in		
a) Metro cities	b) Urban areas	c) Rural areas	d) None of these
479. Which one of the	following non-infectious disease	e is the major cause of deat	h in humans?
a) Cancer	b) AIDS	c) Asthma	d) Typhoid
480. Which is correct	pair of pathogen and its vector?		
a) <i>Plasmodium a</i>	and Anopheles	b) <i>Plasmodium and cu</i>	ılex
c) Virus and And	pheles	d) Protozoan and Aed	es
481. Haemozoin is rel	eased into blood during the infed	ction of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i>	at every
a) 24 h	b) 48 h	c) 72 h	d) 12 h
482. The opposite to a	acquired immunity is		
a) Active immun	ity b) Passive immunity	c) Innate immunity	d) B-cell immunity
483. Hepatitis-B vacci	ne is produced from		
a) Yeast	b) Bacteriophase	c) Bacteria	d) All of these
484. Sphygmomanom	eter measures		
a) Nerve conduc		b) Heart beat rate	
c) Blood pressur		d) Pulse rate	
485. Take the odd one			
a) Rabies, influer		b) Amoebiasis, giardia	
	ariasis, elephantiasis	d) Cancer, tuberculosi	s, tetanus
	to increase cardiovascular effects		
a) Cocaine	b) Barbiturate	c) Benzodiazepine	d) Insulin
487. Magic bullets are		9000000 80 000 N	
a) Recombinant		b) Monoclonal antiboo	lies
c) Chemotherapy	y drugs for cancer	d) Anabolic steroids	

		viruses and bacteria that c	an cause sickness. Which cell
is a part of immune sys		a) Marria calla D. calla	d) All of the above
a) White memory	b) Red blood T-cells	c) Nerve cells B-cells	d) All of the above
489. Which one of the follow			
a) Vitamin-A-Fat solub		b) Vitamin-K- Fat solub	
c) Vitamin-A- Fat solub		d) Vitamin-K- Water so	nuble-Pellagra
490. In India, AIDS was repo		-) 1000	1) 1002
a) 1932	b) 1986	c) 1990	d) 1992
491. Immunological destruc	tion of body tissue or its pro	ducts due to antibodies r	eacting with it as foreign
antigen is called		12 4	
a) Immunodeficiency d	isease	b) Auto-immune diseas	se
c) Prophylaxis	-t-ttttt	d) None of the above	
492. Consider the following			
[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]	xcreted along with contamin	리아시트를 맞았다면 없는 것이 없었다. (12 Hell of Lage Lage Control of Lage Control of Lage Control of Lage Control of Lage Co	ts
Till the state of	through contaminated vege	etable fruits and water	
Choose the correct com		a) I Tura II Falaa	d) I Falsa, II Tura
a) I-True; II-True	b) I-False; II-False	c) I-True; II-False	d) I-False; II-True
493. Anaemia is due to defic		-) M-	ar ce
a) Ca	b) Fe	c) Mg	d) P
494. Which of the following			J) Truck all I
a) Dengue fever	b) Encephalitis	c) Filariasis	d) Typhoid
495. HIV belongs to which o			D.I tii
a) Retrovirus	b) Togavirus	c) Adenovirus	d) Lentivirus
496. Neurasthenia refers to	e le colele		
a) Undue concern abou			
b) Traumatic experience			
c) Disorder of sensory	TE 10-714		
	oncentrate on or enjoy thing	* atta	
497. Grafting of tissue or org		70 mm	J. All G
a) Autograft	b) Isograft	c) Xenograft	d) Allograft
498. Passive immunization i		h) Tuon of on of most own	l autibadias asusas ulasauta ta
a) Transfer of lymphoc	yte directly		l antibodies across placenta to
a) Introduction of anti-	adia	the foetus d) Both (b) and (c)	
c) Introduction of antib			aby?
499. Ultrasound of how muc a) 30-45 MHz	b) 15-30 MHz	c) 1-15 MHz	d) 45-70 MHz
500. The tests that are used			u) 43-70 MHZ
a) ELISA and immunob		b) Northern blot and E	LICA
c) ELISA and southern		d) Western blot and EL	
501. The complexes formed			
970		b) Monocytes and B-lyi	(- 2)
 a) Eosinophils and T_c c c) Eosinophils and more 		d) Eosinophils and bas	
502. If a person is feeding or	7	15: 5	opinis
a) Nightblindness	b) Scurvy	c) Rickets	d) Beri-beri
503. <i>Plasmodium</i> life cycle		c) Rickets	d) Bell-bell
The state of the s		a) Poth (a) and (b)	d) Nana of these
a) Digenetic	b) Monogenetic	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these
504. The method , which yie ionizing radiations is	ius tile best pictoriai irom a	na ades not expose the pa	dent to potentially harmful
a) X-ray radiography		b) Angiography	
	hv		imaging
c) Computed tomograp	пу	d) Magnetic resonance	magmg

	eficiency Virus (HIV)				
I. belongs to the group retrovirus					
II. has RNA genom	II. has RNA genome enclosed in an envelope				
Which of the state	ements given above are correct?				
a) Only I	b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these		
506. Physical carcinoge		SPA 🗸 S PROCESSON AND COMPANY			
a) UV-rays	b) X-rays	c) γ-rays	d) All of these		
	after an infection is called	·) [- · · · ·	,		
a) Active immunit		c) Passive immunity	d) None of these		
	wing method is used for detection		a) None of these		
a) Competitive EL		b) Indirect or sandwich	FIICA		
c) Antibody class		d) All of the above	LLISA		
509. Antibody product	AND THE SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAM	u) All of the above			
5.5		a) T kumuha autaa	d) Dhagaguta		
a) Monocytes	b) Natural killer cells	c) T-lymphocytes	d) Phagocyte		
	wing substances can cure Parkir		D 61		
a) GABA	b) Acetylcholine	c) Dopamine	d) Glutamic acid		
511. Tetunas disease is					
a) Virus	b) Bacteria	c) Fungi	d) Mycoplasma		
512. Interferon is a typ					
a) Anti-bacterial p		b) Anti-viral protein			
c) Complex protei		d) Anti-clotting protein	Ľ		
513. Humoral immunit					
a) Antibody media	ate immunity	b) Non-specific immun	e response		
c) Antigen mediat	ed immunity	d) None of the above			
514. Select the true sta	tements				
I. Cancer can be de	etected by the use of antibodies	against cancer specific anti	gens for certain type of cancer		
II. The tumour cel	ls are surgically removed to red	uce the load of cancerous c	ells		
III. Certain chemo	therapeutic drugs are used to ki	ll the cancerous cells, but n	najority of the drugs have side		
affects like hair lo					
	ss, anaemia, etc.				
a) I and II	ss, anaemia, etc. b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III		
a) I and II	b) I and III		1,400 m 200		
a) I and II 515. The type of antibo			1. A		
a) I and II 515. The type of antibo is	b) I and III ody present in colostrum secrete	d by mammary gland durir	ng the initial days of lactation		
a) I and II 515. The type of antibo is a) IgA	b) I and III ody present in colostrum secrete b) IgM	d by mammary gland during c) IgG	1. A		
a) I and II 515. The type of antibo is a) IgA 516. Increased asthma	b) I and III ody present in colostrum secrete b) IgM atic attacks in certain seasons ar	d by mammary gland during c) IgG re related to	ng the initial days of lactation d) IgE		
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522. Common symptoms of amoebiasis are			
a) Constipation, stool with blood clots	b) Abdominal pain and c	b) Abdominal pain and cramp	
c) Weakness	d) All of the above		
523. Foetal abnormalities are caused by			
a) LSD b) Opium	c) Nicotine	d) Alcohol	
524. Activity of brain is recorded by	5 m	Construction of the Construction of Construction	
a) ECG b) EEG	c) MET	d) CT	
525. MRI is not allowed in the following conditions exc	ept one. Identify the exception	on	
a) Presence of pace-maker in the body			
b) Pregnant women			
c) Person suffering from stroke			
d) Presence of metallic plate in the body from trea	tment of broken bones		
526. Antibody			
a) Induce formation of antigen	b) Helps in production o	f WBCs	
c) Is formed by WBC	d) None of the above		
527. The AIDS virus spreads by decreasing			
a) Killer T-cells b) Helper T-cells	c) Suppressor T-cells	d) Carrier T-cells	
528. Which one of the following disease is sexually tran	smitted disease		
a) Cancer b) Syphilis	c) Diphtheria	d) Myocarditis	
529. Consider the following statements			
I. Cocaine interferes with the transport of the neur	otransmitter dopamine		
II. It is usually taken by sniffing and snorting			
III. It has a potential stimulating action on the cent	ral nervous system		
Which of the statements given above are correct?			
a) I and II b) I and III	c) II and III	d) I, II and III	
530. Which of the following disease is caused by bacter	ia Salmonella typhi?		
a) Typhoid b) Pneumonia	c) Malaria	d) Cold	
531. Which one of the following is used for external app		sy?	
a) Rice bran oil b) Neem seed oil	c) Cotton seed oil	d) Groundnut oil	
532. Incubation period of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> is			
a) 14 days b) 30 days	c) 40 days	d) 32 days	
533. The antibody dependent cytotoxicity is seen in			
a) Generalized anaphylaxis	b) Local anaphylaxis		
c) Non-compatible blood transfusion	d) Immune complex read	ction	
534. The letter T in T-lymphocyte refers to			
a) Thyroid b) Thalamus	c) Tonsil	d) Thymus	
535. Which of the following pairs is correct?			
a) <i>E. coli - Entamoeba histolytica</i>	b) <i>Culex</i> - Elephantia		
c) Bed bug - Kala-azar	d) Plasmodium - sleepi	ng sickness	
536. Which of the following are symptoms of radiation			
a) Red and ulcered skin	b) Nausea and loss of ha		
c) Nausea and anaemia	d) Ulcered skin, anaemia	i, nausea and loss of hair	
537. Amniocentesis detects) II	12.411 6.1	
a) Deformity in brain b) Deformity in heart	c) Hereditary diseases	d) All of these	
538. Removal or absence of thymus in early life shall be			
a) Lack of laymphocytes	b) Lack of antibodies		
c) Lack of lymph nodes	d) All of these		
539. Which of the following is an opiate narcotic?	a) Ammhatausiusa	d) Danhitumataa	
a) Morphine b) LSD	c) Amphetamines	d) Barbiturates	



a) Lead bead	l b) Lead zircon ten referred in relation to All	POWER 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	d) None of these
a) Adrenal	b) Thyroid	c) Thymus	d) Pituitary
542. LSD is deriv		c, m, mas	ay i reareary
a) <i>Claviceps</i>		as putida c) Cannabis indica	d) Cannabis sativa
	g the following is an autoimn		ay samasa saara
a) Rheumat	70 m		
b) AIDS			
c) Hepatitis	В		
d) Swine flu			
	following disorders is not he	ereditary?	
a) Haemoph	2	c) Sickle cell anaemia	d) Colour blindness
one and the second souls.	following diseases is not cau		•
a) Mumps	b) Rabies	c) AIDS	d) Tuberculosis
		y to digestive tract against antigen	20 A TO 10 CO 10 C
a) IgA	b) IgD	c) IgG	d) IgE
	f diseases carried (transmitte	SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	, ,
5 2	aundice, tuberculosis	b) Mumps, measles, si	mallpox
100 to	ringworm, swine flu	d) Malaria, filaria, yell	grant and a market of the contract of the cont
548. Which one o	f the following diseases is co	mmunicable?	
a) Rickets	b) Amoebiasis		d) Cancer
549. Plasmodiur	a completes its life cycle in	80	E3
a) One host	b) Two host	c) Multiple host	d) None of these
550. 'Mammalian	thymus' is mainly concerned	l with	
a) Regulatio	n of body temperature	b) Regulation of body	growth
c) Immunol	ogical functions	d) Secretion of thyrot	ropin
551. Match the co	rrect combination		
a) <i>Leishama</i>	<i>nia donovani</i> Sleeping si	ckness b) Wuchereria bancro	ofit Filariasis
c) <i>Amoeba</i> j	proteus Kala-azar	d) <i>Anopheles maculiț</i>	oennis Malaria
552. Transmission	n of HIV occurs by		
I. sexual con	tact with infected person		
II. transfusio	n of contaminated blood		
	nfected needless		
IV. from infe	cted mother to her baby thro	ugh placenta	
Which of the	statements given above are	correct?	
a) I and II	b) I and III	c) II, III and IV	d) I, II, III and IV
	following is a viral disease?		
a) TB	b) Diphtheria	c) Small pox	d) All of these
554. Cirrhosis is			
	elated disease	b) Smoke related dise	
그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그	related disease	d) Polluted air related	
		survive independently and requir	es another hepatitis virus for
its multiplic			
a) Hepatitis		virus c) Hepatitis-C virus	d) Hepatitis-D virus
	sage of cocaine causes		
a) Hallucina		b) Respiratory disord	ers
	cular failure	d) All of these	
	elephantiasis is caused by	~	15 147
a) Protozoa		c) Virus	d) Worm
558. Which of the	following causes cancer of v	agina?	

a) Cadmium oxide	b) Diethyl stilbestrol	c) Aflatoxin	d) Vinyl chloride
559. Cyclosporin A, which is			7
a) <i>Aspergillus</i>	b) <i>Clostridium</i>	c) Saccharomyces	d) <i>Trichoderma</i>
560. AIDS virus contains			
a) RNA with protein		b) RNA with protein	
c) DNA without protein		d) DNA only	
561. In a g raph of populatio	n, on x-axis time and on y-a		A parallal line to x-axis shows
 a) Natality increases m 		b) Natality equal to mo	
c) Natality decreases m	_	d) Natality constant mo	ortality increases
562. Antipoison against snal	ke venom contains		
a) Antigen		b) Antibody	
c) Hormone		d) Enzyme substrate co	omplex
563. Which one of the follow			
a) Measles	b) Chicken pox	c) Rabies	d) Tuberculosis
564. Where will you look for		17	
a) RBCs of humans suff	Tanggangg 1 20 08 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	b) Spleen of infected pe	
c) Salivary glands of free	157	d) Saliva of infected fer	nale <i>Anopheles</i> mosquito
Anopheles mosquito			
565. The lymph nodes			
	ares throughout the body		
459		oing bacteria, viruses and o	other antigens, which are them
destroyed by lymphocy		_	
	s given above is/are correct		
a) Only I	b) Only II	c) I and II	d) None of these
566. Active immunity may b			
a) Natural infection	b) Vaccines	c) Toxoids	d) All of these
567. Which of the following	27.0		
a) Sonography	b) CT-Scan	c) NMR	d) ECG
568. Smokeless tobacco caus		3.B. 155	15.77
a) Oral cancer	b) Lung cancer	c) Bronchitis	d) Heart disease
569. The treatment of snake	2000 Bit 2000	150	
a) Artificially acquired		b) Artificially acquired	
c) Naturally acquired p	assive immunity	d) Specific natural imm	lunity
570. ECG is a measure of		17 D:00 . 1	1
a) Rate of heart beat	3	b) Difference in electric	.
c) Volume of blood pur		d) Ventricular contract	ion
571. Which of the following	해 보고 10mm (10mm) - 10mm (10mm		data
a) A new blood vessels	formation	b) Uncontrolled cell division	
c) Both (a) and (b)	and for avadigation of magaz	d) Controlled cell divisi	
572. The carnivorous fish us	b) <i>Anabas</i>	c) Rohu	
a) Gambusia573. Which of the following			d) <i>Catla catla</i>
a) Perspiration occurs	options is not appropriate i	of affixiety disorder:	
b) Distorted thoughts			
	son reacts very strongly to	any cituation of etroce	
TABLE TO SELECT AND A TABLE TO SELECT AND A		any situation of stress	
d) Heart beats increase 574. The intermediate host			
a) Snail	b) Mosquito	c) Housefly	d) Sheep
575. A male showing aggres		5.5	
	ist enlargement premature		

	a) Anabolic steroids	b) Heroin	c) Marijuana	d) Morphine
576.	Alteration of which genes	leads to cancer?		
	a) Cell proliferation gene(b) Tumour suppressor ge	ne
	c) Tumour virus gene		d) All of the above	
577.		g can help in the diagnosis		
97666	a) ELISA	b) ABO blood group	c) PCR	d) NMR
578	Cells involved in immune		c) I dit	uj min
570.	a) Leukocytes	b) Blood platelets	c) Thrombocytes	d) All of these
579	Vaccine for tuberculosis is		c) Thrombocytes	a) In or these
577.	a) PAS vaccine	b) BCG vaccine	c) OPV	d) DPT
580		es of cancer including canc		u) Di i
500.	a) Lungs	b) Urinary bladder	c) Throat	d) All of these
581			in and transmitted by mosc	550
501.	a) Pneumonia	b) Malaria	c) Filariasis	d) Typhoid
502		ontrol programme launched		a) Typhola
302.	a) 1955	b) 1976	c) 1901	d) 1987
E02	AND THE PARTY OF T			u) 1907
505.		causing tuberculosis and le	S 1 1	d) War D
F04	a) Cholesterol	b) Ergosterol	c) Prostaglandins	d) Wax-D
584.	Hela cells used in cell biol			
	- 1987 B 1986. - 1987 B 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1986 1	in cancer research laborate	ory	
	b) Cervical cancer cell der	rivatives		
	c) Both (a) and (b)			
	d) None of the above			
585.	Plasmodium, a small prot			
0.000	a) Malaria	b) Filariasis	c) Amoebiasis	d) Typhoid
586.	A non-communicable dise		2 _ 2 2	20 20
1902/00/00/	a) Measles	b) Rabies	c) Diphtheria	d) Diabetes
587.	Innate immunity is also ca			
	a) Familial	b) Inborn	c) Genetic	d) All of these
588.	HIV affects in AIDS pa			
	a) Cytotoxic cells	b) Killer T-cells	c) Suppressor cell	d) Helper T-cell
589.	VCRC stands for			
	a) Vaccine Creation Resea		b) Vector Control Researc	
	c) Venum Control Research	ch Center	d) Vital Chemical Release	
590.	Quinine used for treatmer	nt of malarial fever, is extra	cted form	
	a) <i>Atropa belladona</i>		b) Cinchona officinalis	
	c) Aconitum napellus		d) Rauwolffia serpentina	
591.	Which of the following is a	an example is an example o	f carcinoma?	
	a) Melanoma cancer of sk	in	b) Cancer of lymph gland	
	c) Cancer of muscle		d) Cancer of blood	
592.	Which Ig is produced in p	rimary immune response?		
	a) IgA	b) IgE	c) IgG	d) IgM
593.	Peyer's patches are found	in		
	a) Liver	b) Small intestine	c) Large intestine	d) Spleen
594.	The filariasis pathogens a	re transmitted to a healthy	person through the bite of	495 1589 []
	a) Female mosquito	b) Housefly	c) Cockroach	d) None of these
595.	Biolistic technique is used		5%	秦3
	a) Tissue culture process		b) Gene transfer process	
	c) Hybridization process		d) Germplasm conservation	on process
596	Which one of the followin	g is protozoan disease?		



a) Polio b) AIDS c) Taeniasis d) Malaria 597. Consider the following statements about AIDS. I. AIDS patient become easily infected by bacteria, viruses and even parasites II. The person is unable to protect himself against any infection III. National AIDS Control Organisation (NACO) and non-governmental organization are trying their best to educate people about AIDS Which of the statements given above are correct? b) I and III a) I and II c) II and III d) I, II and III 598. A certain patient is suspected to be suffering from acquired immuno deficiency syndrome. Which diagnostic technique will you recommend for its detection d) ELISA b) Ultra Sound c) WIDAL 599. The causative agent of mad-cow disease is a a) Bacterium b) Prion c) Worm d) Virus 600. Which one of the following is not the property of cancerous cells? a) They do not require extracellular growth factors b) They do not remain confined in the area of c) They show contact inhibition d) They divide in an uncontrolled manner 601. Regarding lymphocytes consider the following statement I. The T-lymphocytes form Cell Mediated Immune System (CMIS) II. The T-lymphocytes cells do not secrete antibodies but help the B-lymphocyte cell to produce them Which of the statement given above is/are correct? a) Only I b) Only II c) I and II d) None of these 602. HIV was reported in 1981 and isolated by c) Robert Hook a) Pasteur b) Mantagnier d) Hansen 603. In the sigmoid curve of growth, the alphabets indicate the sequence of events. Choose the correct option where the alphabet specifies the event. a) A-Phase of slow growth B- Phase of exponential growth C- Phase of diminishing growth D-Stationary phase b) A- Phase of rapid growth B- Phase of diminishing growth C- Stationary phase D- Phase of slow growth c) A- Diminishing growth B- exponential growth C- Slow growth D- Stationary phase d) A- Stationary phase B- Phase of slow growth C- Phase of rapid growth D- Phase of diminishing growth 604. Ascaris is also known as

c) Tapeworm



b) Flatworm

a) Roundworm

d) Liverworm

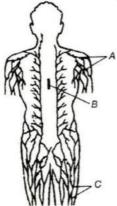
- 605. Which of the following helps in differentiation of cells of the immune system
 - a) Thymosin
- b) Thyroxine
- c) Cortisol
- d) Steroid

- 606. Common symptoms of typhoid are
 - a) High fever and weakness

b) Stomach pain and constipation

c) Headache and loss of appetite

- d) All of the above
- 607. The immune system may at times reject certain tissues of a person's own body as 'non-self'. This breakdown of the body's self-recognition system is called ...A... The auto-immune reactions cause a variety of diseases known asB...C... is an autoimmune disease. The most appropriate option providing A, B and C correctly is
 - a) A-autoimmunity, B-autoimmune disease, C-rheumatoid arthritis
 - b) A-immunodeficiency, B-immunodeficiency disease, C-AIDS
 - c) A-severe combined immunodeficiency, B-congenital disease, C-Addison's disease
 - d) A-autoimmunity, B-secondary immunodeficiency disease, C-diabetes
- 608. The word NACO stands for
 - a) National AIDS Control Organisation
 - b) Non-Governmental AIDS Control Organisation
 - c) National Agrochemical Organisation
 - d) Both (b) and (c)
- 609. Ringworm is caused by
 - a) Bacteria
- b) Virus
- c) Protozoa
- d) Fungi
- 610. Given below the diagrammatic representation of lymph nodes



Label A, B and C

- a) A-Lymph nodes, B-Thymus, C-Lymphatic vessels
- b) A-Lymphatic vessels, B-Thyroid, C-Lymph nodes
- c) A-Tonsils, B-Peyer's patchs, C-Lymphatic vessels
- d) A-Tonsils, B-Thymus, C-Peyer's patches
- 611. Consider the following four statements (I-IV) regarding kidney transplant and select the two correct ones out of these.
 - I .Even if a kidney transplant is proper the recipient may need to take immuno-suppressants for a long time.
 - II. The cell-mediated immune response is responsible for the graft rejection.
 - III. The B-lymphocytes are responsible for rejection of the graft.
 - IV. The acceptance or rejection of a kidney transplant depends on specific interferons.

The two correct statements are

- a) II and III
- b) III and IV
- c) I and III
- d) I and II
- 612. The rejection of organ transplanting in humans is prevented by using
 - a) Aspirin
- b) Cyclosporine
- c) Calcitionin
- d) Thrombin





613. Examination of blood of a person	suspected of having anaemia, shows large, immature, nucleated
erythrocytes without haemoglobi	n. Supplementing his diet with which of the following, is likely to
alleviate his symptoms?	
a) Thiamine	b) Folic acid and cobalamine
c) Riboflavin	d) Iron compounds
Seast miles in the first and a consequence of the c	

614. The inability to distinguish between self cells and non-self cells may lead to a) Hypersensitivity b) Immunodeficiency

c) Autoimmune disease d) Allergy

615. What is the most abundant and fastest chemical released by mast cell?

a) Historian

b) Serotonia

c) Roth (a) and (b)

d) Cyto

a) Histamine b) Serotonin c) Both (a) and (b) d) Cytokine



HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE

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329)	b	330)	d	331)	a	332)	d	477)	a	478)	a	479)	a	480)	a
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473)	a	474)	a	475)	C	476)	b								

NEET BIOLOGY

HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE

: HINTS AND SOLUTIONS :

1 (c)

The flower tops leaves and the resin of the plant *Cannabis sativa* are used in various combinations to produce marijuana, hashish, charas and ganja. Generally taken by inhalation and oral ingestion, these are known for their effect on cardiovascular system of the body. A group of chemicals **cannabinoids** interact with cannabinoids receptors present principally in the brain. Natural cannabinoids are obtained from the inflorescence of the plant *Cannabis sativa*.

2 (a)

Typhoid is caused by pathogenic bacterium *Salmonella typhi*. It is spread by contaminated food and water.

Pneumonia is caused by bacteria *Streptococcus* pneumoniae and *Haemophilus influenza*. It is spread by inhaling droplets/aerosol from infected persons and sharing glasses and utensils with an infented person

3 (d)

Malaria, amoebiasis and sleeping sickness all are protozoan diseases caused by the protozoans *Plasmodium, Amoeba* and *Trypanosoma* respectively.

4 (c)

Antibody is connected with immune system. Blymphocytes or B-cells produce an army of proteins called antibodies in blood, in response to pathogens

5 (a)

Vaccination schedule for babies (for first six months) comprises-

Age	Vaccination	Three Dose
Birth- 12 month s	DTP- Hib(diphtheria, whooping cough/pertussis and tetanus)and	$1\frac{1}{1}, 2\frac{2}{2}, 3\frac{1}{2}$ months

Haemophilus influenzae type-B Polio	$1\frac{1}{2}, 2\frac{1}{2}, 3\frac{1}{2}$ months
Hepatitis-B and A BCG against TB(Bacillus Calmette Guerin)	Birth, 1 month, 6 months
,	One dose

(a)

Interferons block viral reproduction in healthy cells

7 (c)

Histamine is released from mast cells during allergic reactions. Histamine can occur in various tissues but is concentrated in connective tissue. It is formed from the amino acids histidine . It causes dilation and increases permeability of small blood vessels, which results in such symptoms as localised swelling, itching, sneezing and runny eyes and nose.

8 **(b)**

The acquisition of the antibodies in colostrum by an infant is an example of (naturally acquired) passive immunity. The yellowish fluid colostrum secreted by mother during the initial days of lactation has abundant antibodies (IgA) to protect the infant

9 **(b)**

IgA.

IgA antibody is secretory antibody and is present abundantly in mucous linings of gastrointestinal, respiratory and genitourinary tracts, tears, colostrum and saliva. Thus, secretory IgA contributes to the humoral defense mechanism against the pathogens on mucosal surfaces

10 (a

Mast cells are involved in inflammatory reactions and immediate sensitivity allergic reactions because immunoglobulins IgE is found to the surface of mast cells and release histamine.



The enzymes used for labelling in ELISA include horse radish peroxidase, alkaline phosphataes, β -galactosidase, lactoperoxidase, etc.

12 **(c)**

The symptoms of pneumonia includes fever, chills, cough and headache. In severe cases, the lips and finger nails may turn gray to bluish in colour

13 (a)

Blood cells are made in the bone marrow. Erythrocytes or red blood cells, are constantly being produced and released from marrow tissue. Leukocytes or white blood cells are also produced in the bone marrow. B-cells are leukocytes that are made and mature in the bone marrow while T-cells mature in thymus

14 **(b)**

The tendency of the body to manifest a characteristic and unpleasant withdrawal syndrome on abrupt discontinuation of regular dose of drugs/alcohol is called dependence

15 (c)

Rhinovirus represents one such group of viruses, which causes one of the most infectious human ailments- the common cold. They infect the nose and respiratory passage. Symptoms of common cold are nasal congestion and discharge, sore throat, hoarseness, cough, headache, tiredness, etc.

16 (d)

Mast cells play a critical role in allergy and inflammation. Allergy is due to the release of chemicals like histamine and serotonin from the mast cells

17 **(b)**

The term humor refers to plasma and lymph. **B-lymphocytes** mature within the bone marrow. The progeny of B-cells differentiate into memory B-cells and effector B-cells called plasma cells. A single plasma cell can secrete more than 2000 molecule of antibody per second. Secreted antibodies are major effector molecules of humoral immunity.

18 (a)

The second line of non-specific defence is primarily dependent upon neutrophils and macrophages, phagocytic white cells (phagocytes) in blood and lymph. Natural killer cells (NK-cells) also participate in it. The temperature response results in a fever that stimulates phagocytosis,

inhibits microbial growth and reduces blood iron levels.

19 (a)

BCG vaccine is used against TB (tuberculosis), which is a bacterial disease caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. BCG vaccine was developed by **Calmette** and **Guerin**.

20 (b)

Allergens are non-infections foreign substances that cause allergic reaction. The common allergens are dust, pollen, mould spores, fabrics, lipsticks, nailpaints, fur, heat, bacteria, etc. Allergy involves mainly the secretion of IgE antibodies and histamine. The allergy causes marked dilation of all the peripheral blood vessels.

21 (c)

A-Carbon monoxide; B-Oxygen.

Smoking increases carbon monoxide (CO) content in the blood and reduces the concentration of haembound oxygen. This causes oxygen deficiency in the body

22 (c)

The function of T-cells is to provide immunity (cellular type) and not to scavenge damaged cells and cells and cell debris. These are produced in bone marrow and mature in thymus. Hence, the only true statement is that there are three types of T-cells, i.e., cytotoxic, helper and suppressor.

23 (a)

The thymus is a lobed organ located near the heart and beneath the breast bone, consisting mainly of lymphatic tissue and serving as the site of T-cell differentiation

24 (c)

Pathogenic bacteria cause illness by producing toxins. These toxins (poisons) are of two types **extoxins** and **endotoxins**. Exotoxins are proteins secreted by the bacterial cells, they are sensitive to chemical, light and heat, *e.g.*, **Tetanus** and **Diphtheria** causing bacteria

25 (a)

Pertussis (whooping coug) is caused by bacterium Brodetalla Pertussis, (whooping cough) is caused by bacterium *Bordetella pertussis*, a rod shaped Gram(-)ve bacterium. It is the most dangerous disease of childhood, and affects respiratory passage resulting in there inflammation in association with cold cough, etc.





26 **(b)**

Amoebiasis is an infection of intestine caused by the parasite *Entamoeba histolytica*

27 (c)

Nervous system and endocrine system directly influence our immune system. Our immune system have three line of defence when it comes to fighting illnesses and infectious diseases

28 (c)

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) technique was developed by Felix Block and Edward M Purcell. This technique relies on the Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR). MRI detects water because it focuses on the behaviour of hydrogen atoms in water molecule. It is especially useful in studying brain and spinal cord. Scapula and canine are osteocytic structures with negligible water content so, they do not appear in MRI

29 (a

The primary lymphoid organs are bone marrow and thymus. The secondary lymphoid organs are spleen, lymph nodes, tonsils, Peyer's patches of small intestine and appendix

30 (c

The chemical compounds which are produced as by –products of cellular metabolism and are not essential for the survival and growth of organisms, which produce them are called secondary metabolite, *e.g.*, alkaloids, steroids, tannins, resins, antibiotics, etc.

31 (a)

Morphine is a potent opiate analgesic drug that is used to relieve severe pain. Morphine is the most abundant opiate found in opium, the dried latex extracted by shallowly slicing the unripe seed pods of the *Papaver somniferum poppy*

32 **(b)**

Recombinant DNA technology has allowed the production of antigenic polypeptides of pathogen in bacteria or yeast. Vaccines produced using this approach in bacteria or yeast, allow large scale production and hence greater availability for immunization, *e. g.*, hepatitis-B vaccine produced from yeast

33 (a)

For determining the cause of allergy, the patient is exposed to or injected with very small doses of possible allergens, and the reactions studied

34 (a)

Tunnel vision is associated with alcoholism. Tunnel vision is the loss of peripheral vision with retention of central vision resulting in a constructed circular tunnel like field of vision.

35 (d)

Liver is not a part of the secondary lymphatic system. The secondary lymphoid organs are spleen, lymph nodes, tonsils, Peyer's patches of small intestine and appendix

36 (c)

Release of a toxic substance, haemozoin is responsible for chill and high malarial fever

37 **(d)**

Bombykol or gyplure is a insect pheromone.

38 **(b)**

Antibiotic is a substance produced by microorganism that even in low concentration can inhibit or kill other microorganism, *e.g.*, penicillin produced by the fungus *Penicillium chrysogenum* prevents the reproduction of many bacteria by preventing cell wall synthesis.

39 (d)

Carcinoma is a malignant or metastatic tumour. It can extend to the neighbouring cells, this process is called as metastasis. These tumours are generally lacated in epithelial tissue and glands, *e.g.*, breast cancer, skin cancer, stomach cancer, lung cancer, pancreas cancer, etc.

40 (c)

Edward Jenner is recognized as father of Immunology.

Louis Pasteur is recognized as father of Microbiology.

Robert Koch is considered as father of Bacteriology.

41 (a)

Heroin or smack is obtained by acetylation of morphine as a white, odourless, bitter, crystalline compound

42 (a)

During organ transplantation, to prevent rejection of donor organ, the recipient is given immunosuppressant drugs having challenging β –cells (plasma cells.). These antibodies are called monoclonal antibodies.





Innate immunity is present from the birth and it is inherited from parents. It is non-specific

44 (d)

Techniques like radiography (use of X-rays). CT (Computed Tomography) and MRI (Magnetic Resonance Imaging) are very useful to detect cancers of the internal organs. Computed tomography uses X-rays to generate a three-dimensional image of the internals of an object MRI uses strong magnetic fields and non-ionising radiations to accurately detect pathological and physiological changes in the living tissues

45 **(a)**

Polymorpho-nuclear leukocytes

46 (a)

Night blindness (nyctalopia) is caused due o deficiency of vitamin-A. The parent substance of vitamin-A is β -carotene, which is called a provitamin. It is obtained from fish, liver, oils, milk, carrot, spinach, tomatoes, etc.

47 (c

Malaria is widely known human disease caused by infection with pathogenic protozoan, the *Plasmodium.* Female *Anopheles* mosquitoes transmit *Plasmodium* from person to person.

48 **(c)**

Physicological barriers like body temperature, pH of the body fluid and various body **secretion** (saliva, tears) prevent the growth of many disease causing microorganisms.

49 (a)

Alcoholism is dependency of a person on regular consumption of alcohol. In this cerebellum becomes affected which results the loss of muscle coordination so, affected person shows staggering gait and incoherent speech.

50 (a)

Cancer is defined as an uncontrolled division or proliferation of cells without any differentiation

51 (d)

HIV is Human Immunodeficiency virus, HTLV-III is human T-Lymphotrophic Virus type-III, LAV is Lymphadenopthy Associated virus. All are the name of AIDS virus.

52 (c)

Opioids are the drugs, which binds to specific opioid receptors present in our central nervous system and gastro intestinal tract

53 (d)

Serratia is a harmful human pathogen, which has been known to cause urinary tract infections, wound infections, pneumonia.

54 (a)

Cocaine is a crystalline alkaloid that is obtained from the leaves of the coca plant (*Erythroxylum coca*)

55 (d)

An antibody molecule has four peptide chains, two small called light chains and two longer, called heavy chains. Hence, an antibody is represented as H_2C_2 .

56 **(b)**

Incubation period of hepatitis-B virus is form 30 to 180 days.

57 (a)

Skin on our body is the main barrier, which prevents entry of the microorganisms. Mucous coating of the epithelium lining the respiratory, gastrointestinal and urogenital tracts also help in trapping microbes entering our body

58 **(d)**

Plasmodium is protozoan parasite, which causes malaria in human beings. The primary host of it is female *Anopheles* mosquito.

59 (c)

The treatment of inherited diseases by introducing wild type copies of the defective gene is called gene therapy, for example, introduction of gene for adenosine deaminase in person suffering from Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID).

60 **(b)**

ECG (Electro Cardiograph) is a record of difference in electric potential during the working of heart. Human ECG is recorded as PQRST.

61 (c)

A pathogen is a microorganisms, such as a virus, bacteria, fungus that causes disease in its host. These pathogens multiply in our body and interfere with the normal vital activities, resulting in morphological and functional damage

62 (d)

Mescaline is a water soluble, alkaloid, obtained from the crowns of cactus *Lophophora* (*Echinococus*) williamsii. These dried crown or mescal buttons cause hallucinations, when chewed.

63 **(b)**





Active immunity development is related to memory cells, when B-cells and T-cells are activated by a pathogen, memory B-cells and Tcells develop

64 (a)

House files act as mechanical carriers and serve to transmit the parasite of amoebiasis from faeces of infected person to food and food products

65 (d)

All of these.

Certain types of leukocytes (WBC) of our body like Polymorpho-Nuclear Leukocytes (PMNL-neutrophils), monocytes and natural killer (type of lymphocytes) in the blood as well as macrophages in tissues can phagocytose and destroy microbes. These all are cellular barriers

66 (d)

Barry J Marshall and **Robin warren** got Noble Prize in 2005 for discovery of the bacterium *Helicobacter pylori* and its role in gastritis and peptic ulcers.

67 (c)

The granules of mast cells are loaded with histamine. Histamine increases the blood flow to the area and the leakage of fluid and proteins from the blood into the tissue space. Thus, the quick release of histamine produces the redness and swelling associated with inflammation

68 **(d)**

Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well being. Health increases the longevity of people and reduces infant and maternal mortality rate

69 (c)

Bubonic plague (black death) is caused by *Yersinia pestis* (formerly *Pasteurella pastis*) bacteria.

70 (c)

Modern-day lifestyle has resulted in lowering of immunity and more sensitivity to allergens. More and more children in metro cities of India suffer from allergies and asthma due to sensitivity to the environment

71 (a)

Products from plants like *Datura* sp. are hallucinogens, Hallucinogens are a diverse group of drugs that cause an alteration in perception, thought or mood

72 **(d)**

The christmas disease patient lacks antihaemophilic factor-IX.

73 (c)

The resistance that an individual acquires during life is called **acquired immunity**. Two major group of cells, *i.e.*, lymphocytes (B and T-lymphocytes) and antigen presenting cells are involved in acquired immunity.

74 (d)

The human immune system consists of lymphoid organs, lymphoid tissues, immune cells and soluble molecules like antibodies

75 **(b)**AIDS day is 1st December

76 **(b)**

Antibodies are protein molecules called immunoglobulins and are of five types. *i.e.*, IgA, IgM, IgE, IgG and IgD

77 **(c)**

The type of antibody present in colostrum secreted by mammary gland during the initial days of lactation is IgA. The acquisition of the antibodies in colostrum by an infant is an example of (naturally acquired) passive immunity

78 (c)

The virus that causes acquired immune deficiency syndrome parasitizes in helper T-cells. These virus reduces the number of helper T-cells

79 (c

A typical antibody monomer has four protien chains, *i.e.*, two identical light (L) chains and two identical heavy (H) chains. The chains are joined by disulphide links and other bonds to from a Y-shaped structure. Both the heavy (H) and light (L) chains have variable regions at the ends of Y arms. The variable region from one light chain (L) and one heavy chain (H) from one antigen binding site. Hence, each antibody has two antigen binding sites.

80 (d)

The flower tops, leaves and the resin of *Cannabis sativa* are used to produce marijuana, hashish, charas and ganja

81 (b)

Chagas disease (American Trypanosomiasis) is caused by *Trypanosoma cruzi* and spreads by assain or kissing bug (*Panstrongilus* sp, *Triatoma* sp.)



Dipsomania is a historicaly term describing a medical condition involving severe abdiction to alcohol. The term was coined by the German physician **CW Hufeland** 1819.

83 (d)

Myeloma is a type of cancer that develops from plasma cells occurring in the bone marrow. It may develop wherever the plasma cells occur.

84 (d)

Opioids are the drugs, which bind to opioid receptors in the central nervous system and gastrointestinal tract. Drugs derived from the extract of *Opium poppy*, *e. g.*, morphine, heroin, brown sugar, etc. Heroin, commonly called smack is chemically diacetylmorphine, which is a white, odourless, bitter, crystalline compound. This is obtained by acetylation of morphine, which is extracted from the latex of poppy plant *Papaver somniferum*

85 (c)

Basically, each antibody molecule is Y-shaped protein molecule which has identical halves. Each half contains a heavy and a light chain, which are connected to each other by disulphide bonds, ie, S is important element to maintain structure of immunoglobulin.

86 (a)

Neoplasm	Malignant tumour
Benign tumour	Initiation of new tumour
Carcinoma	Cancer of epithelial tissues
Sarcoma	Bone, cartilage tissue, cancer
Lymphoma	Haematopoietic cell tumour

87 (c)

Viroids are the smallest known disease causing agents. They are small, low moleculer weight RNA particles. They lack proteinaceous capsid. These are single stranded circle which due to internal base pairing assume a nearly double helical structure.

88 (d)

Mosquitoes are carriers of malaria, filaria and yellow fever.

Malaria _____ Anopheles mosquito(female)
Fialariasis ____ Culex (female)

Yellow fever ______ Aedes(female)

89 (b)

The study of body's natural defence mechanism against, pathogens and toxic molecules is known as immunology

90 (c)

Temin and Baltimore (1970) independently discovered enzyme reverse transcriptase in retroviruses (RNA containing viruses). This enzyme can be used to construct a DNA copy, called complementary DNA (cDNA), of any RNA. Thus, this technique can be used in identification of disease causing infectious microbe.

91 (b

Disease	Causative Organism
Syphilis	Treponema pallidum
AIDS	HIV
Gonorrhoea	Neisseria gonorrhoeae
Pyrrhoea	Entamoeba gingivalis
Anthrax	_ Bacillus anthracis
Uretheritis_	Inflammation of the urethra by
bacteria	

92 **(b)**

When a specific allergen (penicillin) is injected directly into the circulation, the allergen can react with basophils of the blood and mast cells in the tissues located immediately outside the small blood vessels, if the basophils and mast cells have been sensitized by attachment of IgE region. This is called **anaphylactic shock**. An occasional person who experiences this reaction dies of circulatory shock within a few minutes unless treated with epinephrine to oppose the effects of histamine.

93 (d)

Passive immunity results when antibodies are produced by one individual and then acquired by another

94 (d)

Malignant tumour first grows slowly. No symptoms are noticed. This stage is called the latent stage. The tumour later grows quickly. The cancer cells go beyond adjacent tissue and enter the blood and lymph. Once this happens, they migrate to many other sites in the body, where the cancer cells continue to divide. It is metastasis. Only malignant tumours are properly designated as cancer.



Reverse transcriptase is basically a DNA polymerase enzyme, which transcribes single stranded RNA into double stranded DNA

96 (c)

Animal reservoir of the small pox does not exist

97 (a)

ELISA stands for Enzyne Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay. The presence of HIV or AIDS virus is confirmed by ELISA test. It is used to isolate viral RNA.

98 (d)

Yersinia pestis (Pasturella pestis) is the causative agent of plauge. It is transmitted by rats and other 105 (a) rodents and its vector is a flea (Xenopsylla cheopis) which feeds on infected rodents and may bite man. Simalarly, Leishmania donovani (a protozoan) causes Kala-azar or visceral leishmaniasis and trasmitted by bite of sand fly-Phlebotomus.

99 (a)

AIDS is a viral infection. HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) was first discovered in 1981 in a remote areas of central Africa

100 (c)

The humoral immune system protects against bacteria and virus are present in the fluids (blood and lymph) of the body

101 (c)

Ground water contaminated with arsenic cause black-foot disease. Black foot disease is a severe form of peripheral vascular diseases in which the blood vessels in the lower limbs are severely damaged, resulting eventually in progressive gangrene

102 (c)

Drugs like barbiturates, amphetamines, benzodiazepines, Lysergic Acid Diethylamides (LSD), and other similar drugs, that are normally used as medicines to help patient cope with mental illnesses like depression and insomnia, are often abused. Several plants, fruits and seeds having hallucinogenic properties have been used for hundreds of years in folk- medicine, religious ceremonies and rituals all over the globe

103 (a)

Nicotine.

Tobacco contains large number of chemical substances including nicotine, an alkaloid. Nicotine stimulates adrenal gland to release adrenaline and nor-adrenaline into blood

circulation, both of which raise blood pressure and increases the heart rate

104 (b)

Alcoholism is a chronic often progressive disease in which a person craves alcohol and drinks despite repeated alcohol related problems. It involved a physical dependence on alcohol. It may lead to liver cirrhosis. Cirrhosis is build up of scar tissue that changes the structure of the liver and blocks blood flow. Cirrhosis can varicose veins, which can repture and potentially triggering internal bleeding.

Disease like whooping cough (pertussis), diphtheria and tetanus (lock jaw) can be prevented by immunizing all infants with triple vaccine-DTP (i.e., diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus vaccine). Typhoid, caused by bacterium Salmonella typhi, cannot be cure with triple vaccine but typhoid did vaccine is available.

106 (c)

SCID (Severe Combined Immunodeficiency Disease) is a congenital disease in which bone marrow stem cells are absent. Immunodeficiency affects both B and T-lymphocytes. It is caused by defective gene coding for the enzyme adenosine deaminase.

107 (c)

The flower tops, leaves and the resin of cannabis plant are used in various combination to produce marijuana, hashish, charas and ganja. Generally taken by inhalation and oral ingestion these are known for their effects on cardiovascular system of the body

108 (c)

Rat carries rat fleas, which causes bubonic plague and bite of rat causes rat fever.

109 (d)

This parasite can infect food and water so safety is of paramount importance. There are a few measures you can put in place to reduce the risk of amoebiasis, which includes

- (i) Boiling untreated water especially when travelling or comping
- (ii) Washing fruit and vegetables before eating
- (iii) Washing your hands, utensils and kitchen worktops before and after food preparation
- (iv) Ensuring that all food is cooked at the correct temperature







- (v) Washing your hands everytime you visit the toilet or after you have been in contact with an infected animal
- (vi) Ensuring that any cooked food is covered when left out to cool down

110 (c)

Morphine is a very effective sedative and painkiller and is very useful in patients who have undergone surgery

111 (a)

Hydrogen sulpide is released into the atmosphere from industries and causes irritation of respiratory passage, paralysis and asphyxia in man.

112 (b)

Vaccines are made from microbes that are dead or inactive so that they are unable to cause the disease. The antigen in the vaccine is the same as the antigen on the surface of the disease-causing microbe. The vaccine stimulates the body to produce antibodies against the vaccine

113 (a)

In alcoholic person, some part of alcohol is changed into acetaldehyde, which stimulates the formation of fat. This fat is deposited over the wall of arteries and also accumulates in liver cells. Due to which liver gets failed and there is very little regulation of carbohydrate, protein and fat metabolism. This disorder is known as fatty liver syndrome. Latter on, the liver gets turned into solid, hard, fibrous organ causing liver cirrhosis.

114 (a)

AIDS is a viral infection. HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus), the virus that causes AIDS, was first discovered in 1981 in a remote area of central Africa

115 (a)

Each antibody molecule has four peptide chains, two small called light chains and two long called heavy chains. Hence, an antibody is represented as $\rm H_2L_2$

116 (a)

A-Opium poppy, B-Cannabis sativa, C-Datura

117 (c)

Opium is the dried latex obtained from unripe capsules of *Papaver somniferum* (poppy). Morphine and codeine are the alkaloids formed from this dried latex and have the pain relieving property.

118 (c)

DDT (Dichloro Diphenyl Trichloroethane) is an organochlorine compound. These compounds are lipophilic and show much affinity for the fatty tissue of animals.

119 (c)

Benign tumour is a non-cancerous Tumour. It does not show metastasis and is non-invasive. It is less fatal to the body

120 (a)

Entamoeba Histolytica is a parasite of the human large intestine, commonly contracted by ingesting contaminated water or food

121 (d)

The substance, which produces immune response in an individual are called allergens, *e. g.*, pollen grains, animal dander, dust, feathers, drugs like penicillin, etc.

122 (a)

A-Diacetyl morphine; B-Acetylation of morphine

123 (c)

Microsporum is a genus of fungi that causes tinea capitis, tinea corpus, ringworm, and other dermatophytoses (fungal infections of the skin)

124 (d)

Genes that induce cellular proliferation are called proto-oncogenes. The proto-oncogenes encode for growth factors, growth factor receptors, transcription factors, etc. They change into oncogene or cancer genes.

126 (a)

Malthus calculate that though the number of organisms can increase geometrically (1, 2, 4, 8, 16,.....), their food supply increases artithmetically (1, 2, 3, 4,....).

127 (b)

Immunosuppressants are the drugs capable of inhibiting the body's immune system, *e, g.,* cyclosporine and endosporins, which cause suppression of body's T-lymphocytes.

128 (b)

Emphysema is a chronic disease in which alveolar walls are damaged due to which respiratory surface is decreased. One of the major causes of this is cigarette smoking. Emphysema is included in a group of diseases called chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) pulmonary to lungs.

129 (c)

Tumour cells have been shown to avoid detection and destruction by immune system. Therefore the



patients are given substances called biological response modifiers such as α -interferon, which activates their immune system and helps in destroying the tumours

130 (b)

In MRI, the body's water molecules are used for the base of images.

131 (d)

At the tip of each arm of the Y-shaped molecule is an area called the antigen binding site, which is formed by a portion of the heavy and light chains. Every immunoglobulin molecule has at least two of these sites, which are identical to one another

132 (a)

True. Amoebiasis infection is typically caused by the organism *Entamoeba hitolytica*, by ingesting food or water contaminated by infected faeces

133 (a)

The synthetics drugs structurally similar to adrenaline are amphetamines. These are synthetic drugs and act as strong stimulants. These are generally taken by truck drivers and night workers.

134 (c)

The B-lymphocytes produce an army of proteins in response to pathogens into our blood to fight them. These proteins are called antibodies. The T-cells themselves do not secrete antibodies but help B-cells to produce them

135 (a)

Cannabinoids can be extracted from the dried, seedless inflorescence of female *Cannabis* plants

136 (a)

An allergen is any substance (antigen), most often eaten or inhaled, that is recognized by the immune system and causes an allergic reaction

137 (a)

Immunoglobulin G (IgG) is the most abundant class of antibodies found in blood serum and lymph and active against bacteria, fungi, viruses and foreign particles. The basic structure of all Ig is same, *i, e.*, made up of light and heavy polypeptide chains , still they behave differently in similar physiological system. IgG possesses four polypeptide chains linked by disulphide bonds.

138 **(b)**

Leishmania donovani is an intracellular parasite in leucocytes or cells of liver, spleen, bone marrow, lymphatic glands, etc. It causes a serious oriental disease known as 'Kala-azar' accompanied by –swellings, fever, enlargement of liver and spleen, the skin colour turning black.

139 (a)

Cell-mediated immune response is mediated by Tlymphocytes. It is responsible for graft rejection in organs transplant because of its ability to differentiate between 'self' and 'non-self'

140 (d)

Epilepsy is second common neurological disorder. A number of tests to confirm the diagnosis of epilepsy are electroencephalography, brain imaging like CT-scan, MRI, PET and blood tests.

141 (b)

Oriental sores or skin boils or Delhi boils is a skin disease caused by a protozan *Leishmania orientalis* (or *L. tropica*). It is spread by sand fly.

142 (d)

A graphic record of spread of the cardiac impulse through the heart is called electrocardiogram. The machine by which the electrocardiogram is recorded is known as **cardiograph Willen Einthoven** (1903) is considered 'Father of Electrocardiography'.

143 (d)

Physical barriers: skin on our body is the main barrier, which prevents entry of the microorganisms. Mucous coating of the epithelium lining in the respiratory, gastrointestinal and urogenital tracts also helps in trapping the microbes entering our body

144 (c)

Powder cocaine (also called coke) and crack are all powerful stimulants, with short-lived effects. They temporarily speed up the way your mind and body work, but the effects are short-lived

145 (d)

Immunity is the state of living beings having sufficient biological defences to avoid infections, diseases or other unwanted biological invasion

146 (d)

In ECG, **P-wave** indicates impulse of contraction generated by SA-node and it spreads in atria causing atrial depolarisation. **T-wave** is the most constant and conspicuous wave having the tallest amplitude. It is the first positive deflection during ventricular depolarization.

S-wave is the next downward deflection constant but often inconspicuous.

T-wave is repolarization wave of ventricular relaxtion.



147 (a)

Thymus is the "seedbed" of thymic lymphocytes (T-lymphocytes). Some stem cells in the bone marrow give rise to immature lymphocytes. These lymphocytes migrate *via* the blood to the thymus, where they mature as T-lymphocytes, and produce cell-mediated immunity. Thus, damage to thymus in a child may lead to loss of cell-mediated immunity.

148 (a)

Tubectomy is the method of female sterilization, which involves cutting and tying (tubal ligation) of fallopian tubes. It prevents fertilization.

149 (d)

Antibodies are the proteins (glycoprotiens) called immunoglobulins. These are produced by the lymphocytes in response to entry of a foreign substance or antigen into the body.

150 (d)

T-lymphocytes are involved in cell mediated immunity. T-cells largely recognize proteins that have been processed within antigen presenting cells and presented on the cell surface in a form that is bound to a molecule known as **Major HistocompatiblityComplex**(MHC).

151 (a)

Cancer cells do not respond to control mechanisms and do not show contact inhibition (differing surface proteins.). These cells proliferate in an unregulated manner and from clones of cells which can expand irregularly.

152 (c)

Heroin is a white or brown powder, odourless, bitter, crystalline compound. It can be mixed with water and injected with a needle. Heroin can also be smoked or snorted up the nose

153 (a)

Stimulants are also known as mood elevators. They increase nerve activity in the brain by initiating the release of noradrenaline, *e.g.*, amphitamines, caffeine, cocaine, etc.

154 (d)

The drugs, which are commonly abused are opioids, cannabinoids and coca alkaloids LSD. Majority of these are obtained from flowering plants. Some are obtained from fungi

155 (c)

The primary lymphoid organs are bone marrow and thymus where immature lymphocytes

differentiate into antigen-sensitive lymphocytes. After maturation the lymphocytes migrate to secondary lymphoid organs like spleen, lymph nodes, tonsils, Peyer's patches of small intestine and appendix. The secondary lymphoid organs provide the sites for interaction of lymphocytes with the antigen, which then proliferate to become effector cells

156 (b)

Hippocrates is known as the father of medicine because many of the things he discovered are still practiced today

157 (a)

Brain is not involved in the elicitation of immune response, it is a part of central nervous system.

158 (a)

Vaccine is a preparation containing dead or inactivated viruses or other microorganisms that on introduction in human body stimulate the formation of antibodies to fight against disease. First vaccine was prepared by Edward Jenner against cowpox.

159 (a)

Tuberculosis, commonly called TB is caused by a rod-shaped bacterium named *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

160 (b)

Amoebic dysentery is caused by an intestinal endoparasite, *Entamoeba histolytica*, found in large intestine of humans. Infection takes place through contaminated food and water

161 (b)

Leprosy is a bacterial disease, which is caused by *Mycobacterium leprae*.

162 (d)

Excessive doses of drugs may lead to coma and death due to respiratory failure, heat failure, cerebral hemorrhage, etc.

164 (a)

Hodgekins disease is a cancer of lymphoid tissue.

165 (b)

Interferons are the glycoproteins with low moleculer weight that are effective against most of the viruses. These are naturally produced by virus infected cells. These proteins interact with adjacent cells and make them resistant to virus attack. Now-a-days, interferons are also being manufactured through genetic engineering and are usedin many antiviral drugs.



166 (b)

Species of *Lactobacillus streptococcus*, *Micrococcus* and *Proteus* are responsible for spoilage of milk products. The exotoxins produced by these bacteria causes food poisoning.

167 (a)

Acquired immunity is not present from the birth and develops during the individual's lifetime. It is pathogen specific

168 (b)

Immunoglobulins are present in serum and provide immunity to body against diseases. Each immunoglobulin is made up of four polypeptide chains-two heavy weight chains and two light weight chains. These chains are joined to each other by disulphide bonds.

169 (d)

AIDS is diagnosed by ELISA test – Enzyme – Linked Immuno Sorbant Assay test

170 (d)

Transgenic animals that produce useful biological products can be created by the introduction of the portion of DNA (or genes) which codes for a particular product such as human protein, $\alpha-1$ —antitrypsin. The protein is used to treat emphysema.

171 **(b)**

Acquired immunity is specialized immunity that forms antibodies and activated lymphocytes that attacks and destroys the specific organism. These are of two type, *i.e.*, humoral immunity and cell mediated immunity. Humoral system involves antibodies and cell mediated system involves T-cells.

172 (d)

Myasthenia gravis is an autoimmune disease characterized by the chronic fatigability and weakness of muscles, espeically in the face and throat, as result of defect in the conduction of nerve impulses at the myoneural junction.

173 (c)

In AIDS, HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) attacks the cells of the immune system. The immune system weakens no that the body cannot defined against various bacteria, viruses and other germs

174 (d)

Immuno-modulators are natural or synthetic substances that help to regulate or normalize the immune system. There are two types of immuno-

modulators *viz*, immuno-suppressants, which cause immuno-suppression of the immune system and immuno-stimulants (immuno-stimulators) which stimulate immune system by including or increasing activity of any of its components.

175 (c)

The disease filaria (elephantiasis) is transmitted by *Culex* mosquito (female). *Wuchereria bancrofit* causes filariasis.

176 (d)

Immune system is unique in the sense that it recognizes foreign antigens, responds to these and remembers them. The immune system also plays an important role in allergic reactions, auto-immune diseases and organ transplantation

177 (a)

The most important antigens for causing graft rejection are a complex called HLA Humman Leucocyte Antigen(protein). The HLI occur on the white blood cells as well as on the tissue cells.

178 (c)

The juice of roasted leaves of *Aloe vera* taken with honey is good to cure cough and cold.

179 (a)

When a host is exposed to antigens which may be in form of living or proteins, antibodies are produced in the host body. This type of immunity is called active immunity

180 (c)

Measles is a viral disease caused by rubeola virus. Intereferons are proteins that increase the resistance of a cell to attack by viruses by unmasking genes that synthesize antiviral proteins. Thus, person suffering from measles shows the production of interferons in his body.

181 (c)

NMR scanning is based on magnetic resonance.

182 **(a)**

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) has three transmission.

- (i)Through sexual intercourse (65%).
- (ii) Transmission through blood transfusion, blood products and contaminated equipments (10%).
- (iii) Transmission from mother to baby (25%).

183 (c)

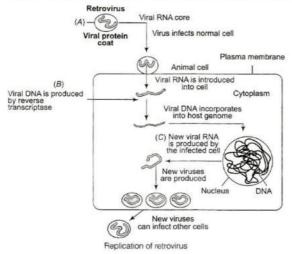
Amniocentesis is one way to obtain foetal cells for testing of chromosomal abnormalities and genetic disorders. It is the process to determine any hereditary diseases in he embryo.





184 (c)

A-Reverse transcriptase, B-Viral DNA is produced, C-New viral RNA is produced by the infected cell



185 (d)

Oral contraceptives or contraceptive pills are taken to control fertility. Each pill contains a mixture of oestrogen and progesterone or only the pure synthetic progesterone which prevent ovulation.

186 (c)

Benign tumour is a tumour that lacks all three of three of the malignant properties of cancer. A benign tumour does not grow in an unlimited, aggressive manner, does not invade surrounding tissues and does not metastasize.

187 (d)

Protein deficiency causes both Kwashiorkor and marasmus. **Kwashiorkor** is characterized by wasted muscles, thin limbs, retarded growth of body and brain, oedema, pot belly and diarrhea. **Marasmus** is characterized by impaired growth and replacement of tissue proteins, thin limbs and prominent ribs, dry, wrinkled and thin skin and diarrhea.

188 (c)

An HIV infection damages the immune system, *i.e.*, your body's defense system that light against diseases and infections

189 (a)

Cannabinoid are a group of chemicals, which interact with cannabinoid receptors present principally in the brain

190 (c)

Mast cells play a critical role in allergy and inflammation. Allergy is due to the release of

chemicals like histamine and serotonin from the mast cells

191 (d)

Statements II, IV and V are correct regarding beriberi disease.

192 (c)

Most common allergen for asthma is house dust, pollen grains, smoke, etc. Asthma is characterized by narrowing and inflammation of bronchi, bronchiospasm and difficulty in breathing.

193 (b)

Common cold and AIDS are viral diseases, occur due to Myxo virus and Human Immunodeficiency virus (HIV) respectively.

The causative agents of ringworm disease are fungi *Trichophyton* and *Microsporum*.

Typhoid and tuberculosis are bacterial diseases caused by *Salmonella typhi* and *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* respectively.

194 (c)

Tetanus is also known as 'lock jaw' disease. It is caused by the bacteria *Clostridium tetani*.

195 (c)

AIDS (Aquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome) is caused by HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus). This virus selectively infects and kills the helper T-lymphocytes. Hence, the disease is characterized by reduction in the number of helper T-lymphocytes and breakdown of the immune system of the body.

196 (c)

Deficiency of vitamin-D causes weak bones, bone deformities, rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults. Marasmus is caused due to protein energy malnutrition.

197 (c)

Tumour that spreads and eventually caused ill health and death are described as malignant results from a breakdown of the regulatory mechanisms that govern normal cell behaviour. Sarcoma is a cancer of primitive mesoderma tissue and involves malignant tumours the cells of which divide erratically.

198 (a)

Spleen is a large reservoir of erythrocytes. The spleen is a large bean-shaped organ. It mainly contains lymphocytes and phagocytes

199 (a)



Tobacco contains a large number of chemical substances including nicotine, an alkaloid Tobacco contains large number of chemical substances including nicotine, an alkaloid. Nicotine stimulates adrenal gland to release adrenaline and nor-adrenaline into blood circulation, both of which raise blood pressure and increases the heart rate

200 (d)

The best HLA match for transplants in order of preference is as follows: Identical twins>sibling(brother and

sister)>parent>unrelated donor

201 (a)

The drug quinine is obtained from the bark of Cinchona.

202 (a)

Antigen-antibody binding is electrostatic, *i.e.*, non- 212 (c) covalent hydrophobic, van dar waal's ionic, etc.

203 (b)

In vaccination pathogens are introduced into the body in a weakened form. The process causes the body to produce enough antibodies to protect against the pathogens, while not getting diseased

204 (a)

Female infanticide means murder of female infant. It is commonly reported from Usalampatti.

205 (b)

AIDS disease is caused by the member of retrovirus group. Human immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) is a lentivirus (slowly replicating retrovirus) that causes Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)

206 (a)

The terum 'antibiotics' was first time used by SA Waksman in 1945. Antibiotics are the substances which are produced by microorganisms such as fungi or bacteria. These substances are harmful to the growth of the microorganisms, e.g., penicillin, streptomycin, chloramphenicol, etc.

207 (d)

Liver is not a lymphoid tissue. The liver is a vital organ present in vertebrates and some other animals. It has a wide range of functions, including detoxification, protein synthesis, and production of biochemical necessary for digestion

208 (a)

Ascariasis is caused by an intestinal endoparasite or human. 'Ascaris lumbricoides', commonly called roundworm.

Filariasis is caused by filarial worms, Wuchereria bancrofti and Wuchereria malayi

209 (a)

Sir Godfery Newbold Hounsfield, an English electrical engineer who shared the 1979 Noble Prize for Physiology or Medicine with Allan MacLeod Cormak for his part in developing diagnostic technique of X-ray computed tomography (CT scanning). He died in August 2004.

210 (a)

The exaggerated response of the immune system to certain antigens present in the environment is called allergy

211 (a)

A-Wuchereria, B-Salmonella typhi, C-Common cold, D-Internal bleeding, fever and anaemia

Cerebellum is concerned with balance of body. It receives information from the organ of balance in the ears and controls all the movements involving voluntary muscles. It is the part of brain affected first in a drunk person.

213 (a)

African sleeping sickness or African trypanomiasis is a disease of tropical Africa. It is caused by the blood parasitic Protozoa, Trypansoma gambiense.

214 (a)

Cocaine is an alkaloid obtained from the leaves of Erythroxylon coca of family- Erthroxylaceae. It is used as local anaesthetic as well as stimulant for the digestive and nervous system.

215 (a)

A fungus parasitic upon the skin, usually a species of Microsporum, Epidermophyton or Trichophyton is responsible for ringworm. They are also called cutaneous fungus

217 (d)

The drug morphine is obtained from P. somniferum.

218 (a)

ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immune Sorbent Assay) is used for detection of AIDS, virus and antibodies. It is a standard test for detecting the presence of antibody directed against HIV. ELISA is well used for detection of viruses, fungi, bacteria, etc.

219 (a)

Interferon- β is also termed as immune interferon.



Hepatitis-B virus contains double stranded DNA, while Hepatitis-C, Hepatitis-E, Hepatitis-A and HIV contain single stranded RNA

221 (d)

Smoking increases the chances of lung cancer, bronchitis, emphysema, coronary heart diseases, cancer of throat, gastric ulcer, cancer of urinary bladder, etc.

222 (c)

Rhinitis, commonly known as runny nose, is the medical term describing irration and inflammation of some internal areas of the nose. The primary symptom of rhinitis is nasal dripping. It is caused by chronic or acute inflammation of the mucous membrane of the nose due to viruses, bacteria or irritants. Rhinitis affects an individual's nose, throat or eyes and cause an increase in fluid production within these areas.

223 **(b)**

Polio or polio myelitis is an infective viral disease infants and childrens. It is caused by small RNA virus (polio virus or enterovirus).

224 (c)

The B-cells and T-cells are produced in bone marrow.

The T-cells (T-helper cells) stimulate B-cells to produce antibodies. Antibodies are the main component of immune system. Immunodeficiency is characterized by a very low number of circulating lymphocytes (B and T-cells) and the affected persons usually die at an early stage.

225 (a)

Filariasis is also known as elephantiasis as the legs become very heavy, stouts and elephant-like. This disease is caused by *Wuchereria bancrofti* or filarial worm, which invades in lymphatic or connective tissues. It spreads by the bite of *culex* mosquitoes.

226 (a)

Chemical carcinogens present in smoke have been identified as a major cause of lung cancer

227 (d)

The cancer of epithelial cells is called carcinoma. It is a tumour that arises in the tissue that line the body's organ like the nose, the colon, the penis, breast, etc. About 80% of all cancers are carcinomas. Leukaemia are cancers of blood or blood terming organ. Sarcoma originates in

mesodermal tissue like bone, connective tissue muscle, cartilage, fibrous tissue or fat.

228 (a)

Transplant rejection is caused by the body's immune response to foreign material. Cell-mediated immunity is responsible for graft rejection

229 (d)

Physiological barriers Acid in the stomach, saliva in the mouth, tears from eyes all prevent microbial growth

230 (b)

Interferons.

Virus infected cells secrete proteins called interferons, which protect non-infected cells from further viral infection

231 (a)

A-Gametocytes, B-Salivary glands, C-Sporozoites

232 (d)

Smallpox is an acute, highly communicable disease caused by variola virus. It has now been largely controlled through vaccination. Smallpox vaccine was first prepared by **Edward Jenner** in 1798.

233 (c)

Antibodies could not solve all the problems of bacterial disease due to development of mutant strains resistant to antibodies.

234 (c)

In ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay), the antibody is bound to an inert polymer support than exposed to the sample. The second antibody used is one that has an enzyme attached to it that converts a colourless or nonfluorescent substrate into a coloured or fluorescent product.

235 (c)

Computerized axial tomography (CAT) is specialized technique for study of various parts inside the skull and location of any pathological condition.

237 **(b)**

A mosquito causes infection by taking a blood meal. First, sporozoites enter the bloodstream, and migrate to the liver of man

238 (c)

Entamoeba histolytica is gastrointestinal protozoan parasite that possess a serious health problem, with 50 million annual infections throughout the world

239 **(b)**







Interferon.

Interferons block viral reproduction in healthy

240 (d)

World Health Organisation has started a number of programmes to prevent the spreading of HIV infection that includes

- (i) making blood from blood banks safe from HIV
- (ii) ensuring the use of only disposal needless and syrings
- (iii) free distribution of condoms
- (iv) controlling drug abuse
- (v) advocating safe sex and promoting regular

241 (b)

Colostrum is the first fluid secreted by the mammary glands after childbirth. Although deficient in many nutrients found in milkcolostrum contains large quantities of antibodies that cross the intestinal mucosa and enter the infant's blood

242 (a)

There is lymphoid tissue also located within the lining of the major tracts (respiratory, digestive and urogentital tracts) called Mucosa Associated Lymphoid Tissue (MALT). It constitutes about 50% of the lymphoid tissue in human body

243 (a)

All the groups of viruses contains RNA and reverse transcriptase, including the virus that causes AIDS

244 (c)

Diacetly morphine is commonly known as heroin.

245 (d)

Curiosity, need for adventure and excitement, and experimentation, social pressure, constitute common causes, which motivate youngsters towards drug and alcohol use. Thus, the first use of drugs or alcohol may be out of curiosity or experimentation, but later the child starts using these to escape facing problems. Of late, strees, from pressures to excel in academics or examinations, has played a significant role in persuading the youngsters to try alcohol and drugs

246 (b)

A disease, which can be easily transmitted from one person to another is called infections disease. Infectious disease are also known as transmissible disease or communicable disease

247 (a)

Many Mallon (Nicked name typhoid Mary born on September 23, 1869, Cookstown Country Tyrone, Ireland) Famous typhoid carrier who allegedly gave rise to multiple outbreaks of typhoid fever

248 (c)

Thymus is essential in neonatal infant and postnatal child for normal development of lymphoid organs and cellular immunity. Thymus is the seedbed of T-lymphocytes(T-cell).T-cells generate cell mediated immunity.

249 (a)

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) is a noninvasive technique, capable to map internal tissues, highlight pathological changes and study tissue metabolism with the help of spectroscopy. This technique is largely used to observe the tiny lesions of multiple sclerosis on brain and spinal

250 (b)

Human immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) is causal organism of AIDS (Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome). It is a retrovirus belonging to the family-Retroviridae. The core of HIV contains two molecules of single standard RNA(as genetic material) and reverse transcriptase.

251 (c)

The major benefit of breast feeding for the newborn infant is passive immunity. The acquisition of the antibodies in colostrum by an infant is an example of (neturally acquired) passive immunity

252 (a)

The uncontrolled proliferation of cancerous cells produces masses of cells, called tumours. Tumours are of two types: benign and malignant

253 (d)

In acquired immunity, amongst a number of pathogens, a specific one is identified and tried to be eliminated, i.e., pathogen specificity. The cells involved in immunity, retain memory of pathogen. Pathogen can identify self and non-self kind of cells.

254 (b)

The damaging immune response by the body to substance is called allergy. An allergy is a hypersensitivity disorder of the immune system

255 (a)

T-lymphocytes develop in bone marrow from lymphatic stem cells and then young lymphocytes



migrate in the thymus. Afterwards, they pass on to all the lymphoid tissue of the body and get lodged there.

256 (d)

Ginseng is obtained from *Panax schinseng* of family-Araliaceae. It is very important drug plant of China.

257 (d)

Antibodies are γ - (gamma) globulins, which are produced in response to allergens (antigens) in our body. Specific antibodies are present in some vaccines.

258 (a)

The circulation of the blood in the body was discovered by William Harvey

259 (d)

Lymph, blood and secondary growth of malignant tumour spread cancerous cells.

260 (a)

Dengue and chikengunya both are spread by *Aedes* mosquitoes

261 (b)

The vaccines also generate memory B and T-cells that recognize the pathogen quickly on subsequent exposure and over the invaders with a massive production of antibodies

262 **(b)**

Benign tumours are the non-malignant, noncancerous tumours which remain confined to the site of origin and do not spread to the other parts of the body as these remain capsulated and are differentiated.

263 (c)

Antibodies are gamma-globulins present in blood plasma and provide immunity against a pathogen so, they are gamma-immunoglobulins. Antibodies are made up of glycoproteins.

264 (a)

An oncogene is a gene that has the potential to cause cancer. In tumour cells, they are often mutated of expressed at high levels. Tumour virus or cancer causing viruses are called oncogenic viruses

265 **(b)**

Teratogens are substance or chemical compounds that cross the placenta and damage the developing foetus and cause malformations in embryo, *e.g.*, thalidomide.

266 (c)

Statements I and III are correct.

267 (a)

Allergy is the hypersensitiveness of a person to some foreign substances coming in contact with or entering the body. The common allergens are dust, pollen mould, spores, fabricates, bacteria, etc. During allergic reaction, there is increased release of histamine from mast cells. Use of antihistamines and steroids give a quick relief from allergy.

268 (b)

Hepatitis –B is a matter of great attention in India for the last 3 to 4 years. It is caused by a circular dsDNA virus HBV (Hepatitis-B virus). In India, it is generally transmitted from mother to baby and also through moisted kissing, contaminated needles, syringes, nose and ear piercing instruments.

269 (a)

Auto-immunity is the failure of an organism in recognising its own constituent parts as self, which allows an immune response against its own cells and tissues

270 (c)

The primary lymphoid organs are bone marrow and thymus, where immature lymphocytes differentiates into antigen sensitive lymphocytes. After maturation the lymphocytes migrate to secondary lymphoid organs. Production, maintenance and distribution of lymphocytes takes place in secondary lymphoid organs

271 (b)

In our body, cell growth and differentiation is highly controlled and regulated. In cancer cells, there is breakdown of these regulatory mechanisms. Normal cells show a property called contact inhibition by virtue of which Contact with other cells inhibits their uncontrolled growth. Cancer cells have lost this property and continue to divide giving rise to masses of cells called tumour.

272 (d)

Surgical removal of thymus of a new born shall result in failure to produce T-lymphocyte. Thymus provides the micro-environment for the development and maturation of T-lymphocytes

273 (d)

Antibiotics are the life saving drugs. A broad spectrum antibiotic is one which acts upon a variety of microorganisms and destroy them.



274 (b)

Interferons are produced in response of viral infection and measles is a viral disease.

275 (a)

Diplococcos pneumoniae bacterium is a causative agent of pneumonia disease in human beings. This is a spherical shaped (coccoid) bacterium. Generally, coccoid bacterium does not contain flagella, this condition is known atrichous.

276 (b)

To detect deficiency of antibodies, serum globulins should be look for confirmatory evidence.

277 (d)

IgA is predominantly found in seromucous secretions such as colostrum milk, saliva, tear etc. Breast milk contains IgA, which protects new born babies against various infections and provide him a strong defence and protection.

278 (b)

Cocaine in its various forms is derived from the coca plant, which is native to the high mountain ranges of South America

279 (a)

Globulins are soluble in salt solutions of strong acids and bases. These are coagulated by heat and insoluble in pure water and moderately concentrated salt solutions. Globulins contained in human blood plasma are primarily involved in defence mechanisms of the body. Some examples are –Rabies immune globulin, RhO(D) immune globulin, specific immune globulin, tetunas immune globulin, etc.

280 (a)

Schizopherenia is any of a group of severe mental disorders that have in common, symptoms are halluciations, delusions, blunted emotions, disordered thinking and a withdrawal from reality. Schizophrenia can be caused by excessisive dopamine production alteration in neuropeptides, increased ventricular brain ratios and decreased frontal lobe activity.

281 (c)

Cancer arising from the epithelial tissues of internal organs and glands is reffered as carcinomas, while cancerous growth of melanocytes (a type of skin cells) is called melanomas.

Neoplasm is new abnormal tissue capable of continued growth forming tumours and

disrupting normal cells, while benign tumours are encapsulated localized mass of abnormal tissue which does not infiltrate to adjacent tissues.

282 (c)

95% cases of lung cancer are due to smoking. Benzopyrene present in tabacco smoke is carcinogenic.

283 (b)

The T-lymphocytes mediate Cell Mediated Immunity (CMI). It is generally initiated by antigen recognition by T-cells

284 (c)

Ascaris (the common roundworm) and Wuchereria (the filarial worm), are some of the helminths which are known to be pathogenic to man. Ascaris, an intestinal parasite causes ascariasis and Wuchereia causes filariasis

285 (c)

Infective stage of malaria is sporozoite, *Plasmodium* enters the human body as sporozoites (infectious form) through the bite of infected female *Anopheles* mosquito

286 (d)

A healthy person acquires the pneumonia infection by inhaling the droplets/aerosols released by an infected person or even by sharing glasses and utensils with an infected person

287 (c)

Those who take drugs intravenously (direct injection into the vein using a needle and syringe), are much more likely to acquire serious infections like AIDS and hepatitis-B. The viruses, which are responsible for these diseases, are transferred from one person to another by sharing of infected needles and syringes

288 (b)

Vitamins	Disaeses Caused by Vitamin Deficiency
Vitamin-C (ascorbic acid)	Scurvy
Vitamin- B ₁ (thiamine)	Beri-beri
Vitamin-B ₃ (niacin)	Pellagra
Vitamin-A(retinol)	Night blindness(nyctalopia)

289 (a)

Humoral immunity is the aspect of specific immunity which

- (i) is mediated by B-lymphocytes
- (ii) involves the binding of antibodies to antigens

290 (d)





In water mercury gets changed into water soluble dimethyl from and enters the food chain accompanied by biological amplification. It develops a crippling deformity called Minamata disease.

291 (b)

Both sickle cell anaemia and Huntington's chorea are congenital genetic disorders. Sickle cell anaemia was first reported by James Herrick (1904). In this disease, the patient's haemoglobin level reduced to half of the normal and the RBCs becomessickle shaped. A single mutation in a gene can cause sickle cell anaemia. Huntington's chorea 300 (a) is caused by autosomal mutation, which is dominant. The gene is present on 4-chromosome numbers.

292 (a)

Rabies (hydrophobia) is a 100% fatal disease. It is caused by a rabies virus. The virus enters the human body with saliva of an infected (rabid) animal, generally by the bite of a dog but also of cat. It leads to encephalitis, fear of water, high fever severe headache, spasm of thoat and chest leading to death.

293 (d)

In fomite brone method, the pathogens are spread through contaminated articles like toys, door handles, handkerchiefs, towels, etc.

294 (a)

Tetanus is caused by toxin from anaerobic, spore producing bacterium Clostridium tetani. It is also called 'lock-jaw' disease because increasing muscle spasm make opening of jaw difficult.

295 (d)

The spleen is a large bean-shaped organ. It mainly contains lymphocytes and phagocytes. It acts as a filter of the blood by trapping blood-borne microorganisms. Spleen is a reservoir of erythrocytes

296 (d)

Good health is maintained by balanced diet, personal hygiene, regular exercises, awareness about disease, vaccination against infectious diseases, proper disposal of wastes, control of vectors and maintenance of hygienic food and water resources

297 (b)

Tumour viruses or cancer causing viruses called oncogenic viruses, have viral oncogenes

298 (a)

Hybriodoma is technique of producing monoclonal antibodies by fusing normal antibody producing cells with myeloma (cancerous cells).

299 (b)

Stimulant drugs increase the excitement, self confidence and mental alertness temporarily. Stimulants include all the drugs that stimulate the nervous system such as caffeine, cocaine and amphetamines.

Resistance against pathogens is due to antibodies. Antibody is a bood protien produced in response to and counteracting a specific antigen.

301 (c)

Lymphoid organs are categorized as primary and secondary lymphoid organs. The primary lymphoid organs are bone marrow and thymus where immature lymphocytes differentiate into antigen-sensitive lymphocytes. After maturation the lymphocytes migrate to secondary lymphoid organs like spleen, lymph nodes, tonsils, Peyer's patches of small intestine and appendix

302 (d)

Widal test is bacterial agglutination test, originally introduced by Widal for the diagnosis of typhoid fever.

303 (b)

An insect bite may result in inflammation of that spot. This is triggered by the alarm chemicals such as histamine and kinins.

304 (d)

Disease	Due to
Albinism	Deficiency of enzyme tyrosinase, which is involved in pigment melanin synthesis
Porphyria	Defect in degradation of haemoglobin
Wilson's disease	Defect in copper metabolism
Phenylketo nuria	Defect in enzyme which involves conversion of amino acid phenylalanine to tyrosine

305 (b)







The pathogen of the typhoid is directly transmitted through water. Typhoid is caused by pathogenic bacterium *Salmonella typhi*

306 (d)

Leukaemia is blood cancer. It is charaterized by abnormal increase of White Blood Corpuscles (WBCs) count due to their increased formation in the bone marrow. Philadelphia chromosome is found in patients suffering from leukaemia.

307 (a)

Psychosis is mental illness characterized by loss of perceptions about realities of life. It is caused by brain disorders, TB, diabetes, hypertension, etc. The psychic is generally not aware of his illness and even refuses to undergo treatment, such persons are commonly called mad.

308 (a)

A-Adrenal gland, B-Adrenaline, C-Nor-adrenaline, D-Blood pressure, E-Heart rate.

Tobacco contains a large number of chemical substances including nicotine, an alkaloid. Nicotine stimulates adrenal gland to release adrenaline and nor-adrenaline into blood circulation, both of which raise blood pressure and increase heart rate. Smoking is associated with increased incidence of cancers of lung, urinary bladder and throat, bronchitis, emphysema, coronary heart diseases, gastric ulcer, etc.

309 (a)

Allergy is the hypersensitiveness of a person to some foreign substances coming in contact with or entering in the body. **IgE** constitute about .002% of the total serum antibodies. **IgE** molecules bind tightly by their F_c end to receptor on mast cells and basophils, which are specialized cells that participate in allergic reactions.

310 (b)

An allergy occurs when your immune system responds aggressively to a harmless environmental substances

311 (a)

The process of removal and replacement of damaged tissue or organs like heart, eye, liver, kidney with healthy ones from a donor is called as transplantation

312 (a)

Bacteria like *Streptococcus pneumonia* and *Haemophilus influenza* are responsible for the

disease pneumonia in humans. A healthy person acquires the infection by inhaling the droplets released by an infected person

313 (c)

Spleen and tonsils, are called secondary lymphoid organs.

Lymphoid organs are categorized as primary and secondary lymphoid organs. The primary lymphoid organs are bone marrow and thymus where immature lymphocytes differentiate into antigen-sensitive lymphocytes. After maturation the lymphocytes migrate to secondary lymphoid organs like spleen, lymph nodes, tonsils, Peyer's patches of small intestine and appendix

314 **(b)**

Endoscopy is a visual inspection and carrying out minor operations without cutting. It is done by instrument called **endoscope**. Its endoscope tube has optical fibres for transmitting light, an array of light sensitive cells that are called **Charge Coupled Devices** (CCD), at the tip of the tube anb distant operated miniature surgical instruments.

315 (c)

Electron beam therapy is a kind of radiation therapy, which involves the use of radioactive wave to treat certain types of cancer.

317 (a)

Rhinoviruses represent one such group of viruses, which causes one of the most infectious human ailments-the common cold

318 (a)

Entamoeba gingivalis attacks on gums of man.

319 (b)

Some slang names for heroin are Smack, junk, H, black tar, horse, etc.

320 **(b)**

Female Anopheles mosquito is a vector of malaria

321 (c)

Wuchereria bancrofti is causes blockage of lymphatic vessel.

322 (a)

Diagnosis of AIDS is done by Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA)

323 (b)

Hepatitis-B is also called serum jaundice or transfusion hepatitis, while Hepatitis-A is called infectious epidemic hepatitis.







Excessive dosage of cocaine causes hallucinations. Other well-known plants with hallucinogenic properties are *Atropa balladona* and *Datura*

325 (a)

Malignant tertian/irregular/quotidian (cerebral malaria) is caused by *Plasmodium falciparum*, which is tropical in distribution.

326 **(b)**

Ultrasonography is also called sonography or ultrasound imaging. It is the use of high frequency sound waves are produce images of structures within the human body. These waves are produced by the electrical stimulation of electric crystal.

327 (a)

The carcinogens present in tobacco smoke have been identified as a major cause of lung cancer

328 (d)

Yellow fever and dengue both are viral diseases as well as transmitted by mosquitoes

329 (b)

Ringworm is a infectious disease. Ringworm is a skin infection caused by fungus that can affect the scalp, skin, fingers, toe, nails or foot

330 (d)

Alcohol consumption dilates blood vessels causing an increased loss of body heat from the skin and may causes a life threating decreasse in core temperature of body called **hypothermia**.

331 (a)

A carcinogen is any substance, radionuclide, or radiation that is directly involved in causing cancer

332 (d)

Drugs like barbiturates, amphetamines, benzodiazepines, Lysergic Acid Diethyl (LSD) amides and other similar drugs, that are normally used as medicines to help patients cope with mental illnesses like depression and insomnia, are often abused

333 (a)

The foetus receives immunoglobulin from their mother, through placental. Passive immunity can occur naturally, when maternal antibodies are transferred to the foetus through the placental

334 (c)

Maintenance of personal hygiene by keeping the body clean, consuming clean drinking water, food, vegetables and fruits

335 **(d)**

Certain types of leukocytes (WBC) of our body like Polymorpho-Nuclear Leukocytes (PMNL-neutrophils), monocytes and natural killer (type of lymphocytes) in the blood as well as macrophages in tissues can phagocytose and destroy microbes. These all are cellular barriers

336 (b)

The WIDAL test is one of the most utilized diagnostic tests for typhoid fever

337 (c)

Concern to biomedical technologies, the given statements I and III are correct.

338 (c)

P. *papatassi* is an intermediate host, causes Tashkent-ulcers.

339 (d)

The major phagocytic cells are macrophages. Phagocytosis is the process of engulfing a solid particle by a phagocyte

340 (a)

Stomach clear out pathogen with the help of secreting HCl. Natural stomach's hydrochloric acid stimulates phagocytes

341 (a)

Mucosal Associated Lymphoid Tissue (MALT)

342 (c)

Ishihara chart is used o detect colour blindness.

343 (a)

A-Immune system, B-Allergic reactions, C-Histamine, D-Serotonin

344 (a)

A-Retrovirus, B-RNA, C-reverse transcriptase, D-RNA, E-DNA

345 (c)

Antigen binding site.

At the tip of each arm of the Y-shaped molecule is an area called the antigen binding site, which is formed by a portion of the heavy and light chains. Every immunoglobulin molecule has at least two of these sites, which are identical to one another

346 (b)

Condom(Nirodh) is formed by Hindustan Latex Ltd.

347 (d)

Interferon (a kind of protein) is a polypeptide produced by a T-cell infected with a virus that diffuses to surrounding cells and stimulates them to manufacture bio-chemicals that harm viral replication.

348 (b)





Genital herpes	Herpes simplex virus
Syphilis	Treponema pallidum
Chancroid	Haemophilus ducreyi
Genintal warts	Human papilloma virus (HPV)

349 (c)

Interferons.

Interferons block viral reproduction in healthy cells

350 (d)

In AIDS patients, the virus attacks on $CD_4 + T$ -cells (helper T-lymphocytes responsible for the coordination of the entire immune system), infecting and killing them until none are left. Without these crucial immune system cells, the body cannot mould a defence against invading bacteria or viruses.

351 (b)

In Hashimoto's disease, all the aspects of thyroid function are impaired. It is an autoimmune disease, in which the thyroid gland is destroyed by autoimmunity.

352 (a)

Syphilis is caused by *Treponema pallidum*, a spirochaete and spread by sexual contact. The symptoms include sores or painless ulcers on lips, fingers, nipples, penis, and vagina, etc. It is highly infectious.

353 (c)

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons are carcinogenic and thus, cause cancer.

354 (b)

When a particulate antigen is mixed with it's antibody in the presence of electrolytes at a suitable temperature and pH are converted into a mass of harmless, insoluble matter is known as agglutination.

355 (c

Measles is a viral disease while diphtheria, cholera and whooping cough are bacterial diseases.

356 (c)

Female infanticide is the main cause of decline in female population in India. In 1979, the pregnancy test was advertised. In Amritsar alone, during 1979-82 roughly 78,000 foetuses were aborted. In 1989-90 more than 7000 females were recorded to have been destroyed in Bombay alone. The figure in whole country is quite alarming.

357 (a)

Hepatitis is a viral infection of liver causing their inflammation. It is accompanied by loss of appetite, nausea, whitish stool, but orange brown urine and jaundice.

358 (a)

Tobacco contains large number of chemical substances including nicotine, an alkaloid. Nicotine stimulates adrenal gland to release adrenaline and nor-adrenaline into blood circulation, both of which raise blood pressure and increases the heart rate

359 (a)

Transformation of normal cells into cancerous neoplastic cells may be induced by physical, chemical or biological agents. These agents are called carcinogens. Ionizing radiations like X-rays and gamma rays and non-ionizing radiations like UV rays causes DNA damage leading to neoplastic transformation

360 (a)

Critical state of disease caused is called acme.

361 (a)

Edward Jenner (1796), an English physician prepared the first vaccine when he injected the fluid from the sore of milkmaid suffering from cowpox into the body of a healthy boy which when exposed later to smallpox, exhibited resistance to the disease.

Louis Pasteur (1879) found that ageing cultures of cholera bacteria were too weak to cause disease, when injected into chickens. But chickens injected with these cultures became immune of fowl-cholera. By using this method, Pasteur developed a vaccine against rabies in 1885.

362 (a)

First antibiotic (penicillin) was discovered by **Sir Alexander Fleming** in 1928 when was working with bacterium Staphylococcus aureus and a fungal contamination apparently inhibited such bacteria.

363 (d)

Different species of Plasmodium (*P. vivax, P. malariae, P. falciparum* and *P. ovale*) are responsible for different types of malaria

364 (a)

Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome

365 (d)

The population density of Arunachal Pradesh is minimum, *i.e.*, 13/km² (2001 census) and the population density of west Bengal is maximum in





India states, *i.e.*, 1072/ km². Therefore, Arunachal Pradesh is the sparsely populated state of India.

366 (b)

MRI yields the best pictorial from and does not expose the patient to potentially harmful ionizing radiations.

367 **(b)**

In India, marriageable age for girls is 18 years and for boys is 21 years.

368 (a)

Lymphocytes are the agranular leucocytes. They manufacture the serum globin and secrete antibodies. They play a key role in immunological reactions.

369 (a)

Symptoms of ringworm disease are

- (i) Dry and scaly lesions on skin, nails and scalp
- (ii) Lesions are accompanied by intense itching

370 **(b**)

The invasion of cancerous cells from one part to the other part by body fluid is called metastasis

371 (d)

The malignant tumours, is a mass of proliferating cells called neoplastic or tumour cells. These cells grow very rapidly, invading and damaging the surrounding normal tissues. As these cells actively divide and grow, they also starve the normal cells by competing for vital nutrients. Cells sloughed from such tumours reach distant sites through blood, and wherever they get lodged in the body, they start a new tumour there. This property called metastasis is the most feared property of malignant tumours

372 (a)

Innate immunity is inherited by the organisms from their parents and protects it from birth to throughout life. PMNL-neutrophils are example of innate immunity.

374 (d)

Leishmaniasis or Kala-azar is caused by Leishmania donovani. It spreads by sand fly. It is also known as dum-dum fever.

376 (b)

In passive immunity, the antibodies are produced in some other organisms (e.g., horse) in response to the given antigen. These antibodies are then injected into the human body at the time of need. This is known as inoculation, e.g., persons infected by tetanus, rabies, Salmonella and snake venom

are given the sufficient amount of antibodies, so that they can survive.

377 (a)

White blood corpuscles are rounded or amoeboid nucleated non-pigment cells. These cells involved in immune response of the body against disease.

378 (d)

Malignant Tumour is a cancerous Tumour. It shows metastasis and thus invades other body parts

The cancer causing agents are called carcinogens, e. g., Chemical agents – Aniline dyes
Physical agents – X-rays, Y-rays, UV-rays
Biological agents – Oncogenic viruses
Benign tumour is non-cancerous tumour. It is less fatal to the body

379 (d)

Gonorrhoea is caused by *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, a coccus Gram negative bacterium and spreads by sexual contact. Symptoms of gonorrhoea are fever, headache and general feeling of illness. Antibiotics like penicillin, streptomycin, etc, are effective against infection.

380 (d)

Electrocardiogram is the instrument used to record potential differences of heart muscles. To make an ECG recording, the patient lies quietly on his/her back on a table. Lead is placed on certain spots on the patient's chest. It is generally performed with six leads placed over the heart and three leads placed at certain points (one on each upper arm and one below a knee is common).

381 (a)

Typhoid fever is caused by a type of bacteria called *Salmonella typhi*. It is spread by contaminated food and water

382 (c)

X-rays are used in **CT-scan** (computed tomographic scanning). It uses X-rays but employs a computer for reconstructing the image instead of directly recording it on a photographic film.

383 (b)

Penicillin was discovered by **Alexander Fleming**. It was first anti-bacterial antibiotic, which is the product of *Penicillium notatum* and *P. chrysogenum*. It was widely used in second world war.

384 (d)



The side-effects of the use of anabolic steroids in females include masculinization (features like males), increased aggressiveness, mood swings, depression, abnormal menstrual cycles, excessive hair growth on the face and body; enlargement of clitoris, deepening of voice

385 (c)

Amphetamines (alpha methyl phenyl ethyl amines) are the synthetic stimulant drugs, which act as an activator of sympathetic nerves bringing about increased activity and alertness. These drugs are popular as peppills or antisleep kills and are addictive, e.g., methedrine, benzedrine, dexedrine, etc

386 (d)

Sterilization techniques of birth control are considered safest as these protect from infection also.

387 (b)

Aspirin is an antipyretic drug.

388 (c)

Alexander Fleming discovered the first antibiotic, penicillin while working, on *Staphylococcus* bacteria. However its full potential as in effective antibiotic was established much later by Ernst Chain and Howard florey. They were awarded the Nobel Prize in 1945 for this discovery.

389 (a)

Opium is the extract from the unripe capsules of poppy plant (*Papaver somniferum*) belongs to family-Papaveraceae. Its derivatives are morphine, codeine and heroin.

390 (a)

Most cancers are treated by combination of surgery, radiotherapy and chemotherapy

391 (a)

Cytotoxic T-cells cause the rejection of tissue and organ transplants. Killer T-cells, also called cytotoxic T-lymphocytes (CTLs)

392 (a)

A-Four, B-Two, C-Light, D-Two, E-Heavy, F-H₂L₂

393 (b)

Lymphocytes are a type of white blood cell, which are an important part of the immune system. Two special types of lymphocytes are present in our blood, *i.e.*, B-lymphocytes and T-lymphocytes. The B-lymphocytes produce an army of proteins in response to pathogen into our blood to fight with them. These proteins are called antibodies

394 **(b)**

Amniocentesis is misused for sex identification of an unborn baby, which finally leads to female infanticide.

395 (d)

Heroin or smack is a central nervous system depressant, which means it slows down brain function and affects breathing (which can slow down or even stop)

396 (d)

Emilia sonchifolia is used in eye inflammation and for curing night blindness.

397 (b)

Transmission of HIV infection generally occurs from infected mother to her child through placenta. An HIV-infected mother can transmit HIV to her baby during pregnancy, during labour and delivery, or by breast feeding

398 (c)

A single faulty cell may divide to form clone of identical cells forming an irregular mass called tumour. Tumour cells can break away and spread to other parts of the body particularly in the blood stream causing secondary tumour. This process is called **metastasis**. Tumour that spread and cause ill health and death are described as malignant.

399 (a)

Bone marrow provides the micro-environment for the development and maturation of T-lymphocytes

400 (a)

Smack is obtained by acetylation of morphine, which is extracted from the latex of poppy plant *Papaver somniferum*

401 (c)

Greenish Maurer's dots (not englarged) are found in the erythrocytes of man, if these are infected with *Plasmodium falciparum*.

402 (c)

IgE antibodies are produced in response to allergens. The substances, which produce an immune response in an individual are called allergens

403 (d)

There are five types of antibodies

Antibodies	Functions
IgA	Localized protection in
	external secretions
IgD	Antigen recognition by
	B-cells
IgE	



	It is involved in allergic
IgG	reaction
IgM	Complement activation
	Complement activation

404 (c)

Quartan malaria is caused by *Plasmodium malariae*, which is characterized by reoccurence of fever at interval of 72 hours. *P. malariae* has inculbation period of 18-24 days.

405 **(b)**

Composed of heavy and light polypeptide chains

406 (c)

HIV virus causes AIDS. It was first discovered in 1981 in a remote areas of central Africa

407 (d)

Techniques like radiography (Use of X-rays). CT (Computed Tomography) and MRI (Magnetic Resonance Imaging) are very useful to detect cancers of the internal organs

408 **(b)**

Plasmodium is a parasite. Malaria is caused by a protozoans, parasite *Plasmodium* and transmitted by mosquito

409 (a)

Physiological barriers like body temperature, pH of the body fluids and other body secretion prevent growth of several disease causing microorganisms. Certain kinds of cells, When infected with a virus release interferons (glycoproteins). Interferons (IFNs) make the cells resistant to viral infections.

410 (d)

Allograft is a transplant between the individuals of same species, but with different genetical background.

It is generally used as a temporary measure until the damaged tissue is able to repair itself.

411 (a)

IgE plays a major role in allergic reactions by sensitizing cells to certain antigens.

412 (c)

The primary and secondary immune responses are carried out with the help of two special types of lymphocytes present in our blood, *i.e.*, Blymphocytes and T-lymphocytes. The Blymphocytes produce an army of protein in response to pathogens into our blood to fight them. These proteins are called antibodies. Antibodies are protein molecules also called immunoglobins (lg)

413 (b)

Opium is obtained from poppy plant or *Papaver* somniferum (family-Papaveraceae).

414 (b)

Any agent or factor that induces cancer is called carcinogen carciogenic factor, *e.g.*, cadmium oxide, which induces prostate cancer. Chromium and nickel compounds induce lung cancer, while vinyl chloride and aflatoxins induce liver cancer.

415 (a)

Typhoid is caused by a rod-like motile bacterium named *Salmonella typhi*.

416 (a)

Toxins released from *Corynebacterium* diphtheriae causes diphtheria. Actually, bacterial cells do not contain gene for toxin production-a phage carries the gene for it. Only those lysogenised cells of C. diphtheriae which carry β —phage, can produce the toxin and cause diphtheria.

417 (d)

HIV can be transmitted from an infected person to another through. Blood (including menstrual blood), infected needles and synthesis, semen, sexual intercourse with infected person vaginal secretions, breast milk

418 **(b)**

Interferons (INFs) are group of three vertebrate glycoproteins (α, β, γ) . Out of these, two $(\alpha$ and $\beta)$ are produced within virally infected cells. Interferon induces, among adjacent cells, an antiviral state by including synthesis of the enzymes, which inhibit the viral reproduction cycle.

419 (d)

All of the above.

Modern-day life style has resulted in lowering of immunity and more sensitivity to allergens. More and more children in metro cities of India suffer from allergies and asthma due to sensitivity to the environment. This could be because of the protected environment provided early in life

420 (a)

Charas is the dried resinous extract from the flowering tops and leaves of *Cannabis sativa*. In some countries, it is called **hashish** It is a halluncinogen, which alters a person's thoughts, feelings and perceptions.

421 (a)





True, *Streptococcus pneumonia* and *Haemophilus influenza* are responsible for the disease pneumonia in humans, which infects the alveoli of the lungs. As a result of the infection, the alveoli get filled with fluid leading to severe problems in respiration

422 (a)

HIV is a causative agent of disease AIDS. ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immune Sorbent Assay) is used to test HIV infections. **Western blot test** is widely used confirmatory test for HIV infection.

423 (b)

Trachoma is not a cancer. It is an eye disease, due to infection of bacteria, *Chlamydia trachomatis*. There is increased redness with watery fluid secretion from eye.

424 (d)

DPT vaccine is given for three bacterial diseases, *i.e.*, diphtheria caused by *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*; pertussis or whooping cough caused by *Bordetella pertussis* and tetanus by *Clostridium tetani*.

425 (c)

Sickle cell anemia (in which RBCs become sickle-shaped and stiff) is a genetic disorder that is autosomal and linked to a recessive allele. It has not been eliminated from the African population because it provides immunity against malaria. People who are heterozygous for sickle cell allele are much less susceptible for *falciparum* malaria, which is one of main cause of illness and death in them. Thus, the sickle cell allele is maintained at high levels in populations where *falciparum* malaria is common.

426 (a)

Thymus provides the microenvironment for the development and maturation of T-lymphocytes

427 (a

Injection of some kind of globulins or antibodies provides artificially acquired passive immunity.

428 **(b)**

The tuberous roots of sarpagandha (*Rauwolffia serpentina*) are medicinally useful. They contain many alkaloids of which reserpine is most important. It lowers blood pressure. Besides, it cures diarrhoea and dysentery. The roots of ashwagandha (*Withania somnifera*) are used in treatment of rheumatism, cough, ulcers, and hiccups.

429 (a)

Acquired Immuno-Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) is a disorder of Human Immuno-Deficiency Virus (HIV). This disorder damages the immune system of human body.

430 (c)

Smoking causes inflammation of lung alveoli, which decreases surface area for gaseous exchange and causes emphysema.

431 (c)

Large intestine.

Entamoeba Histolytica is a parasite of the human large intestine, commonly contracted by ingesting contaminated water or food

432 (b)

Plague is a bacterial disease. It is caused by a rodshaped, non-motile, bacillus, *Pasteurella pestis*. It is spread through the bit of infected rat flea (*Xenopsylla cheopsis*) on lower extremities.

433 (b)

HIV,enters into T-lymphocytes, replicates and produces progeny viruses. The progenyviruses released in the blood and damagesother helper T-lymphocytes. This is repeated leading to a progressive decrease in the number of T-lymphocytes in the body of the infected person. During this period, the person suffers from bouts of feverdiarrhoeaand weight loss. The person starts suffering from infections.

434 (d)

The skin provides the first defense against invasion by pathogens, skin acts as a wall that keeps pathogens out of the body. Secretions of the oil and sweat glands within the dermis make the skin's surface-acidic, inhibiting the growth of many pathogens. Sweat also contains the enzyme lysozyme, which attacks and digests the cell walls of many bacteria

435 (d)

Symptoms of allergic reactions are sneezing, water eyes, running nose, difficulty in breathing, etc.

436 (a)

Interferons block viral reproduction in healthy cells. Measles is caused by the measles virus. Typhoid is a bacterial disease. Filariasis is a parasite disease (usually an infectious tropical disease) that is caused by thread-like nematodes. Malaria is caused by a protozoan (*Plasmodium* sp.) but carried by the

female Anopheles mosquito





437 (a)

Both (a) and (b).

HIV can be transmitted from an infected person to another through. Blood (including menstrual blood), infected needles and synthesis, semen, sexual intercourse with infected person vaginal secretions, breast milk

438 (c)

Population growth curve is the graphic representation of population growths by plotting number of individuals at different time intervals. The human population growth curve is S-shaped or sigmoid. It has three phases, *i.e.*, lag phase or slow phase or zero growth phase.

439 (d)

The infective stage of *Plasmodium*, inoculated into human blood by female *Anopheles* is a minute from called **sporozoite**. These are present in the saliva of female *Anopheles* mosquito.

440 (a)

ELISA stands for Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay. It is a test for detection of AIDS virus.

441 (a)

The disease elephantiasis is caused by *Wuchereria bancrofti,* a member of phylum-Aschelminthes. It is an endoparasite of humans that lives in the lymphatic system. The disease is marked by an excessive growth of connective tissue and enormous swelling of affected parts, such as the scrotum, legs, arms and more rarely the vulva and breasts.

442 (d)

Vaccines provide active immunity to disease

443 (a)

Hallucinogens include LSD, marijuana, mescaline, psilocybin, bhang, ganja, hashish, charas, etc, while narcotic drugs include opium and its derivatives such as morphine, codeine, herion, etc.

444 (a)

Physiological barriers to the entry of microorganisms in human body are tears in eyes, saliva in the mouth and HCl in stomach. The enzyme lysozyme is found in tears and saliva and inhibits the synthesis of peptidoglycan present in the cell wall of microorganisms especially eubacteria.

445 (a)

Amphetamines and cocaine are strong stimulants. Stimulants increase nerve activity in the brain by intitiating the release of noradrenaline.

446 (b)

Passive immunity involves either the transfer of antibodies or of WBCs from an immune to a non-immune person. It may be natural, *e.g.*, transferred from mother to child across the placenta or through mother's milk to the infant or artificial, *e.g.*, cultured antibodies, antivenoms etc.

447 (b)

Cancer is caused by loss of control over cell's reproduction capacity. Therefore, they are more easily damaged by radiations than normal cells.

448 (c)

When cattle are fed with spoilt hay to sweet clover, which contains dicumarol, these may suffer with vitamin-K deficiency which resulted into prolonged bleeding or even fatal haemorrhage.

449 (b)

In rheumatoid arthritis, the immune system mistakenly attacks its own cells. The ability to differentiate pathogens or foreign molecules from self cells is lost

450 (a)

Hypochondria is a somatoform disorder in which one has the unfounded belief that he or she is suffering from a serious illness. Anxiety is complex combination of the fleeing of fear, apprehension and worry. Mood is a characteristic feeling. Phobia is an uncontrol, irrational and fear of a specific object, situation or activity.

451 (d)

The most common warning signs of drug and alcohol abuse among youth include drop in academic performance, unexplained absence from school/college, lack of interest in personal hygiene, withdrawal, isolation, depression, fatigue, aggressive and rebellious behavior, deteriorating relationships with family and friends, loss of interest in hobbies, change in sleeping and eating habits, fluctuations in weight, appetite, etc.

452 (d)

Antigenic determinants or epitopes are those sites on antigens, which are recognized by antibodies and receptors present on T and B-cells. Each antigen determinant can stimulate the formation of a particular kind of antibody or cell. The antibody's antigen binding sites are located on the variable portion of the antibody. These sites help





antibodies to combine specifically with antigens in the manner of lock and key.

Hence, antigen determinants differ from antigen binding sites by their location, function and structure also.

453 (d)

Schistosoma haematobium is an endoparasite of man. It causes the haematuria. **Cercaria** is the infective stage causing haematuria.

454 (d)

Health is affected by genetic disorders, infections and life style. Non-infectious diseases are caused by factors such as genetics, environment, and life style

455 (a)

Normal cell have genes called cellular oncogenes, which are present in inactivated state but under certain conditions like mutation they get transformed to cancer causing oncogenes

456 (a)

Penicillin was discovered by **Alexander Fleming** from the fungus, *Penicillium notatum. Penicillium* is called green mould, which belongs to class-Ascomycetes. Today, penicillin is also obtained from P.*chrysogenum.*

457 (b)

Entamoeba histolytica.

Amoebiasis is an infection of intestine caused by the parasite *Entamoeba histolytica*

458 (d)

The use of drugs like anti-histamine, adrenaline and steroids quickly reduce the symptoms of allergy

459 (a)

The thymus is quite large at the time of birth but keeps reducing in size with age and by the time puberty is attained it reduces to a very small size

460 (d)

Nasal discharge.

Symptoms of amoebiasis disease include constipation, abdominal pain and cramps, stools with excess mucous and blood clots. Amoebiasis is an infection of the intestine caused by the parasite *Entamoeba hitolytica*

461 (d)

There is always a time lag between the infection and appearance of AIDS symptoms. This period

may vary from a few months to many years (usually 5-10 years)

462 (d)

Health is maintained by balanced diet, personal hygiene and regular exercise

463 (c)

Genetic screening is a part of genetic counselling, which includes prenatal diagnosis, carrier diagnosis and predictive diagnosis.

464 (d)

The electrical activity of exposed animal brain is recorded by electroencephalograph (EEG). It is useful to find out whether the person is alert awake or asleep.

465 (c)

Jaundice is a disease of liver and involves yellow coloration of the skin, mucous membranes and secretions resulting from hyperbilirubinemia.

466 (d)

T-lymphocytes originate in bone marrow from lymphatic stem cells and then young lymphocytes migrate into the thymus. After wards, they pass on to all the lymphoid tissues of the body and get loged there

467 (a)

Erythrocytic cycle of *Plasmodium* occurs in RBCs and beings when a cryptomerozoite or micrometacryptomerozoite enters into an RBC. After entering into RBC, a merozoite becomes, rounded disc-like young trophozoite. The accumulation of haemozoin granules (acquire trophozoite) and probably also some other toxic substances in blood causes the characteristic attack of malarial fever initially after about four erythrocytic cycles and than after each cycle.

468 (a)

A-Antigen binding site, B-Heavy chain, C-Light chain

469 (b)

Bacteria like *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and *Haemophilus influenzae* are responsible for the disease pneumonia.

Entamoeba hystolytica is protozoan parasite in the large intestine of human which causes amoebiasis (amoebic dysentery).

Plasmodium flacifarum causes malignant malaria. *Wuchereia bancrofti*, the filarial worm causes elephantiasis or filariasis.

Salmonella typhi is a pathogenic bacterium, which causes typhoid fever in human beings.





470 (d)

Pellagra is caused due to deficiency of vitamin- B_3 (niacin or nicotinic acid).

471 (d)

Myelogenous leukaemia is a type of leukaemia (white blood cancer). It begins by the cancerous production of young myelogenous cells from bone marrow and then spreads throughout the body.

472 (b)

Cyclosporin is an immuno suppressive drug obtained from fungus. It is used for organ transplant patients.

473 (a)

Many diseases such as, Kala-azar, visceral **leishmaniasis**, oriental sore, etc, are spread by **sand fly** (*Phlebotomus*) through its proboscis.

474 (a)

Symptoms of ascariasis disease includes internal bleeding, muscular pain, fever anaemia and blockage of the intestinal passage. Ascariasis is caused by an endoparasite of human, *Ascaris lumbricoids* commonly called roundworm

475 (c)

AIDS is a viral infection. HIV (Human Immuno Deficiency Virus), the virus that causes AIDS, was first discovered in 1981 in a remote area of Central Africa

476 (b)

Ascariasis is caused by an intestinal endoparasite of human, Ascaris lumbricoides, commonly known as roundworm

477 (a)

Yellow fever is caused by arbovirus (RNA virus), while dengue fever is caused by virus DEN₁, DEN₂, DEN₃ and DEN₄. Female tiger mosquito (*Aedes aegypti*) acts as a vector for both the diseases.

478 (a)

Modern-day life style has resulted in lowering of immunity and more sensitivity to allergens. More and more children in metro cities of India suffer from allergies and asthma due to sensitivity to the environment. This could be because of the protected environment provided early in life

479 **(a)**

Cancer is a non-infectious disease. It is the major cause of death in human

480 (a)

Malaria is caused by the toxins produced in the human body by the malaria parasite *Plasmodium*. The malarial parasites are carried from infected to healthy person by female *Anopheles* mosquito.

481 (b)

Haemozoin is released into blood during the infection of *Plasmodium vivax* at every 48 hr.

482 (c)

Innate immunity prevents entry of microorganisms into tissues or, once they have gained entry, eliminates them prior to the occurrence of disease. Acquired immunity occurs in response to an infection is called adaptive immunity as the immune system must adapt itself to previously unseen molecules

483 (a)

Human hepatitis-B virus vaccine was prepared by using antigen produced by recombinant technology in yeast (*Saccharomyces, cervisiae*)

484 **(b)**

Blood pressure is measured in mmHg by an instrument known as sphygmomanometer. The instrument was invented by an Italian Doctor **Riva Racci**.

485 (d)

Rabies, influenza and AIDS are viral diseases.
Amoebiasis, giardiasis and trypanosomasis are caused by Protozoa. Taeniasis, ascariasis and elephantiasis are the diseases caused by helminths but cancer, tuberculosis are tetuns are not related disease. Tuberculosis and tetanus are bacterial diseases while cancer is not.

486 (a)

Cocaine obtained from *Erythroxylon coca* (coca or cocaine) plant is useful to increase cardiovascular effects in human beings.

487 (b)

Monoclonal antibodies are highly specific antibodies derived from only one clone of a specific hybridoma cell. They recognize only one specific site of an antigen. These can be used in detecting allergies, diagnosing viral diseases and in detecting certain types of cancers. Monoclonal antibodies are now-a-days marketed as 'magic bullets' The idea of magic bullet was first proposed by Paul Ehrlich.

488 (a)





WBCs (Polymorpho-nuclear leukocytes and monocytes, natural killer lymphocytes) and macrophages, phagocytose and destroy microbes

489 (a)

Fat soluble vitamins are A, D, E and K. Deficiency of vitamin-A leads to night blindness or nyctalopia because vitamin-A is essential for the synthesis of visual pigment, rhodopsin.

490 (b)

AIDS was first reported in USA in 1981. In India, first case of AIDS was detected in Chennai in 1986, AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) is caused by Immuno deficiency Virus (HIV).

491 (b)

Immunological destruction of body tissue or product due to antibodies reacting with it as non self antigen is called autoimmune disease

492 (a)

Ascariasis is caused by an intestinal endoparasite of human, Ascaris lumbricoides, commonly called roundworm. Eggs of parasite are excreted along with faeces of infected person, which contaminate water, soil and plants. Infection takes place through contaminated vegetable, fruits and water

493 (b)

 ${\rm Fe^{2+}}$ is a component of haemoglobin, *i.e.*, iron and proteins are raw material for synthesis of haemoglobin and thus, also for RBCs. Deficiency of ${\rm Fe^{2+}}$ as well as protein, vitamin- ${\rm B_{12}}$ and folic acid can cause anaemia.

494 (d)

Typhoid is caused by bacterium, *Salmonella typhi*. The disease is spread by contaminated food and water through housefly.

495 (a)

AIDS is caused by Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). It is lentivirus belonging to the family-Retroviridae. The core of this lentivirus contains two single strands of RNA molecules, proteins and the enzyme reverse transcriptase

496 (d)

Neurasthenia is mental inability to concentrate on or enjoy things.

497 (c)

Grafting of tissue or organ between individuals of different species is called **xengraft**.

498 (d)

Passive immunity results when antibodies are produced by one individual and then acquired by another. The acquisition of the antibodies in

colostrum by an infant is an example of (naturally acquired) passive immunity; the crossing of the placenta by maternal antibodies is another example of naturally acquired passive immunity

499 (c)

In sonography (ultrasound imaging), inaudible high frequency of sound wave in he range of 1-15 MHz are used.

500 (d)

The two common tests used in the diagnosis of AIDS are Western Blot (culturing of blood and testing plasma for virus) and ELISA(Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Aaaay).

501 (a)

Eosinophils are non-phagocytic and play a role in immune system. T-cytotoxic cells (T_c —cells) are responsible for destruction of host cells, which are infected by pathogens thus, involve in cell mediated immunity.

503 (a)

Plasmodium life cycle is digenetic. *Plasmodium* completes its life cycle in two hosts (digenetic). *i.e.*, man and female *Anopheles* mosquito

504 (d)

Birth control will not only improve the gene pool but also reduce the rate of increase in human population, which is presently a big problem. Sterilization is an effective and safest method of birth control. Sterilization of man is done by vasectomy, in which the passage of sperms is blocked either by cutting or by putting ligatures around the male duct (vasa deferentia). On the other hand, the sterilization in woman is called tubectomy where the passage of ova is blocked in fallopian tubes either by cutting or by ligaturing these tubes.

505 (c)

AIDS disease is caused by the member of retrovirus group. The genome of retroviruses is made up of RNA and each virus has two single chains of RNA. In the viral envelopes, the outer coat of the virus, consisting of two layers of lipids with various proteins embedded in it

506 (d)

The term 'physical carcinogens' includes a wide range of agents. Ionizing radiations like X-rays and gamma rays and non-ionizing radiations like UV rays causes DNA damage leading to neoplastic transformation

507 (a)





Active immunity is an immunity. In which the body produce antibody for itself as a response to specific harmful substances

508 (d)

ELISA test can be used to measure either antigen or antibody. For the detection of antibodies, following three assays are used:

- (i)Competitive ELISA
- (ii)Indirect or sandwich ELISA
- (iii) Antibody class captive ELISA.

509 (c)

Lymphocytes.

Lymphocytes are a type of white blood cell, which are an important part of the immune system. Two special types of lymphocytes are present in our blood, *i.e.*, B-lymphocytes and T-lymphocytes. The B-lymphocytes produce an army of proteins in response to pathogen into our blood to fight with them. These proteins are called antibodies

510 (c)

Parkinson's disease is caused by dopamine deficiency. Dopamine is a neurotransmitter and released from a presynaptic neuron that interact with specific receptor sites of a post synaptic neuron.

511 (b)

Organism	Disease
Bacteria	Tetanus
Virus	Polio
Fungi	Ringworm
Mycoplasma	Pleuropneumonia

512 (b)

Interferons block viral reproduction in healthy cells through the production of antiviral protiens

513 (a)

Five different types of antibodies are produced in our body. IgD, IgA, IgM, IgE, IgG are some of them. Because, these antibodies are found in the blood so, the response is also called as humoral immune response

514 (d)

Monoclonal antibodies against cancer-specific antigens are also used for detection of certain cancer

The tumour cells are removed with the help of surgery to check the spread of cancerous cells

Cancerous cells are killed by several chemotherapeutic drugs. These drugs exhibit side effects like hair loss, anaemia.

In immunotherapy, biological modifiers like α -interferons are used, which activate the immune system and help in destroying the tumour

515 (a)

The type of antibody present in colostrums secreted by mammary gland during the initial days of lactation is IgA. Colostrum is the first fluid secreted by the mammary glands after childbirth

516 (c)

Asthma is a respiratory disorder. It is caused by foreign allergens and dust particles present in the air passing through it. The pollen grains present in air can cause asthmatic attacks in certain seasons.

517 (c)

Intermediate host of *Wuchereria* is female *Culex* mosquito

518 (d)

The body's first line of defense against pathogens uses mostly physical and chemical barriers such as sweat, skin tears mucus, stomach acid, and so on

519 (b)

If a quick immune response is needed as in tetanus infection, preformed antibodies or antitoxin is injected into the patient. This type of immunization is called passive immunization

520 (c)

The full from of SCID is Severe Combined Immuno Deficiency, which is a disease of immune system.

521 (d)

Trichomoniasis is a sexually transmitted disease. It is caused by *Trichomonas vaginalis*. Malaria is caused by *Plasmodium* sp. and cancer is a large and complex family of malignancies. It usually develops from a normal cells that has changed or mutated. Pneumonia caused by *Diplococcus pneumoniae*.

522 (d)

Symptoms of amoebiasis disease include constipation, abdominal pain and cramps, stools with excess mucous and blood clots. Amoebiasis is an infection of the intestine caused by the parasite *Entamoeba hitolytica*

523 (a)

LSD causes chromosomal and foetal abnormalities.



524 **(b)**

Electroenecephalography (EEG) is the graphic representation of the electrical activity of brain cells that are picked up by electrodes placed on the scalp.

526 (c)

The B-lymphocytes (types of WBC) produce an army of proteins in response to pathogens into our blood to fight with them. These proteins are called antibodies

527 (c)

AIDS virus spreads by decreasing helper T-cells present in blood.

528 (b)

Syphilis is a sexually transmitted disease. It is caused by spirochaete bacterium Treponema pallidum. It affects the mucous membranes in genital, rectal and oral regions and causes lesions.

529 (d)

Cocaine is obtained from coca plant Erythroxylum coca. It interferes with the transport of the neurotransmitter dopamine. Cocaine, commonly called coke or crack is usually snorted, it has a potent stimulating action on central nervous system, producing a sense of euphoria and increased energy. Excessive dosage of cocaine causes hallucinations

530 (a)

Typhoid.

Typhoid fever is caused by a type of bacteria called Salmonella typhi. It is spread by contaminated food and water

531 **(b)**

Neem seed oil is used for external application in the cure of leprosy.

532 (a)

Plasmodium sp	Incubation Period
Plasmodium vivax	12-14 days
Plasmodium malariae	18-24 days
Plasmodium ovale	14 days
Plasmodium falcippparum	12 days

533 **(c)**

In non-compatible blood transfusion, the antibody dependent cytotoxicity is seen.

534 (d)

The letter T in T-lymphocytes refers to thymus. Thymus is haemopoietic as well as an endocrine gland. Thymus is the 'seedbed' of thymic lymphocytes (T- lymphocytes). Certain stem cells, 542 (a)

originating in yolk sac and liver in early embryo, but only in bone marrow in late embryo, migrate into the thymus and proliferate to form a large number of lymphocytes.

535 (b)

Elephantiasis or filariasis is a pathogenic disease. Its pathogen is Wuchereria bancrofti and infection occurs by the bit of Culex mosquitoes

536 (d)

In most severe cases, nausea and vomiting is caused by radiations in an hour or two. The blood cells are damaged. Most of hair fall out in about two weeks. The death results from damage of blood cells.

537 (d)

The amniocentesis technique has been developed for detecting abnormalities by analysing chromosomal defects or aberration of the foetus.

538 (c)

The correct matching pairs are

pathogen	Disease
Leishmania donovani	Kala-azar
Wuchereria bancrofti	Filariasis
Trypanosoma gambiense	Sleeping sickness
Entamoeba histolytica	Amoebiasis

539 (a)

Morphine is white crystalline, bitter narcotic principal alkaloid of opium. It is used in medicine as hydrochloride or sulphate to dull pain, sedation and induce sleep.

540 (b)

Ultrasound is produced by lead zirconate. It is based on the principle when an electric potential is applied to crystals of lead zirconate, they get excited start vibrating. These librations are the sound of the production of ultra sound.

541 (c)

Thymus gland (concerned with immunological functions) concerns with AIDS because AIDS is a chronic life threatening disorder which damages the human body's immune system. It is characterized by the reduction in the number of helper T-lymphocytes.

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LSD (Lysergic acid diethylamide) is one of the most dangerous hallucinogens of modern times, derived from ergot fungus *Claviceps purpurea*.

543 (a)

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) is a form of inflammatory arthritis and an auto-immune disease

544 (b)

Cataract is an eye disorder in old age, in which the flexibility of the lens declines so, that the lens become less convex on both sides.

Simultaneously, it may become somewhat opaque, acquire an amber colour and increased in its density.

545 (d)

Tuberculosis (TB) is caused by a rod-shaped bacterium named *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. It commonly affects the lungs. The bacteria damage tissues and release a toxin named tuberculin.

546 (a)

IgA is predominantly found in seromucous secretions such as saliva, tear, colostrums, milk. It is effective against a number of antigens, providing local immunity.

547 (d)

Mosquitoes are carriers of
Malaria – Anopheles mosquito (female)
Filariasis – Culex (female)
Yellow fever – Aedes (female)

548 **(b)**

Communicable diseases are transferred from one diseased person to a normal person. Amoebiasis (protozoan disease) is a communicable disease.

549 **(b)**

Plasmodium completes its life cycle in two hosts (digenetic) *i.e.*, Man and female Anopheles mosquito

550 **(c)**

Mammalian thymus is a bilobed lymphoid organ situated in front of heart in the upper part of sternum. Thymus is especially important before puberty for its role in the developing immune system.

551 **(b)**

Filariasis (Elephantiasis) is caused by *Wuchereria bancrofti*. This dissease is charecterized by swelling of the legs, scrotum and some other parts of the body.

552 (d)

Transmission of HIV-infection generally occurs by sexual contact with infected person, by transfusion of contaminated blood and blood products, by sharing infected needles as in the case of intravenous drug abusers and from infected mother to her child through placenta

553 (c)

Name of Disease	Caused By
ТВ	Bacteria;
Small pox	Mycobacterium
	tuberculosis DNA containing variola virus(completely eradicated disease)
Diphtheria	Bacteria; Corynebacterium diphtheriae

554 (a)

Alcohol can cause inflammation in the liver. Over time, scarring and cirrhosis can occur. Cirrhosis is the final phase of alcoholic liver disease

555 (d)

Hepatitis-D is caused by a Hepatitis-D virus (HDV), which is found in nature only as a co-infection with HBV(Hepatitis-B virus).

556 (d)

Cocaine is a strong stimulant and when taken in overdose causes headache, convulsions hallucination and death due to cardiovascular or respiratory failure

557 (d)

Elephantiasis is caused by filarial worm *Wuchereria bancrofti* and *W. malayi*. In elephantiasis, the legs become very heavy stout and elephant-like. It spreads by the bite of female *Culex* mosquitoes

558 (b)

Diethyl stilbestrol causes cancer of vagina, while cadmium oxide causes prostate gland cancer, afflatoxin and vinyl chloride cause cancer of liver.

559 (d)

Cyclosporine-A is a bioactive molecule and used as an immunosuppressive agent in organtransplant patients. It is produced by the fungus, *Trichoderma polysporum*.

Column I	Column II
Epilepsy	Irregular electrical discharge in the neurons
Alzherimer's disease	Decreased production of acetylcholine



Parkinsons's disease	Degeneration of dopamine releasing neurons
Huntington's chorea	Degeneration of neurons in the cerebral cortex

561 (b)

When the number of individuals added to the population (natality) equals the number of individuals lost (mortality), the population remains constant or show zero population growth.

563 (d)

Tuberculosis is an infectious bacterial disease caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

564 (d)

When an infected female *Anopheles* bites a healthy person, *Plasmodium* in the form of 'Sporozoits' are transmitted from saliva of mosquito into the human body

565 (c)

The lymph nodes are small solid structures located at different points along the lymphatic system. Lymph nodes serve to trap the microorganisms or other antigens, which happen to get into the lymph and tissue fluid

566 (d)

When a host is exposed to antigens. Which may be in the form of living or dead microbes or proteins, antibodies are produced in the host body. This type of immunity is called active immunity. All the three options are *via* media through, which an antigen enters into host body

567 (c)

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) distinguishes between water poor and water rich tissues. So, this technique is used in the analysis of metabolic and physiological process of tissues.

568 (a)

Chewing of tobacco causes oral cancer, which becomes fatal in extreme conditions

569 (b)

In acquired passive immunity, antibodies from one individual are passed into another individual. It may be natural, *e.g.*, transferred from mother to child across the placenta and through colostrum or artificial, *e.g.*, immunity acquired by antibodies (cultured in horse), antivenin etc.

570 (a)

ECG or Electrocardiograph is a graphic record of the electric current produced by the excitation of the cardiac muscles, for disease diagnosis. This is composed of P-wave, a QRS complex and a Twave.The QRS comlex has 3 separate Q, R and S waves.

P-wave______ Depolarization of atria, produced by the activation of SA node.

QRS complex_____ Depolarization of ventricles.

PQ _____ Impulse travel through atria, AV-node and rest of the conducting tissues.

RS _____ Spread of excitation from AV-node to Purkinje fibres.

T-wave ____ Repolarization of ventricles or ventricular relaxation (diastole).

571 (b)

The uncontrolled division or proliferation of cells without any differentiation is called cancer

572 (a)

The carnivorous fish used for eradication of mosquito larva in stagnated water is *Gambusia*. *Gambusia* is a large genus of fish in family-Poecilidae (order-Cyprinodontiformes)

573 (a)

Anxiety disorders develop when there is an over reaction or phobia to stressful events. These are associated with a range of unpleasant bodily symptoms including nausea, palpitation, trembling, muscle tension and diarrhoea.

574 (a)

Schistosoma mansoni is the common human blood fluke. It belongs to class-Trematoda of Platyhelminthes. Blood fluke is digenetic parasite, the primary host of which is man and secondary host snail.

575 (a)

In males drugs includes acne, increased aggressiveness, mood swings, depression and reduction of size of the testicles, decreased sperm production, potential for kidney and liver dysfunction, breast enlargement, premature baldness, enlargement of the prostate gland

576 (b)

Tumour suppressor gene normally keeps mitosis in check and prevent cancer from occurring. This gene must be inactivated, altered or removed to control cell cycle and prevent cancer.





PCR is a technique in which a small fragment of DNA is rapidly cloned or duplicated to produce multiple DNA copies.

Thus, it helps in the diagnosis of a genetical disorder. This technique was conceived by American biochemist Kary B Mullis.

578 (a)

The leukocytes or white blood cells, defend the body against infecting organisms and foreign agents

579 (b)

Bacilli Calmette Guerin (BCG) is the vaccine for tuberculosis. It was first used in 1921. BCG is the only vaccines available today for protection against tuberculosis. It is most effective in protecting children from the disease. BCG contains a live attenuated (weakened) strain of Mycobacterium bravis. This vaccine was developed by Clamette and Guerin at Pasteur Institutes, Paris.

580 (d)

Smoking is associated with increased incidence of 589 (b) cancers of lung, urinary bladder and throat, bronchitis, emphysema, coronary heart disease, gastric ulcer, etc. Tobacco chewing is associated with increased risk of cancer of the oral cavity

Malaria is caused by Protozoa Plasmodium and transmitted by mosquito (Anopheles)

582 **(b)**

In india, the population control programme launched in April 1976.

583 (d)

Tuberculosis is caused by Gram-positive, acid fast bacillus Mycobacterium tuberculosis and the leprosy is caused by Mycobacterium leprae. The acid fast properties of all mycobacteria result from the waxy mycolic acid constituent of the cell wall.

584 (c)

Hela cells are cancer cells taken from Miss Hanrietta Lacks suffering from cervical cancer. These are an uploids and maintained in tissue culture since 1953. The cells are used widely in research. The cells divide and double their number in every 24 hours.

585 (a)

Malaria is caused by a protozoan Plasmodium (P. vivax, P. malariae, P. falciparum and P. ovale)

586 (d)

Diabetes mellitus is a non-communicable disease. It is characterized by chronic hyperglycemia, which is excessive concentration of glucose in the blood. Diabetes is primarily. A result of relative or complete lack of insulin secretion by the β –cells of islets of Langerhans in pancreas.

587 (d)

Innate immunity is also known as inborn/familial/natural or genetic immunity. Innate immunity is non-specific type of defence that is present at the time of birth

588 (d)

In AIDS patients, HIV virus reduces the number of helper T-cells.

HIV enters into helper T-lymphocytes (TH), replicates and produce progeny viruses. The progeny viruses released in the blood attack other helper T-lymphocytes. This process is repeated several times, leading to a progressive decrease in the number of helper T-lymphocytes in the body of the infected person

VCRC stands for Vector Control Research Centre situated at Pondicherry.

590 (b)

Quinine is obtained from the bark of Cinchona officinalis (family-Rubiaceae). The bark of this plant contains about 30 alkaloids including quinine, cinchonine, quinidine and cichonidine. It is used for the treatment of malaria fever.

591 (a)

Carcinoma is the cancer of epithelial cells that covers external body surfaces (skin) and the lining of body organs. While the cancer of muscle is sarcoma, cancer of lymph glands is lymphoma and cancer of blood cells is leukaemia.

592 (d)

Immunoglobulin M (IgM) is the largest Ig. It is the first Ig produced in a primary response to an antigen and is frequently seen in the immune responses to antigenically complex organisms like viruses and bacteria.

593 (b)

Peyer's is patch is any of the nodules of lymphatic cells that aggregate to form bundles or patches and occur usually in the lowest portion (ileum) of the small intestine

594 (a)





The filariasis pathogens are transmitted to a healthy person through the bite of female mosquito (*Culex*) vectors

595 (b)

Electroporation and biolistics are two physical methods for gene transfection. In biolistics, DNA is coated on to the surface of tiny metal particles usually tungeston or gold, which is then shot into the cells.

596 (d)

Malaria is a protozoan disease. It caused by the protozoan *Plasmodium* sp.

597 (d)

The number of helper T-lymphocytes progressively decreases in the body of the infected persons. With the decrease in number of T-cells, the immunity also decreases. Due to this person is stable to produce any immunity even against common bacteria like *Mycobacterium*, parasites like *Toxoplasma*, viruses and fungi. National AIDS Control Organisation (NACO) established in 1991 and other Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs) educate people about AIDS

598 (d)

ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay), also known as an Enzyme Immuno Assay (EIA), is a biochemical technique used mainly in immunology to detect the presence of an antibody of an antigen in a sample. It is a useful tool for determining serum antibody concentrations (such as with the HIV test). The ELISA was the first screening test widely used for HIV because of its high sensitivity.

599 (b)

'Prions' are the infective proteinaceous particles. This term was proposed by Prusiner. Prions cause some neurological diseases in animals (including humans), e.g., Mad cow disease in cattle and in humans, it causes Kuru diseases, Kreutzfeldt-Jacob disease, etc.

600 (c)

Normal cells shows the property of contact inhibition. Normal somatic cells when grown in culture becomes growth inhibited when they encounter another cell. Cancerous cells lost the property of contact inhibition

601 (c)

The T-lymphocytes mediate Cell Mediated Immune System (CMI). The B-lymphocytes produce an army of proteins in response to pathogens into our blood to fight with them. These proteins are called antibodies. The T-cells themselves do not secrete antibodies but help B-cells produce them

602 **(b)**

HIV was first isolated by Montagnier *et. al* in the pasteue institute of paris

603 (b)

Many investigators have plotted size or weight of an organism against time producing a growth curve (a simple S-shaped curves). It shows the first lag phase or phase of slow growth, second phase of exponential growth, third phase of diminishing growth and last stationary phase.

604 (a)

Ascaris is a genus of parasitic nematode worms known as the 'small intestine roundworms'

605 (a)

The thymus gland secretes thymosin hormone, which stimulates the development of certain kinds of white blood cells involved in producing immunity.

606 (d)

Sustained high fever, weakness, stomach pain, constipation, headache and loss of appetite are some of the common symptoms of typhoid. It is confirmed by WIDAL test

607 (a)

A-Auto-immunity, B-Auto-immune disease, C-Rheumatoid arthritis

608 (a)

NACO stands for National AIDS control organization. It was established in 1991

609 (d)

Ringworm is a skin infection caused by a fungus species of *Microsporum, Epidermophyton* or *Trichophyton*

611 (d)

Both statements (I) and (II) are correct.

612 **(b)**

Cyclosporin is an immuno suppressant. It is a chemical which suppresses immune reaction of the body towards transplanted organs thus, it prevents the rejection of organ transplanting in humans.

613 (d)

Anaemia refers to any condition in which there is an abnormally low haemoglobin concentration and/or blood cell count. The most common cause is deficiency of iorn, which is an essential element





of haemoglobin molecule. Thus, the iorn compounds in the diet will help to alleviate the symptoms of anaemia.

614 (c)

The inability to distinguish between self cells and non-self cells may lead to auto-immune disease. Auto-immune diseases arise from an inappropriate immune response of the body

against substances and tissues normally present in the body (auto-immunity)

615 (c)

Allergy is due to the release of chemicals like histamine and serotonin from the mast cells. Histamine and serotonin are the most abundant and fastest chemical released by mast cell

